This does not constitute a formal recommendation. When using herbicides always read the label, and when in doubt consult your farm advisor or county agent.

This is an excerpt from the book Weed Control in Natural Areas in the Western United States and is available wholesale through the UC Weed Research & Information Center (wric.ucdavis.edu) or retail through the Western Society of Weed Science (wsweedscience.org) or the California Invasive Species Council (cal-ipc.org).

Pyracantha spp.

Pyracanthas or firethorns

Family: Rosaceae (rose)

NON-CHEMICAL CONTROL

Cultural: grazing	P	very thorny
Cultural: prescribed burning	P	will resprout
Mechanical: hand removal, weed wrench, cutting	G	weed wrench can be used to remove young plants
Mechanical: heavy equipment removal	NIA	

CHEMICAL CONTROL

INJ = stem injection

The following specific use information is based on published papers and reports by researchers and land managers. Other trade names may be available, and other compounds also are labeled for this weed. Directions for use may vary between brands; see label before use.

2,4-D	F*	fully leaved out
Glyphosate	E	CS, INJ, Su, Fa
Hexazinone	E*	
Imazapyr	E	CS, INJ, Su, Fa
Picloram	E	Sp or Fa mixed with 2,4-D (FOL) or triclopyr (BB, CS, FOL)
Tebuthiuron	E*	may need high labeled rate
Triclopyr	F-G	BB
	G	FOL. CS

Control includes effects within the season of treatment. = Excellent control, generally better than 95% Control is followed by best timing, if known, when efficacy is \mathbf{E} or \mathbf{G} . **G** = Good control, 80-95% = Likely based on results of observations of related species F = Fair control, 50-80% = Poor control, below 50% Possible application methods FLW = flowering BB = basal bark NIA = No information available = cut stump = Fall FOL = foliar = Spring Sp

= Summer

RECOMMENDED CITATION: DiTomaso, J.M., G.B. Kyser et al. 2013. Weed Control in Natural Areas in the Western United States. Weed Research and Information Center, University of California. 544 pp.

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