This does not constitute a formal recommendation. When using herbicides always read the label, and when in doubt consult your farm advisor or county agent.

This is an excerpt from the book Weed Control in Natural Areas in the Western United States and is available wholesale through the UC Weed Research & Information Center (wric.ucdavis.edu) or retail through the Western Society of Weed Science (wsweedscience.org) or the California Invasive Species Council (cal-ipc.org).

Elodea canadensis

Common elodea

Family: Hydrocharitaceae (water weed)

NON-CHEMICAL CONTROL		
Biological: grass carp	Ε	
Cultural: benthic barrier	G	if barriers are in place by early spring
<i>Cultural</i> : drawdown	F	unless drawdown allows complete drying of sediments for several weeks. Seed may survive.
Cultural: shading	Ρ	Plants are well adapted to low light. (Some dyes can be useful if applied early and often)
Mechanical: cutting	F	but will stimulate regrowth and fragments will spread the plant
Mechanical: hand pulling or vacuuming	G	

CHEMICAL CONTROL

The following specific use information is based on published papers and reports by researchers and land managers. Other trade names may be available, and other compounds also are labeled for this weed. Directions for use may vary between brands; see label before use.

Dye:		Herbicide:	
Aquashade	Р	2,4-D	E
		Acrolein	NIA
		Bispyribac-sodium	NIA
		Copper formulations	Р
		Diquat	G
		Endothall	P
		Flumioxazin	G
		Fluridone	F* partial control
		Glyphosate	G
		Imazamox	E
		Imazapyr	E
		Penoxsulam	G*
		Triclopyr	G*
			-
E = Excellent control, generally better than 95%			Control includes effects within the se
G = Good control, 80-95%			Control is followed by best timing, if
F = Fair control, 50-80%			Likely based on results of obs

Ρ = Poor control, below 50% ason of treatment.

- known, when efficacy is ${\sf E}$ or ${\sf G}$. ervations of related species
- NIA = No information available

RECOMMENDED CITATION: DiTomaso, J.M., G.B. Kyser et al. 2013. Weed Control in Natural Areas in the Western United States. Weed Research and Information Center, University of California. 544 pp.