Multisite Demonstration of Conservation Management Practices for Soil Health and GHG Emissions Reduction

UCCE: Brenna Aegerter, Michelle Leinfelder-Miles, Sarah

Light, Amber Vinchesi-Vahl, and Scott Stoddard

UCD: William Horwath, Geoffrey Koch, Veronica Romero

UCD & UCCE: Jeff Mitchell



Cooperative Extension



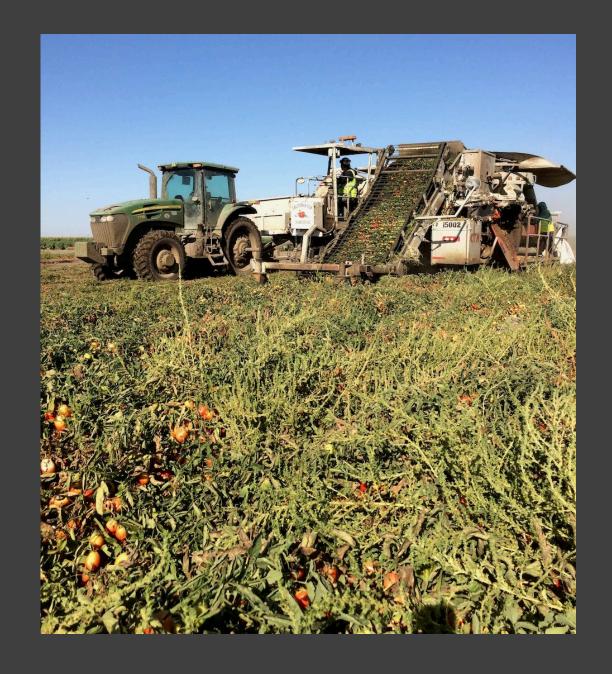




Municipal Compost and Tomato Production

Objective: evaluate the impact on soil, crop, and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from the application of municipal compost on processing tomatoes.

- Jeff Mitchell & Scott Stoddard, UCCE
- Derick Azevedo, Bowles Farming Company, Inc., Los Banos, CA





Methods

• Commercial tomatoes, near Dos Palos, CA

• 2019: N6428

• 2020: H4707

 Municipal compost at 0, 15, and 30 tons/A applied in November 2017, 2018, 2019

About 1.2% N

• 17 – 36% moisture

• Estimated N: 12 to 24 lbs/A/yr



Soil parameters monitored

Annual sampling

At different depths from 0" to 36"

Analysis:

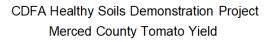
- bulk density
- pH
- Total C & N
- Wet aggregate stability
- E.C.
- PoxC (active carbon)

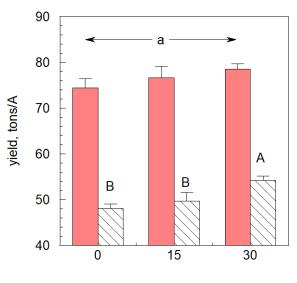
Monthly sampling

At 0" to 6"

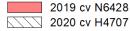
Analysis:

- Greenhouse gas (CO₂, CH₄, N₂O)
- Ammonium (NH₄)
- Nitrate (NO₃)
- Moisture

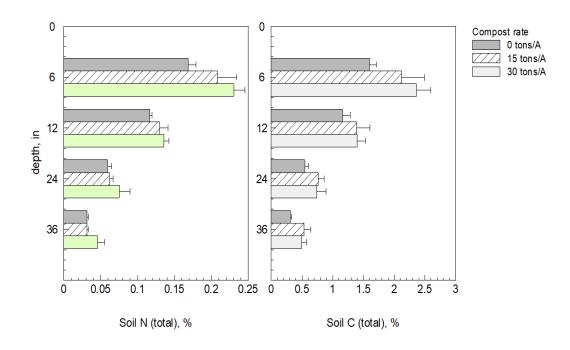




compost rate, tons/A

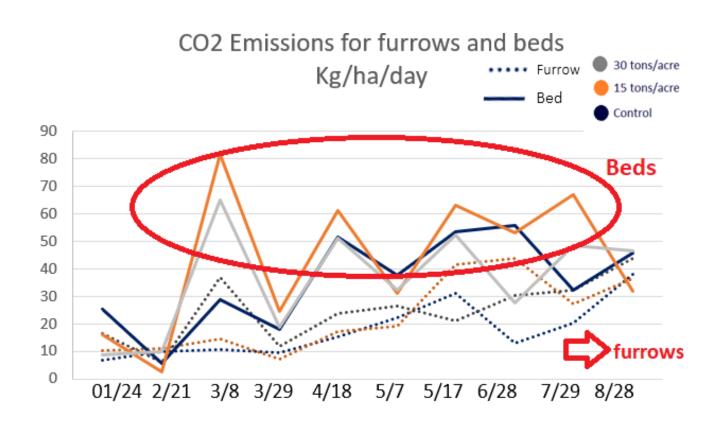


CDFA Demonstration Project Merced County 2020

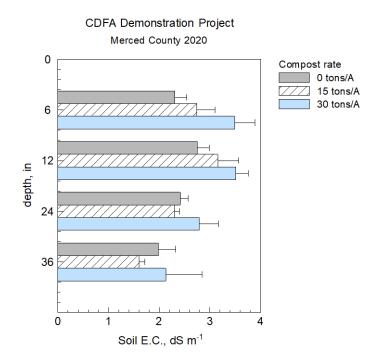


Results: Yield and Soil C

Carbon dioxide Emissions (CO₂)



- No clear difference in GHG emissions between compost treatments.
 - Compost usually increased GHG over UTC
- The beds emitted more GHGs compared to the furrows
- Less moisture in the furrows decreased GHG emissions of the overall field compared to other irrigation systems.



Simple budget (2020 results only)

incre	ased returr	n c	ompost			
\$/A		\$/A		total \$/A		return, \$/A
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,847.79	\$ -
\$	130.02	\$	317.64	\$	3,660.17	\$ (187.62)
\$	491.47	\$	530.93	\$	3,808.33	\$ (39.46)
Tomatoes compost cost		\$80 per ton \$23.50/ton and \$67.71/A application				



Concerns

