

*North San Joaquin Valley Almond Day*  
*Modesto, January 28, 2010*

# New Information on Navel Orangeworm Management

Frank Zalom  
Department of Entomology  
University of California, Davis

# USDA-ARS Navel Orangeworm Areawide Project



Different problems in different parts of the Central Valley.

Purpose - to validate and promote viable management schemes

# USDA-ARS Navel Orangeworm Areawide Project

- Improved sanitation
- Mating disruption
- Selective insecticides
- Damage prediction

# USDA-ARS Navel Orangeworm Areawide Project

- Improved sanitation
- Mating disruption
- Selective insecticides
- Damage prediction

Teaching tool -

<http://www.almondboard.com/NOWpredictor>

# USDA-ARS Navel Orangeworm Areawide Project

<http://www.almondboard.com/NOWpredictor>

Predicts damage to Nonpareil nuts based on parameter estimates:

## CORRELATIONS

Previous Nonpareil Damage: 0.468

Ground Mummies per Tree: 0.196

Tree Mummies per Tree: 0.150

Peach Twig Borer Damage: 0.089

Distance from Pistachios (feet): ??

Data from Paramount Farming, Kern Co.

# USDA-ARS Navel Orangeworm Areawide Project

Three regions:

- North (San Joaquin to Butte Co.)
- Central (Fresno and Madera Co.)
  - Joel Siegel, USDA-ARS, Parlier
- South (Kern Co.)
  - Brad Higbee, Paramount Farming

# Navel Orangeworm Areawide Project, Almonds Northern Region, Initiated Fall, 2008

## *Purpose -*

Validate effects of orchard sanitation, mummy load, harvest timing, and navel orangeworm (NOW) development on the risk of NOW damage in the northern region as it will relate to cultural controls, reduced-risk insecticides and mating disruption.

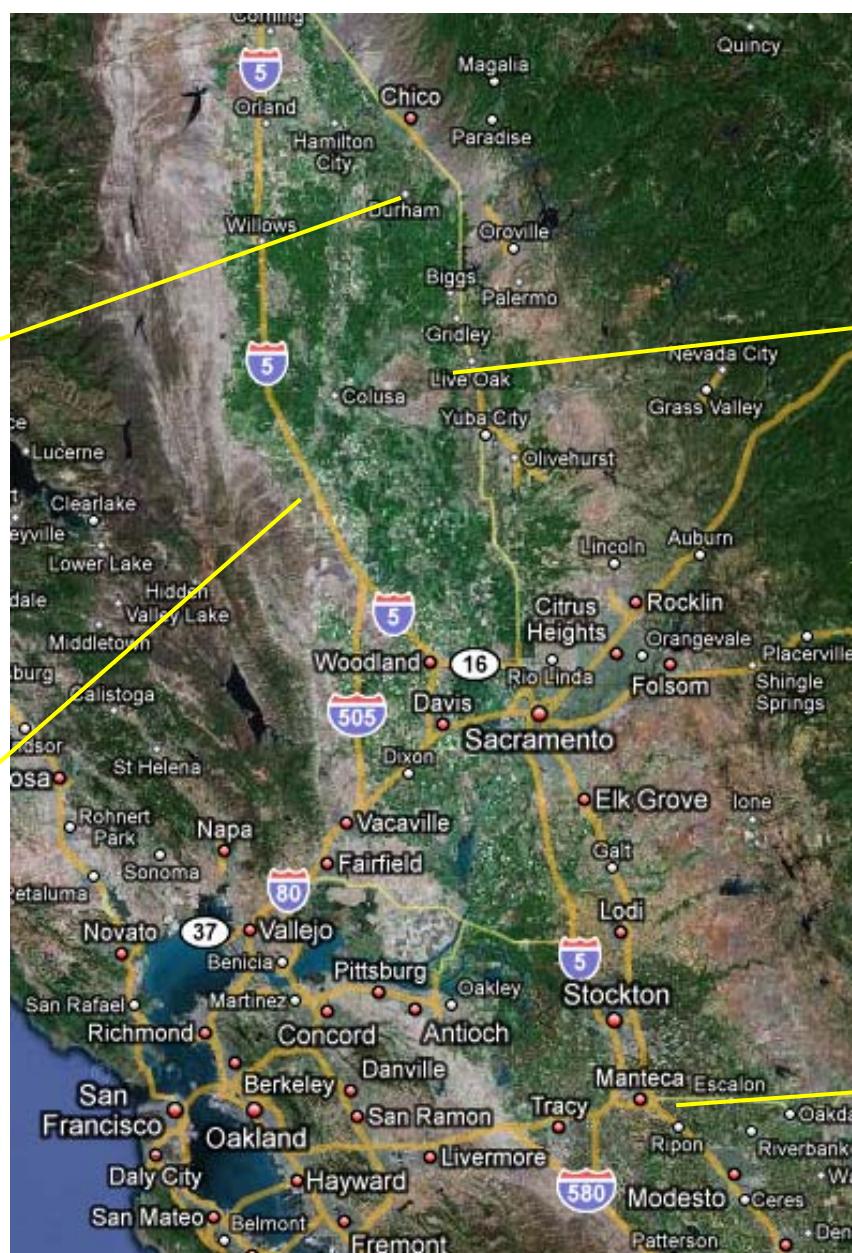
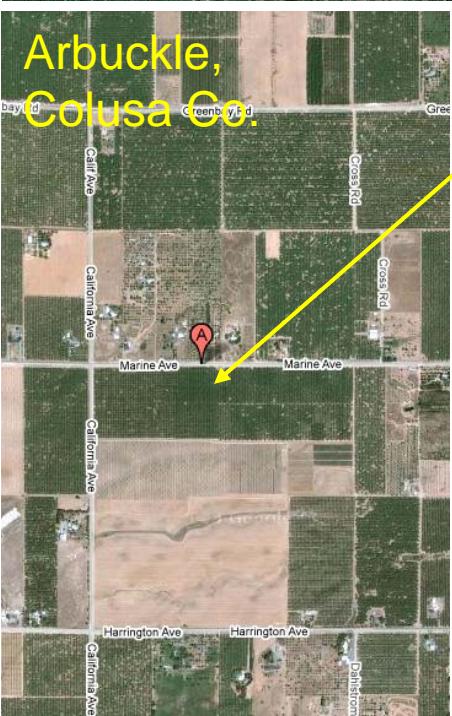
## *Approach -*

Standardized protocols were implemented at 4 sites to validate and quantify parameters in the northern region for the NOW damage prediction model.

## Durham, Butte Co.



# Arbuckle, Colusa Co.



# Live Oak, Sutter Co.



## Manteca, San Joaquin Co.



Durham, Butte Co.



Live Oak, Sutter Co.



Arbuckle, Colusa Co.



Manteca, San Joaquin Co.

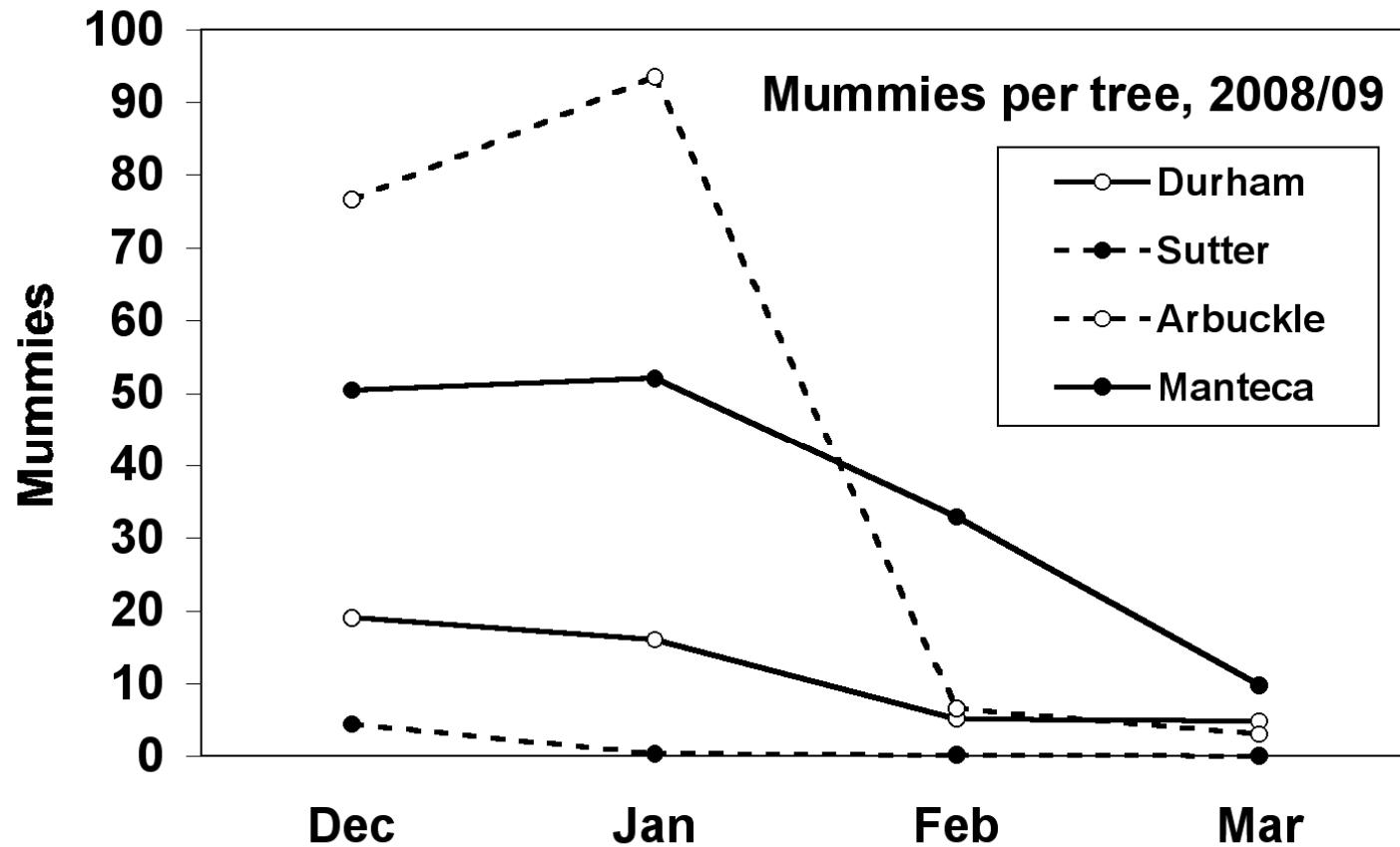


# Sanitation - mummy carryover, 2008-09.



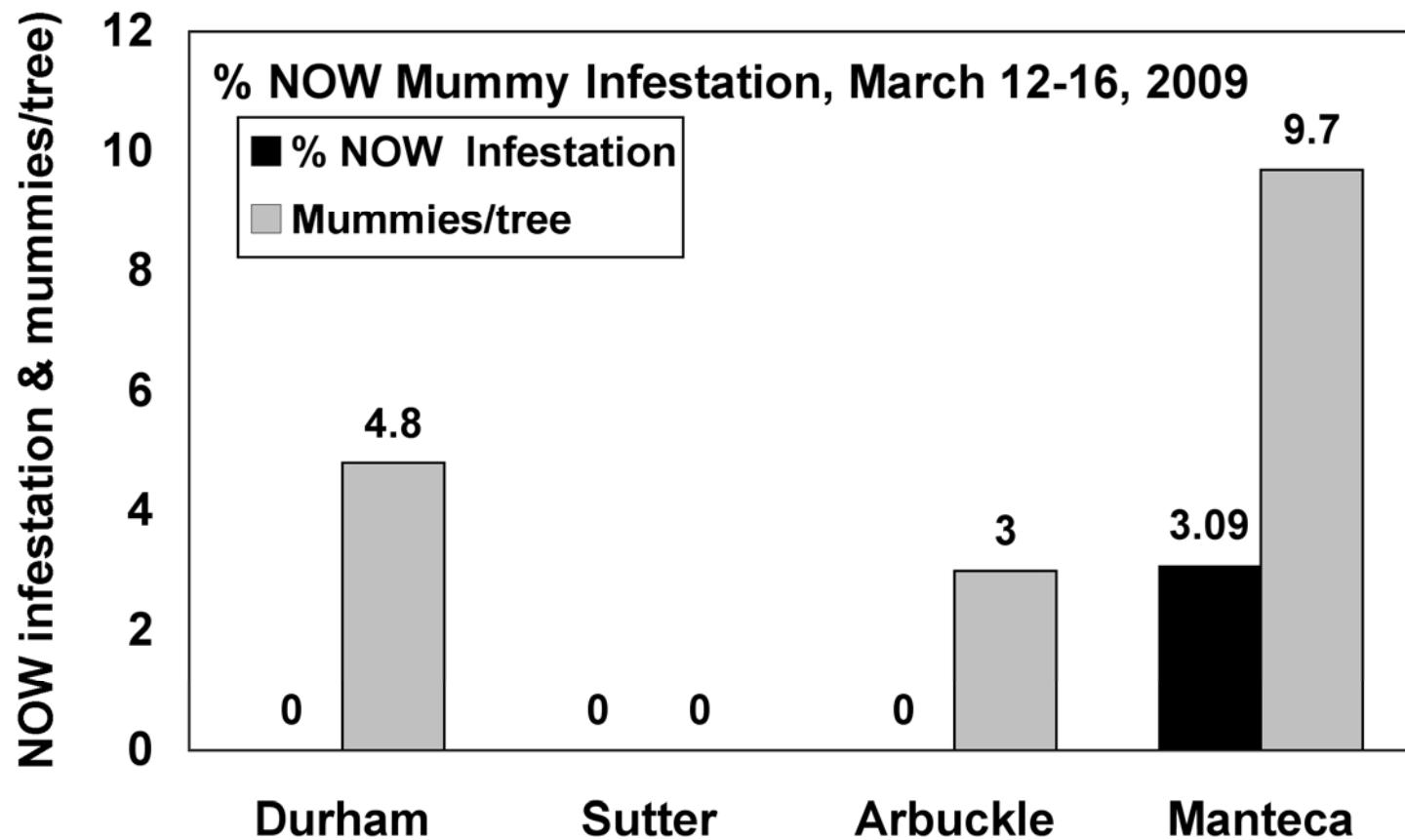
Sanitation - mummy carryover, 2008-09.

Number of natural Nonpariel mummies per tree, 2009.



N=10 Nonpariel trees per site

Percent of remaining natural Nonpariel mummies that were infested when collected on March 12-16, 2009.



N=10 Nonpariel trees per site

## NOW Survival in Tree Mummies.

Preinfested Nonpareil nuts (30 per bag, 12 bags per orchard) were hung in trees in Fall, 2008, and collected March 23-25, 2009



Infestation of preinfested Nonpareil nuts (30 per bag, 12 bags per orchard) hung in trees in Fall, 2008, and collected March 23-25, 2009

Location	% NOW infestation		
	Mean <sup>1</sup>	± SD	
Room temp (lab) <sup>1</sup>	22.49	± 0.37	A
Davis (outdoor sheltered) <sup>2</sup>	16.95	± 10.68	A
Manteca	13.06	± 6.27	B
Arbuckle	8.76	± 5.61	C
Sutter	6.58	± 3.14	C
Durham	1.05	± 1.97	C

ANOVA statistics -  $F=11.2372$ ,  $df=5,58$ ,  $P<0.0001$

<sup>1</sup> Means followed by the same letter do not differ significantly at  $P=0.05$  by Student's t-test.

## NOW Survival in Ground Mummies.

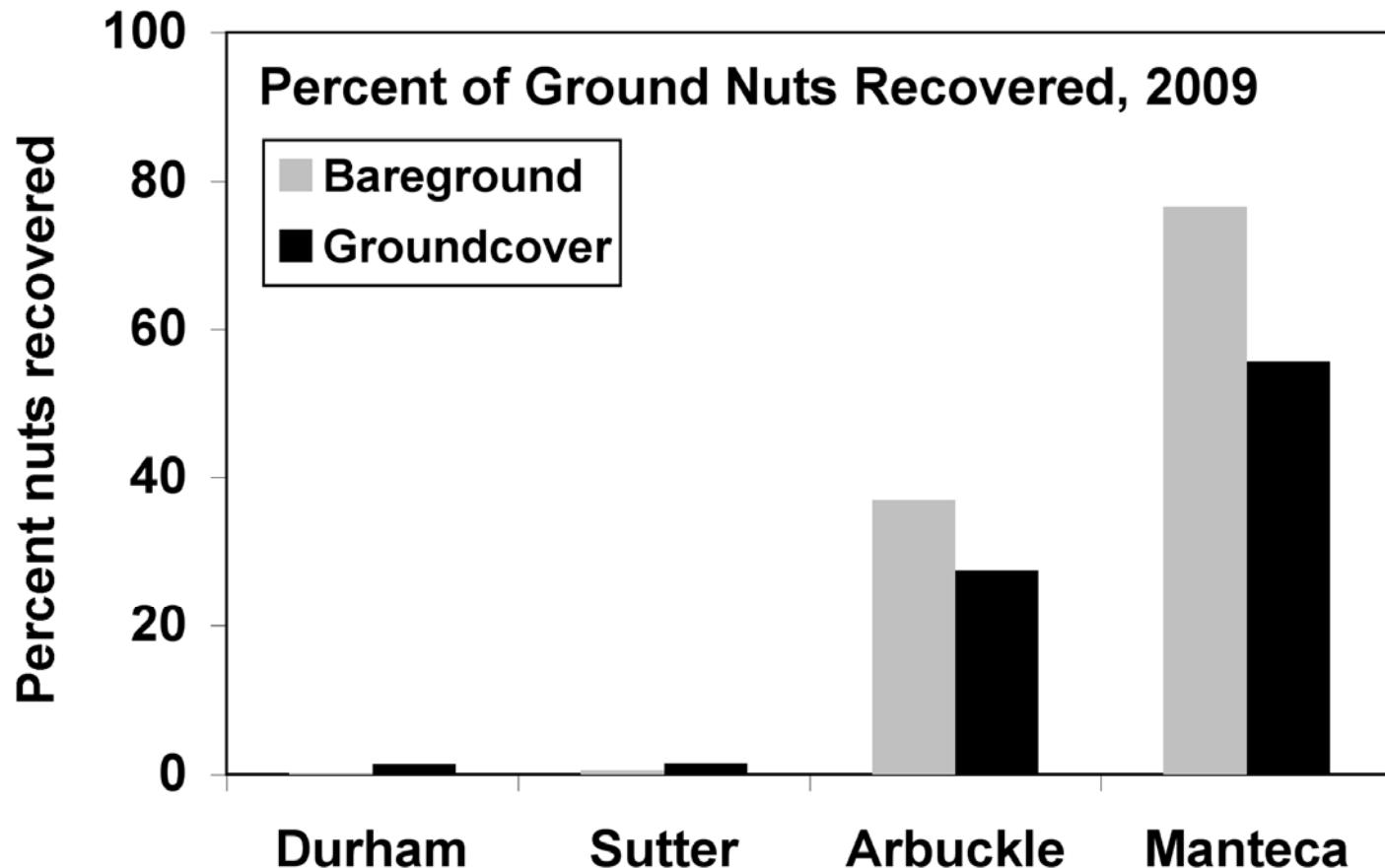
Preinfested, marked Nonpareil nuts (~140 per site, 4 reps) were placed on berms or middles in Fall, 2008, and collected March 12-16, 2009



# NOW Survival in Ground Mummies.

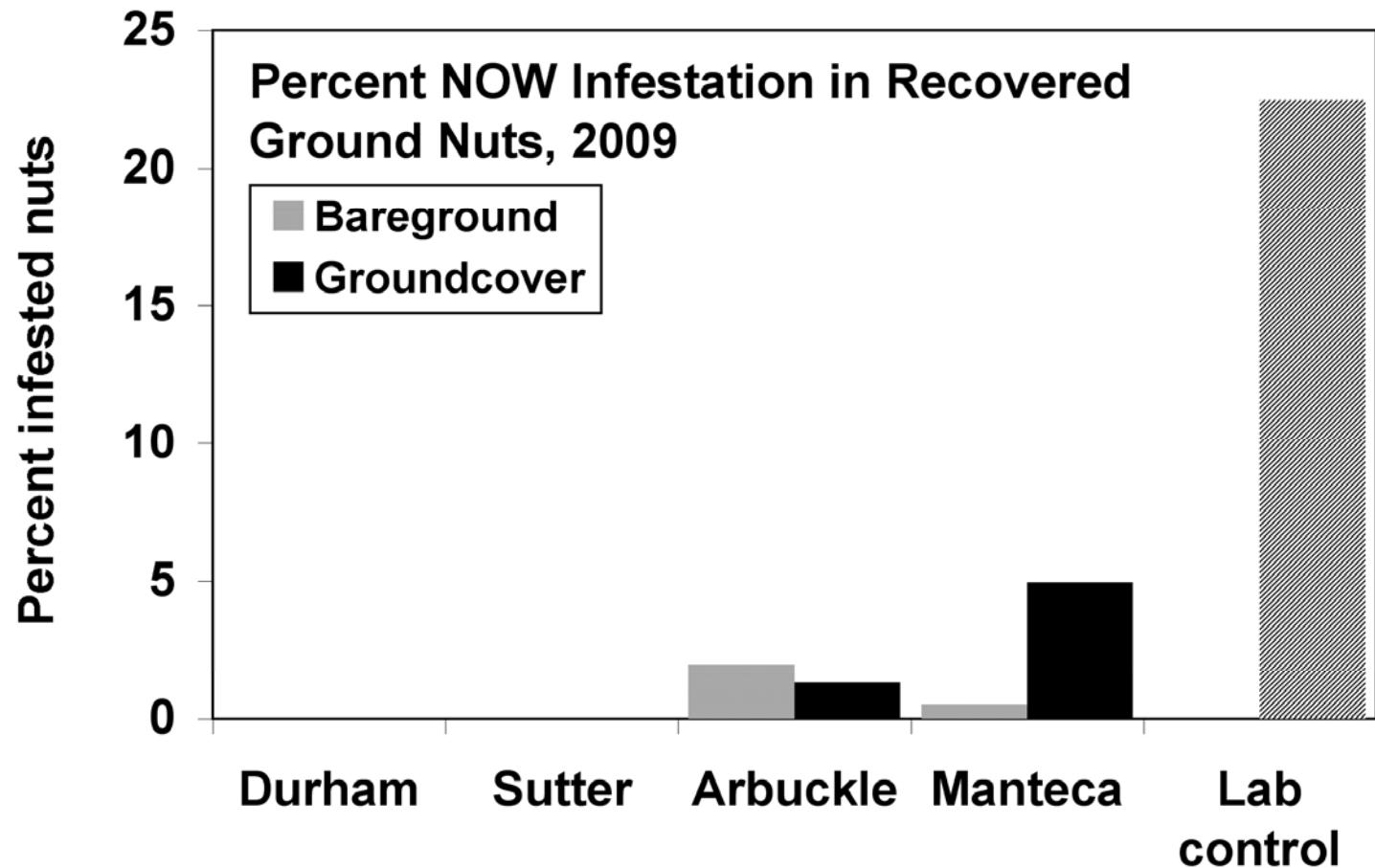


Recovery of preinfested Nonpariel nuts placed on berms or middles in Fall, 2008, and collected March 12-16, 2009



N=4 reps of ~140 uninfested Nonpariel nuts per site

Infestation of preinfested Nonpariel nuts placed on berms or middles in Fall, 2008, and collected March 12-16, 2009



N=4 reps of ~140 uninfested Nonpariel nuts per site

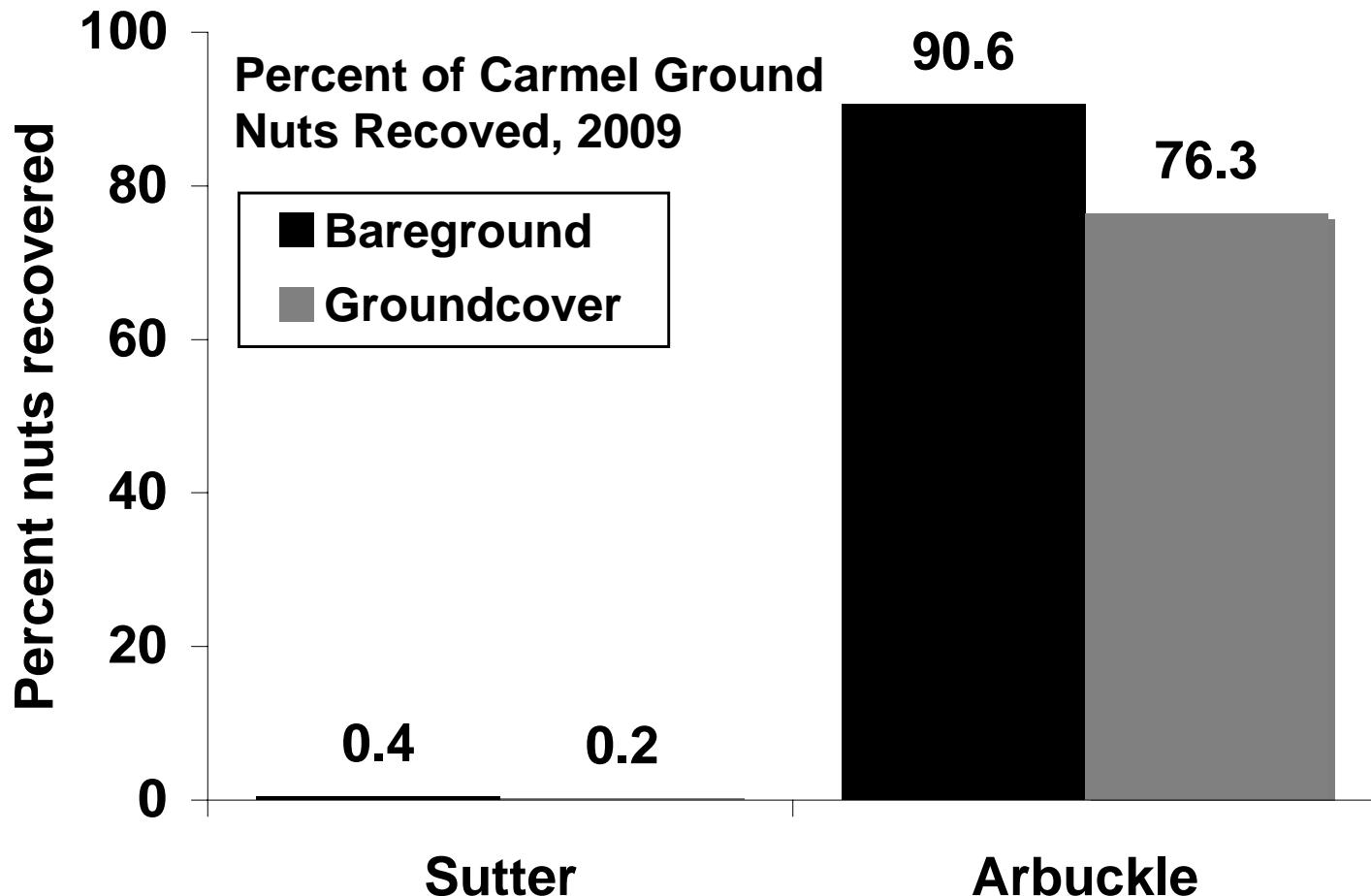
Bare ground plot when collected at Durham, Butte Co.,  
March 14, 2009



Nonpariel nuts on bare ground plots when collected at Manteca, March 13, 2009

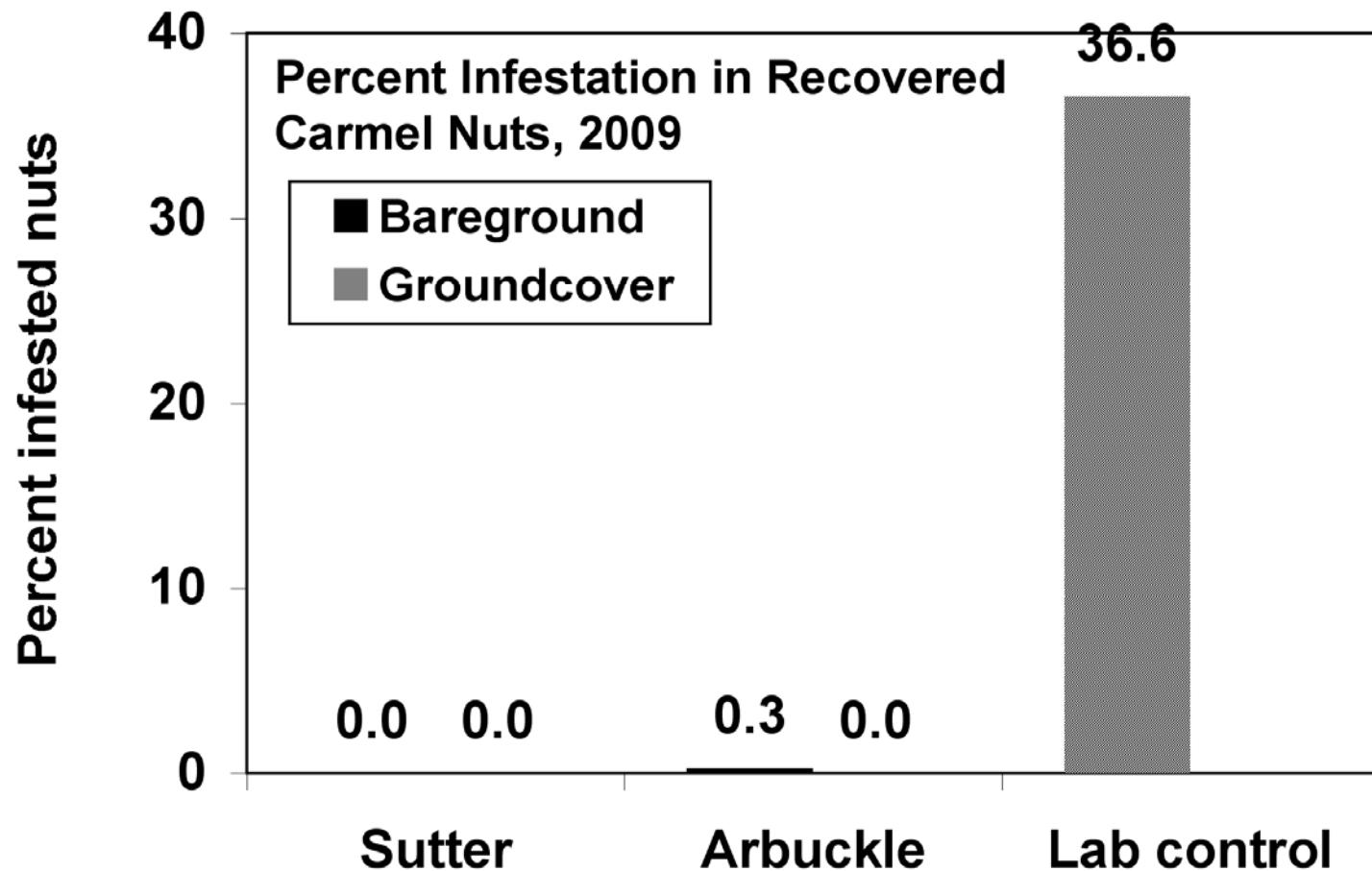


Recovery of preinfested Carmel nuts placed on berms or middles on Nov. 5, 2008, and collected March 13, 2009



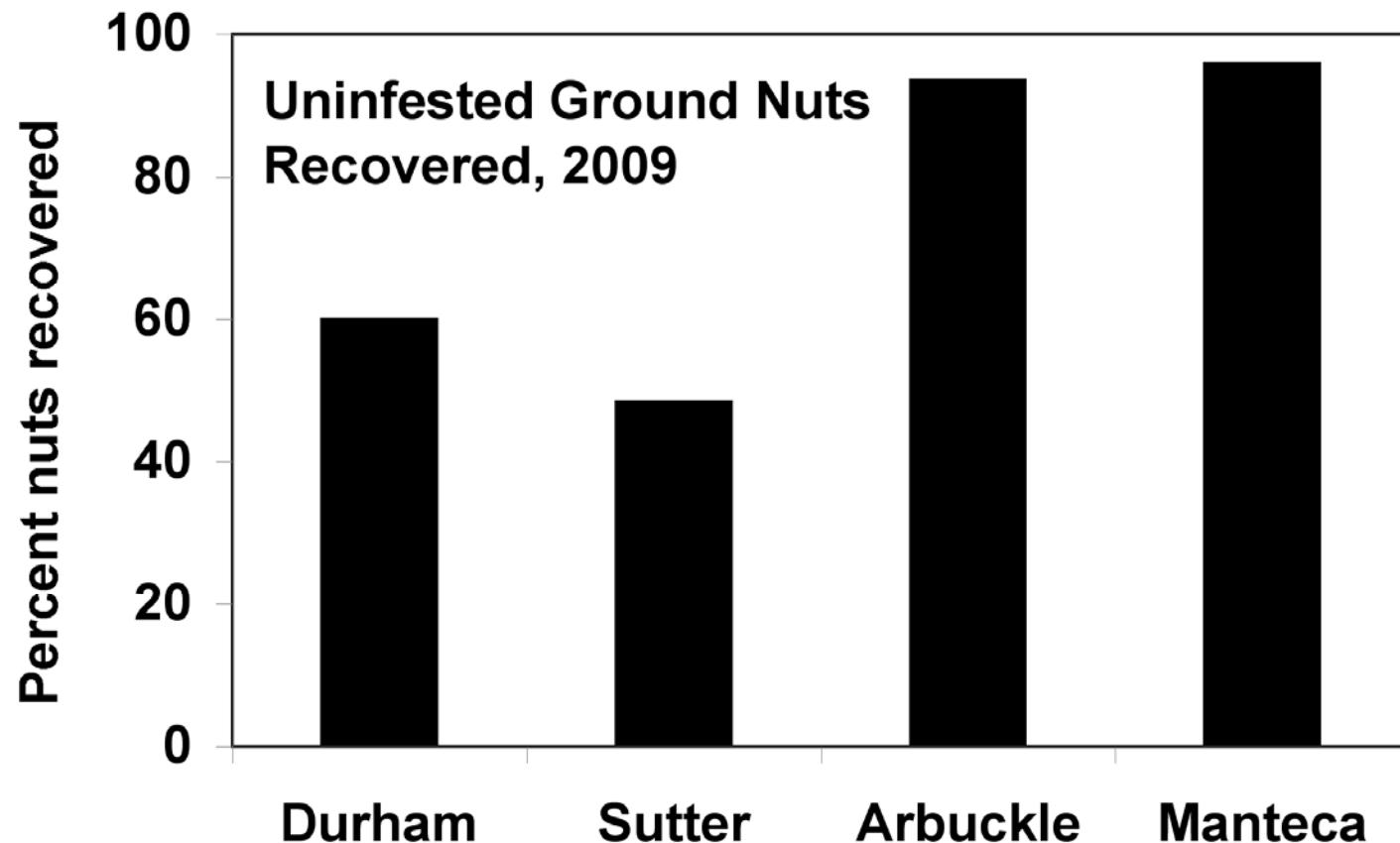
N=4 reps of ~120 uninfested Carmel nuts per site

Infestation of preinfested Carmel nuts placed on berms or middles on Nov. 5, 2008, and collected March 13, 2009



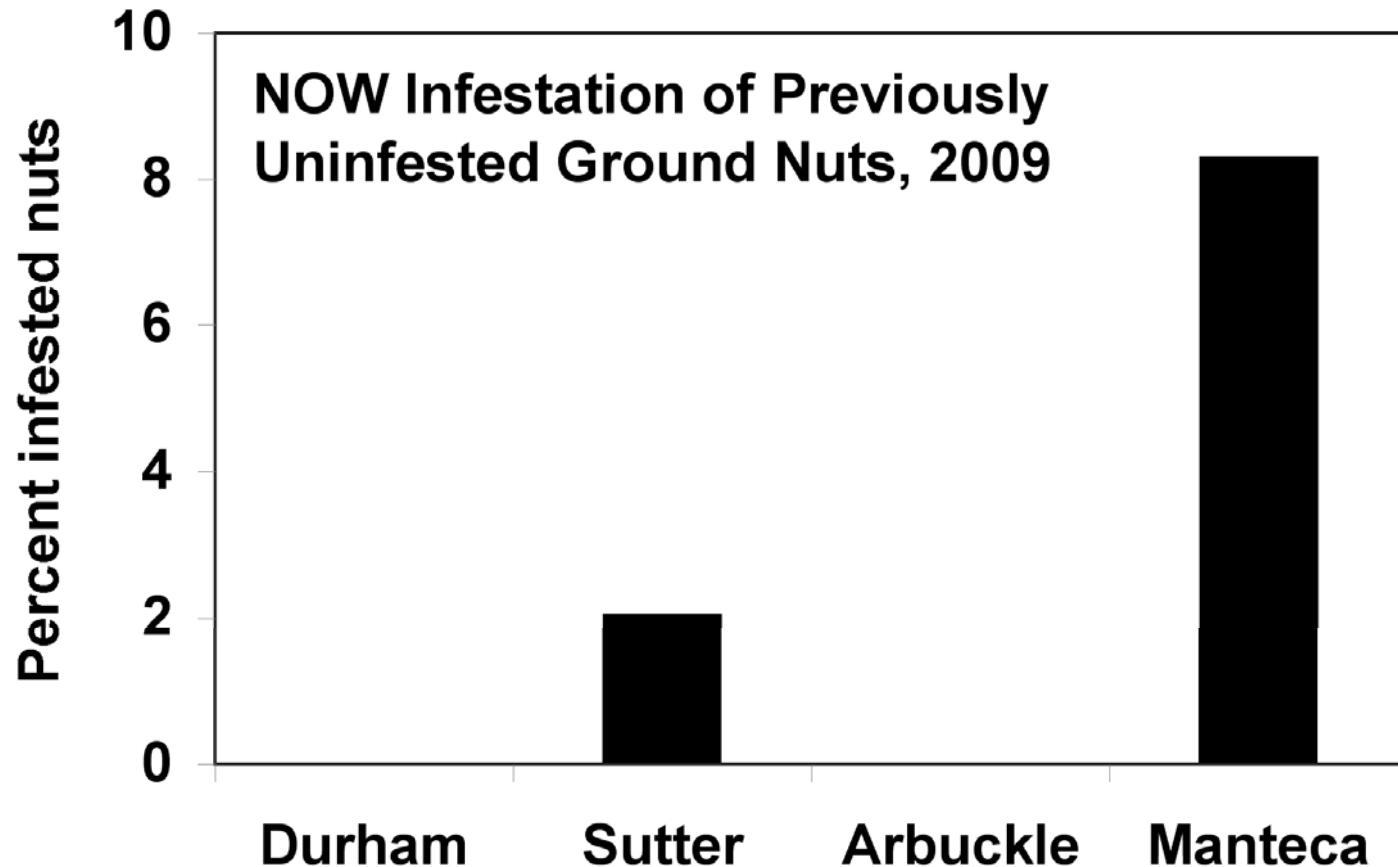
N=4 reps of ~120 uninfested Carmel nuts per site

Average percent of *uninfested* Nonpariel nuts placed on bare ground that were recovered per plot on Dec. 16-17, 2008.



N=4 reps of 125 uninfested Nonpariel nuts per site  
Placement dates - Arbuckle and Sutter, Oct. 13;  
Manteca, Nov. 3; and Durham, Nov. 5, 2008

Average percent of *uninfested* Nonpariel nuts placed on bare ground and recovered that were infested per plot on Dec. 16-17, 2008.



N=4 reps of 125 uninfested Nonpariel nuts per site

# Sanitation Guidelines (for year one)

Mummy nut drop

- lowest at Manteca

NOW survival in mummy nuts on trees

- greatest at Manteca

NOW survival in ground mummies

- greatest number of nuts remaining at Manteca

Can ground mummies become infested?

- yes (in Fall)

# Sanitation Guidelines

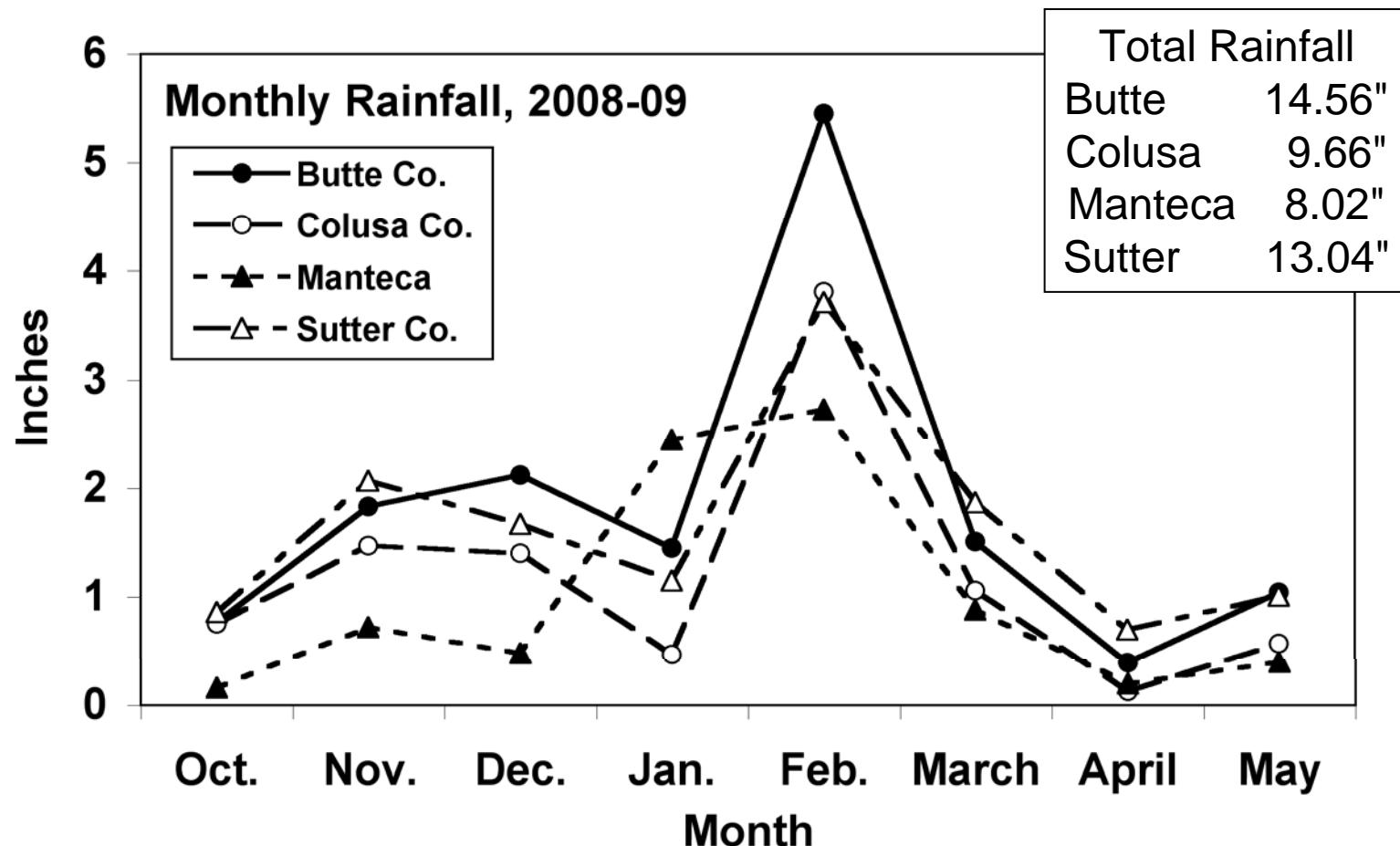
## Influencing factors

Rainfall - storm intensity?

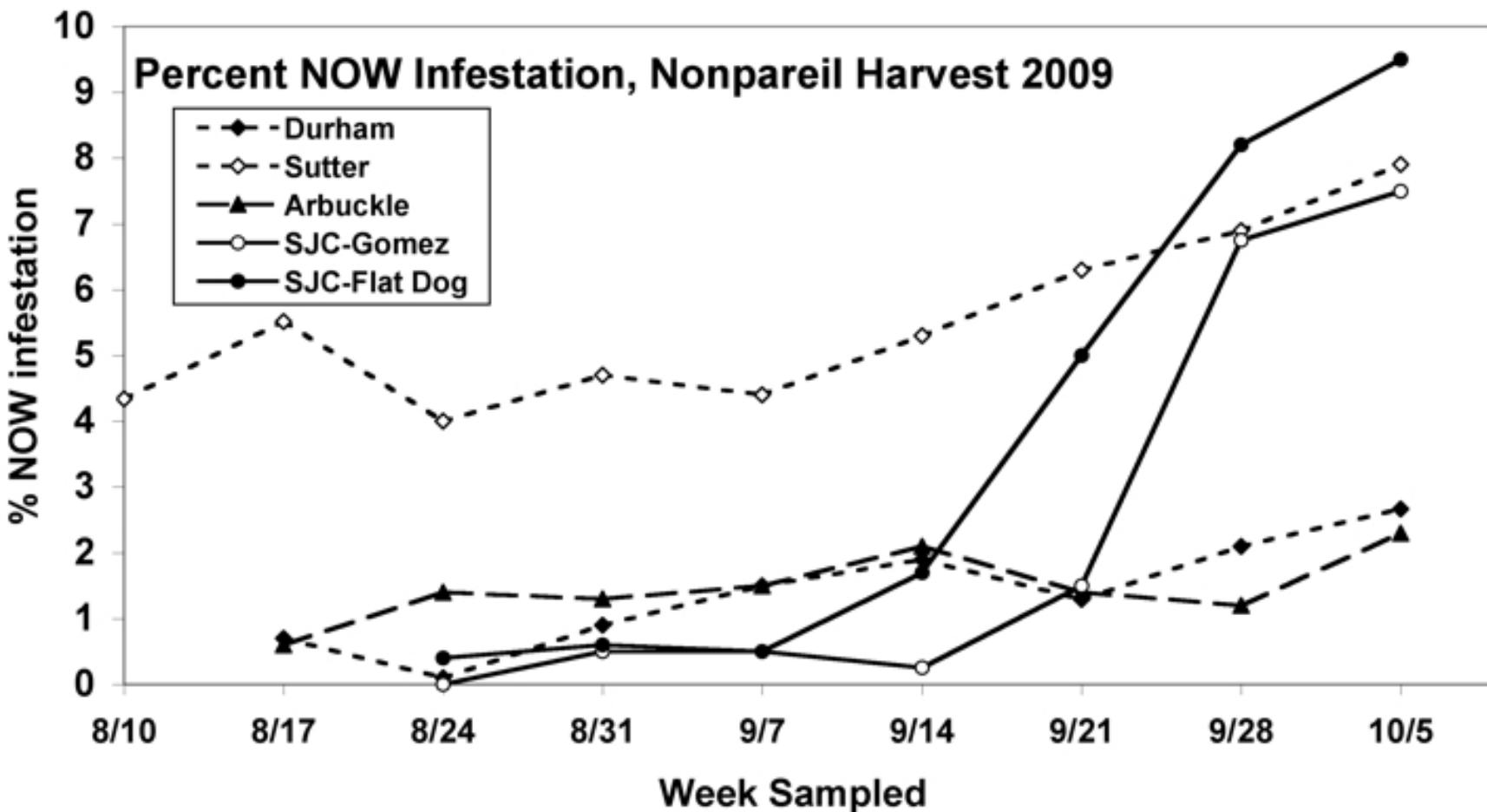
Birds and squirrels

NOW density at site; Fall activity

# Monthly rainfall at northern areawide sites, 2008-09



# Infestation of Nonpareil nuts at weekly intervals after initiation of harvest, 2009 (early harvest)



# May Sprays

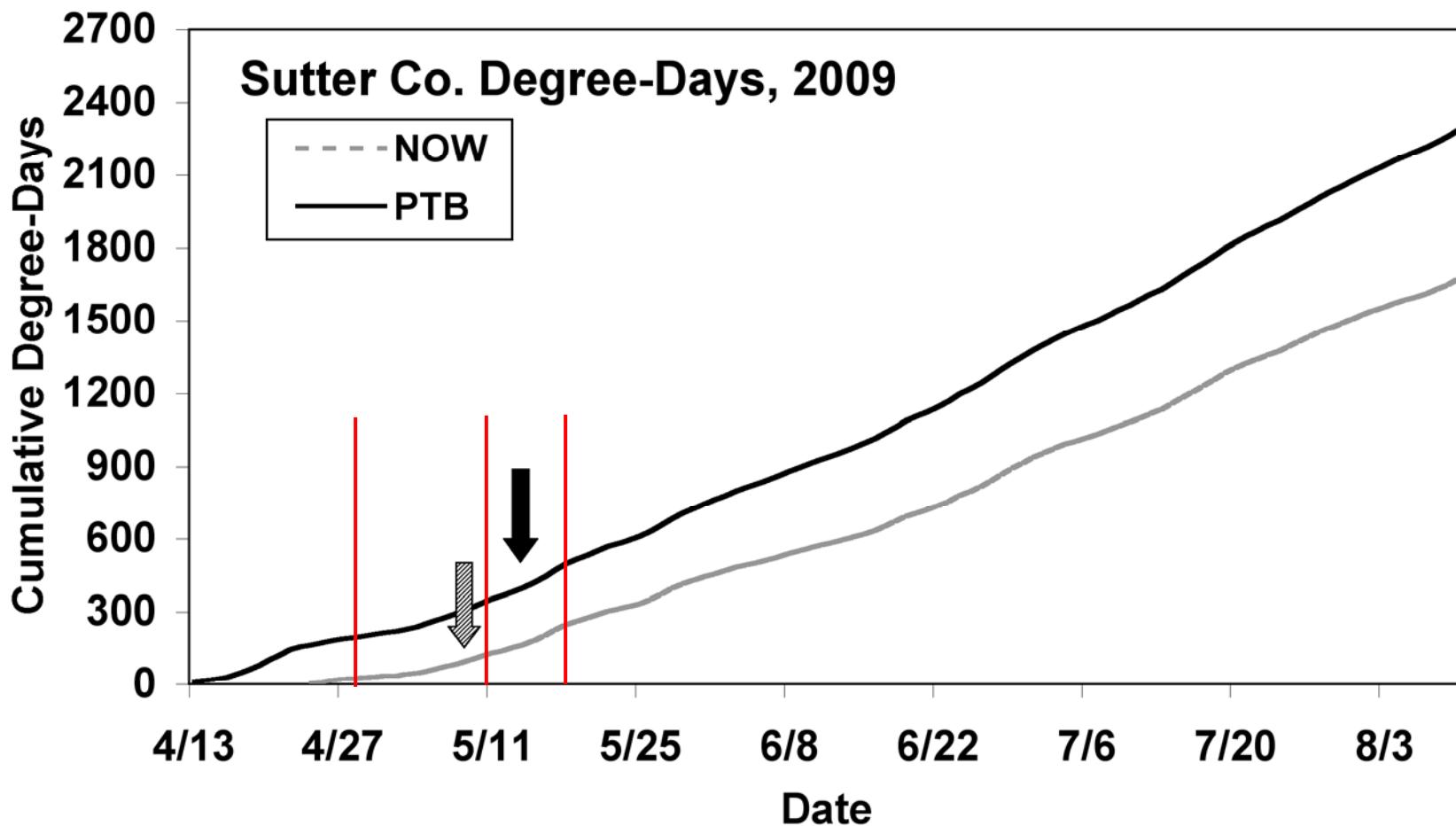
Peach twig borer -  
400 DD after biofix  
(first moth capture)



Navel orangeworm -  
100 DD after biofix  
(eggs on 50% of traps for 2  
consecutive weeks)



Cumulative degree-days from navel orangeworm and peach twig borer biofix dates, Sutter Co., 2009



# Mean ( $\pm$ SD) peach twig borer shoot strikes per tree, Sutter, 2009

Treatment	Rate (form./ac.)	Application Date	Degree- days	PTB strikes/tree		
				Mean	$\pm$	SD
untreated	na	na	na	10.30	$\pm$	7.18 A
Tourismo*	10.3 oz	May 12, 2009	367	1.20	$\pm$	1.64 F
Tourismo*	13.7 oz	May 12, 2009	367	1.00	$\pm$	1.00 F
NAI-3202 EC*	14 oz	May 12, 2009	367	7.20	$\pm$	3.03 ABC
NAI-3202 EC*	21 oz	May 12, 2009	367	2.20	$\pm$	1.92 EF
Dimilin 2L	12 oz	May 11, 2009	352	6.60	$\pm$	3.58 BCD
Dimilin 2L+Lorsban	12 oz+4 pt	May 11, 2009	352	1.80	$\pm$	2.49 EF
Athena EW	805.7 ml	May 12, 2009	367	0.80	$\pm$	1.10 F
Danitol 2.4EC	16 oz	May 12, 2009	367	1.60	$\pm$	2.07 F
Assail 30SG**	6.4 oz	May 12, 2009	367	2.40	$\pm$	2.88 DEF
Bifenture 10DF**	16 oz	May 12, 2009	367	0.80	$\pm$	0.84 F
Intrepid 2F	16 oz	April 28, 2009	193	2.40	$\pm$	2.88 DEF
	16 oz	May 11, 2009	352	8.40	$\pm$	4.67 AB
	16 oz	May 19, 2009	516	6.00	$\pm$	3.74 BCDE
Delegate	7 oz	April 28, 2009	193	1.20	$\pm$	2.68 F
	7 oz	May 11, 2009	352	1.40	$\pm$	1.95 F
	7 oz	May 19, 2009	516	4.20	$\pm$	3.56 BCDEF
Altacor 35WG***	4.5 oz	April 28, 2009	193	0.40	$\pm$	0.89 F
	4.5 oz	May 11, 2009	352	0.20	$\pm$	0.45 F
	4.5 oz	May 19, 2009	516	3.40	$\pm$	3.44 CDEF
Proclaim	4.0 oz	May 11, 2009	352	2.00	$\pm$	1.58 EF

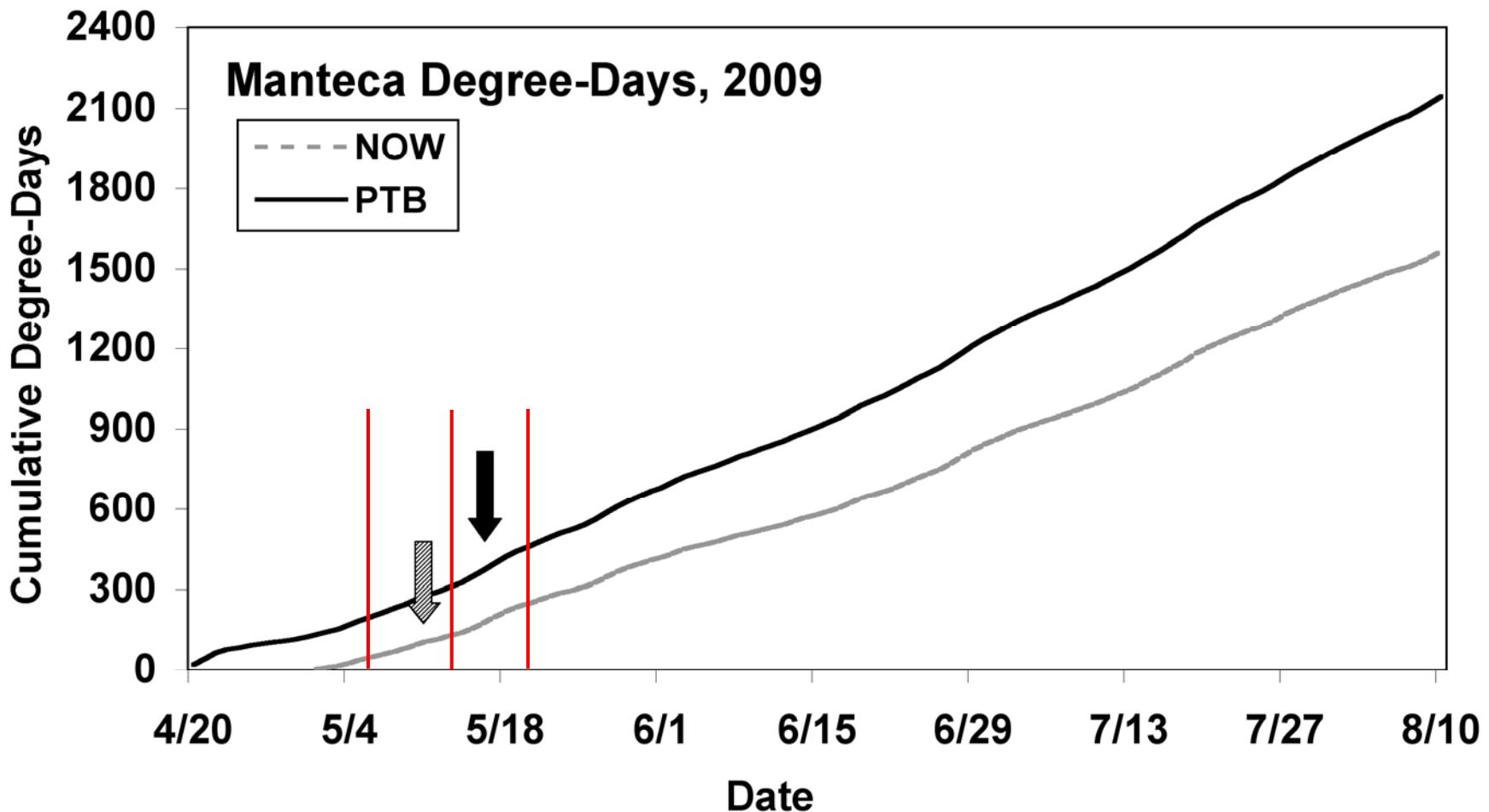
Means followed by the same letter are not significantly different by Student's-t-test at  $P < 0.05$

\*NIS surfactant added @ 0.25% v/v

\*\*Silicone surfactant added @ 1% v/v + MSO

\*\*\*Induce (Latron) added - NIS @ 1.0 v/v

Cumulative degree-days from navel orangeworm and peach twig borer biofix dates at Manteca, 2009



Making the sentinel mummy strands  
20 uninfested mummies per strand



2009 # 10



Placement of the sentinel mummy strands at the beginning of Spring NOW oviposition - 200 nuts per treatment.

# Proportion of navel orangeworm infested mummies, Manteca, 2009

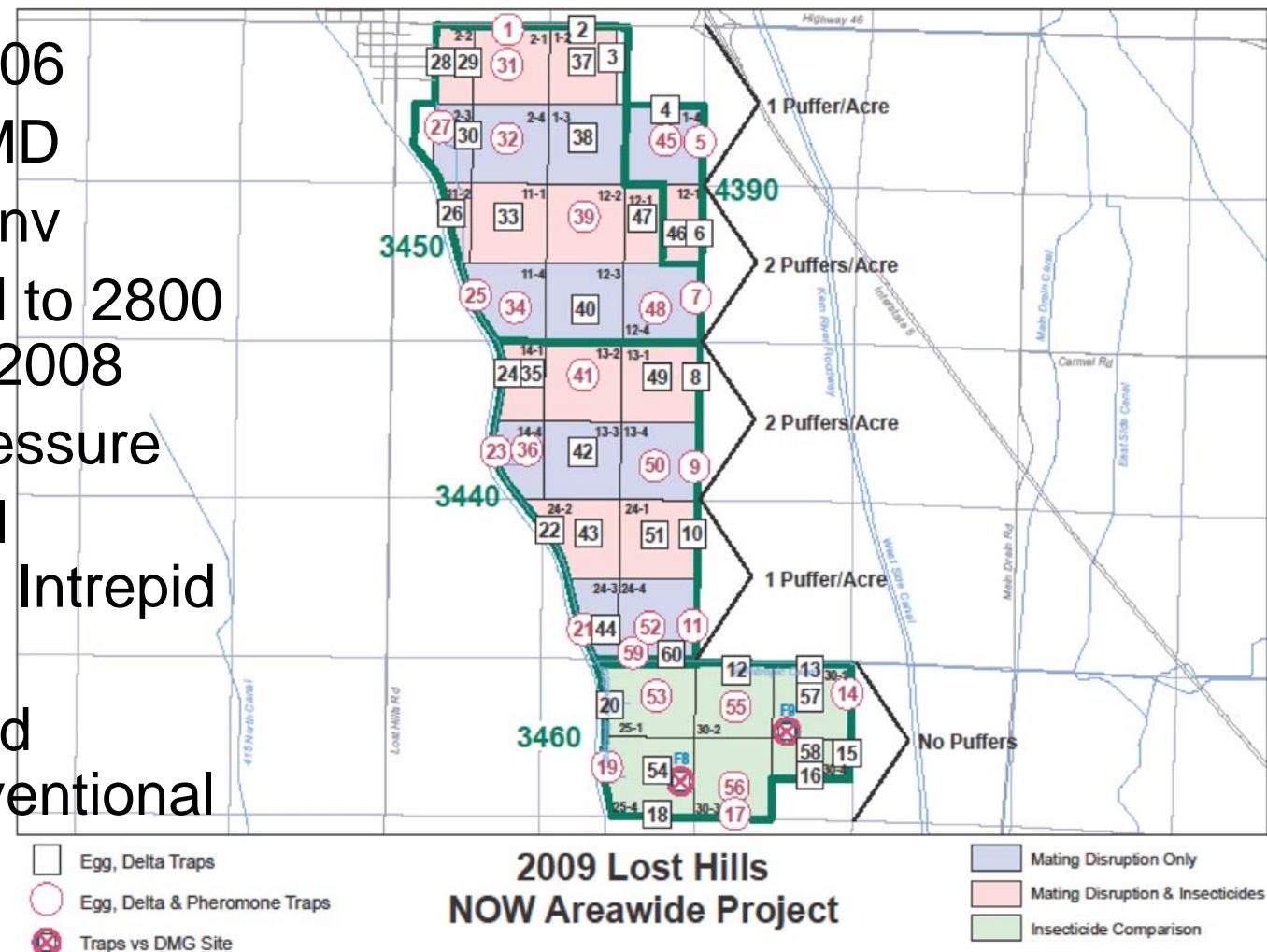
Treatment	Chemical	Rate (form/ac)	Date	DD	Proportion of infested mummies			
					All NOW		Live NOW	
					Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD
Control (water)			5/14		0.15 ± 0.1 A		0.10 ± 0.1 A	
Belt	flubendiamide	4.0 oz	5/14	128	0.02 ± 0.0 B		0.02 ± 0.0 B	
Belt*	flubendiamide	4.0 oz	5/14	128	0.00 ± 0.0 B		0.00 ± 0.0 B	
Dimilin 2L	diflubenzuron	12 oz	5/14	128	0.12 ± 0.1 A		0.10 ± 0.1 A	
Dimilin 2L +	diflubenzuron +	12 oz+	5/14	128	0.00 ± 0.0 B		0.00 ± 0.0 B	
Lorsban	chlorpyrifos	4 pt						
Athena EW	bifenthrin + abamectin	805.7 ml	5/14	128	0.00 ± 0.0 B		0.00 ± 0.0 B	
Danitol 2.4EC	fenpropathrin	16 oz	5/14	128	0.02 ± 0.0 B		0.00 ± 0.0 B	
Assail 30SG*	acetamiprid	6.4 oz	5/14	128	0.05 ± 0.1 B		0.02 ± 0.0 B	
Assail 70WP*	acetamiprid	2.7 oz	5/14	128	0.06 ± 0.1 B		0.02 ± 0.0 B	
Bifenture 10DF*	bifenthrin	16 oz	5/14	128	0.01 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
Intrepid 2F	methoxyfenozide	16 oz	5/6	49	0.03 ± 0.1 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
	methoxyfenozide	16 oz	5/14	128	0.02 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
	methoxyfenozide	16 oz	5/20	234	0.02 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
Delegate	spinetoram	7 oz	5/6	49	0.03 ± 0.0 B		0.02 ± 0.0 B	
	spinetoram	7 oz	5/14	128	0.03 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
	spinetoram	7 oz	5/20	234	0.02 ± 0.0 B		0.02 ± 0.0 B	
Altacor 35WG*	chlornitraniliprone	4.5 oz	5/6	49	0.01 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
	chlornitraniliprone	4.5 oz	5/14	128	0.01 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
	chlornitraniliprone	4.5 oz	5/20	234	0.01 ± 0.0 B		0.00 ± 0.0 B	
Altacor 35WG +	chlornitraniliprone +	4.5 oz+	5/14	128	0.01 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	
Asana XL*	esfenvalerate	10 oz						
Proclaim	emamectin benzoate	4.0 oz	5/14	128	0.01 ± 0.0 B		0.01 ± 0.0 B	

ANOVA statistics -  $^1F=7.2826$ ,  $df=20,213$ ,  $P<0.0001$ ;  $^2F=6.6166$ ,  $df=20,213$ ,  $P<0.0001$

Means followed by the same letter do not differ significantly at  $P=0.05$  by Student's-t-test

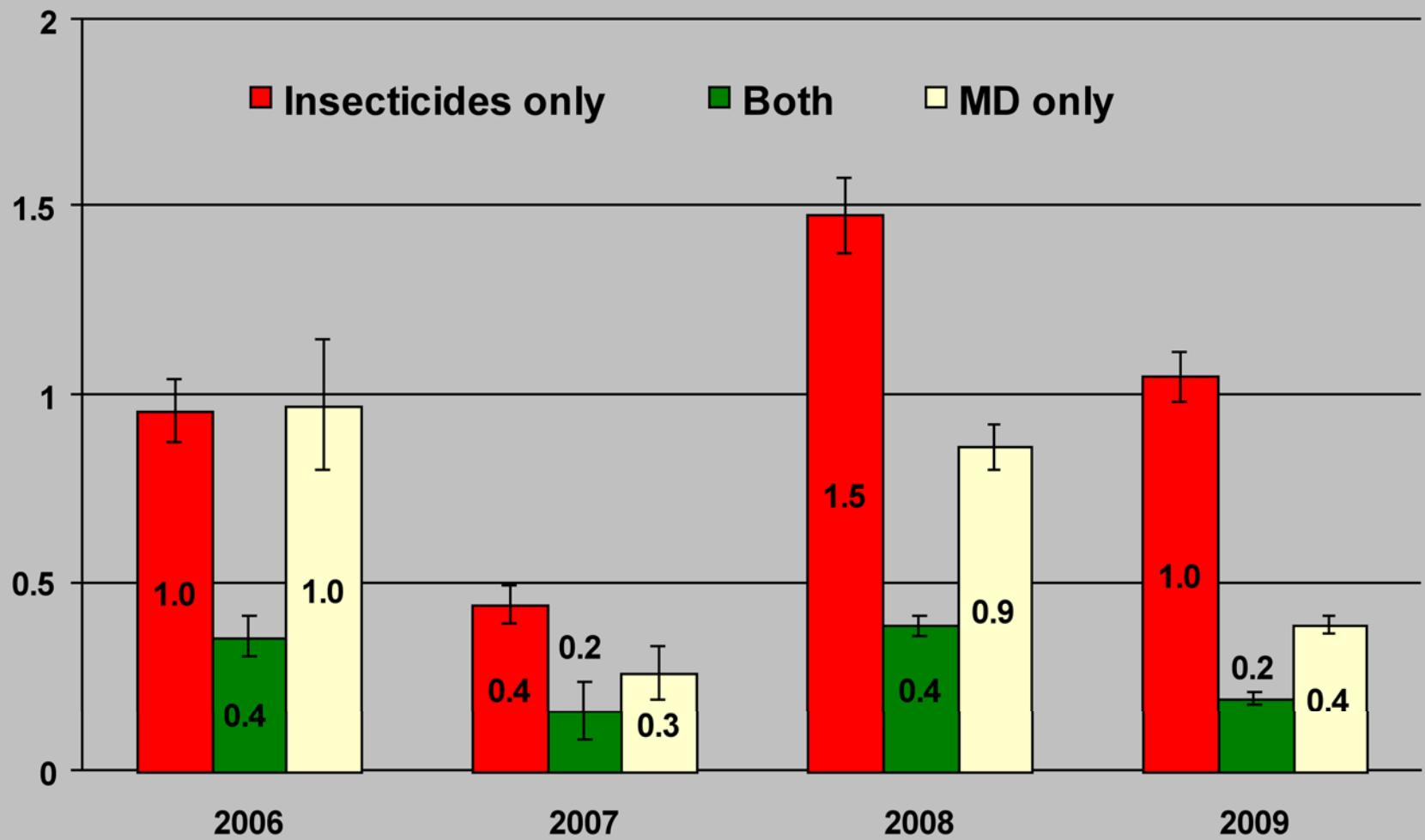
# Lost Hills Areawide NOW Mating Disruption

- Started in 2006
    - 1800 ac MD
    - 800 ac conv
    - Expanded to 2800 ac MD in 2008
  - Moderate pressure
  - Conventional program = 2 Intrepid applications
  - MD alone and without Conventional



# Lost Hills Areawide NOW MD Project

Processor/huller samples - All Varieties



*North San Joaquin Valley Almond Day*  
*Modesto, January 28, 2010*

# New Information on Navel Orangeworm Management

Frank Zalom  
Department of Entomology  
University of California, Davis