

FUSARIUM WILT, RACE 3 VARIETY EVALUATIONS

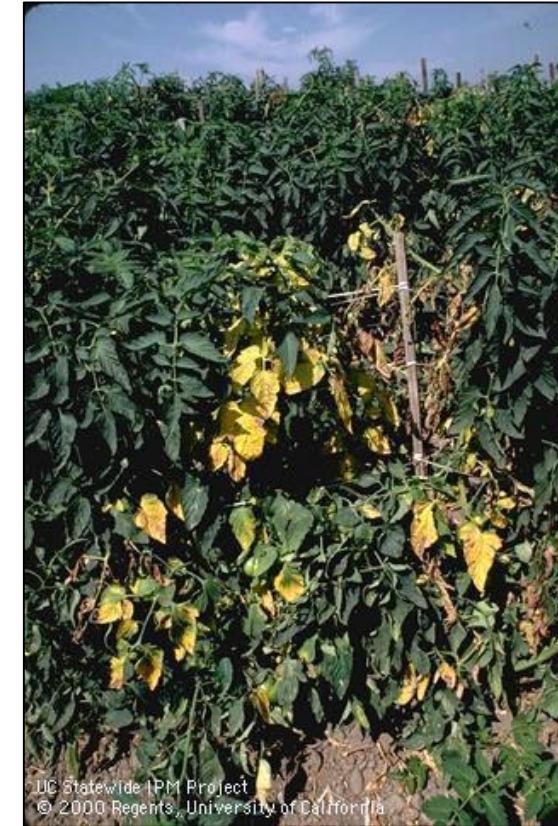
Amber Vinchesi, Ph.D.

UCCE Vegetable Crops Advisor

Colusa, Sutter, Yuba counties

Fusarium wilt, *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *lycopersici*

- Soilborne fungal pathogen
- Infects plants through the rootlets
- Individual branches and leaves become yellow and wilt
 - Yellow flag effect
- Dark brown discoloration extends far up the stem
- Reduces yield in fields with a high amount of disease
- Long-lived in soil as spores, or on surfaces of other plants
- Spreads by seed, transplants, and soil on farm machinery
- Favored by warm weather
- Spread can be limited by cleaning farm equipment
- Rotation out of tomatoes for several years reduces inoculum level
- Control method is resistant tomato varieties



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**UC-IPM Pest
Management Guidelines**

Objective

- Compare performance of Fusarium wilt, race 3 resistant varieties in replicated tests from Colusa to Fresno in grower fields with a history of the disease



Procedures

- 15 varieties
 - 2 tolerant (HM 3887, DRI 319) and 1 susceptible (H 8504)
- Knights Landing (Sutter), Woodland (Yolo), Stockton (San Joaquin), Dos Palos (Merced), and Huron (Fresno)
- Randomized complete block with 4 replicates
- Single lines on 60-inch to double lines on 80-inch centered beds
- Buried drip irrigation
 - Sutter site was sprinkler irrigated season long
- Plant stands were counted in each plot to later calculate % infected plants
 - Visual tallies of symptomatic plants
- Mechanically transplanted and harvested
- Fruit yield measured with portable cart with weigh sensors
- Subsample of fruit from harvester to measure culls by weight
 - Green and pink fruit, sunburn, mold, and blossom end rot
- PTAB determined color, Brix, and pH



Results

- H 8504 incidence of Fusarium averaged 24% (Sutter), 20% (Yolo), and 29% (San Joaquin) in northern sites
 - Low (2%) or no Fusarium detected in southern sites (Merced and Fresno)
- Top yielding varieties in northern sites were HM 3887 and N 6428
 - H 8504 was in the lowest yielding group
- Brix performance was location dependent and variable



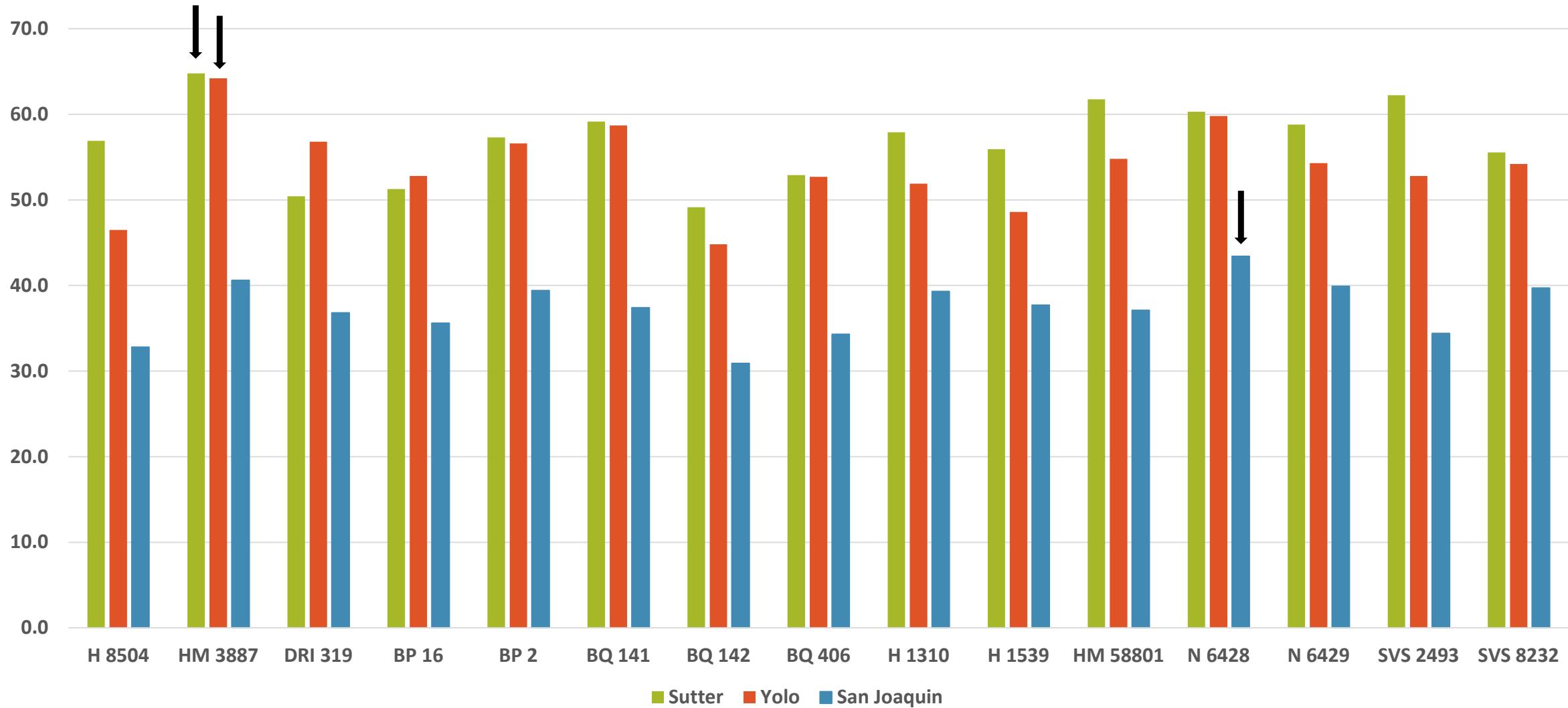
Sutter trial results

| Variety | Disease Resistance | Yield tons/A | | Fol plants (%) | % vine necrosis | Brix | Color | pH |
|----------|--------------------|--------------|------|----------------|-----------------|------|-------|------|
| HM 3887 | tolerant | 64.8 | A | 16.3 | 43 | 5.20 | 23.5 | 4.42 |
| SVS 2493 | resistant | 62.2 | AB | 0.9 | 72 | 5.10 | 21.5 | 4.44 |
| HM 58801 | resistant | 61.8 | ABC | 0.3 | 35 | 5.73 | 23.8 | 4.37 |
| N 6428 | resistant | 60.3 | ABCD | 0.3 | 54 | 5.40 | 22.0 | 4.34 |
| BQ 141 | resistant | 59.2 | BCD | 0.3 | 57 | 5.05 | 21.3 | 4.38 |
| N 6429 | resistant | 58.8 | BCD | 0.0 | 65 | 5.55 | 22.5 | 4.39 |
| BP 2 | resistant | 57.3 | BCDE | 0.0 | 57 | 5.43 | 21.0 | 4.47 |
| H 1310 | resistant | 57.9 | BCDE | 0.3 | 35 | 5.38 | 21.3 | 4.40 |
| H 8504 | susceptible | 56.9 | CDE | 23.7 | 61 | 5.03 | 22.0 | 4.28 |
| SVS 8232 | resistant | 55.5 | DEF | 0.0 | 61 | 5.50 | 20.5 | 4.33 |
| H 1539 | resistant | 55.9 | DEF | 0.3 | 43 | 5.03 | 20.5 | 4.41 |
| BQ 406 | resistant | 52.9 | EFG | 0.0 | 54 | 5.50 | 20.8 | 4.44 |
| BP 16 | resistant | 51.3 | FG | 3.2 | 65 | 5.68 | 22.8 | 4.33 |
| DRI 319 | tolerant | 50.4 | G | 23.7 | 72 | 6.28 | 22.8 | 4.35 |
| BQ 142 | resistant | 49.1 | G | 0.0 | 50 | 5.68 | 21.3 | 4.40 |
| Average | | 57.0 | | 4.6 | 54.9 | 5.4 | 21.8 | 4.4 |

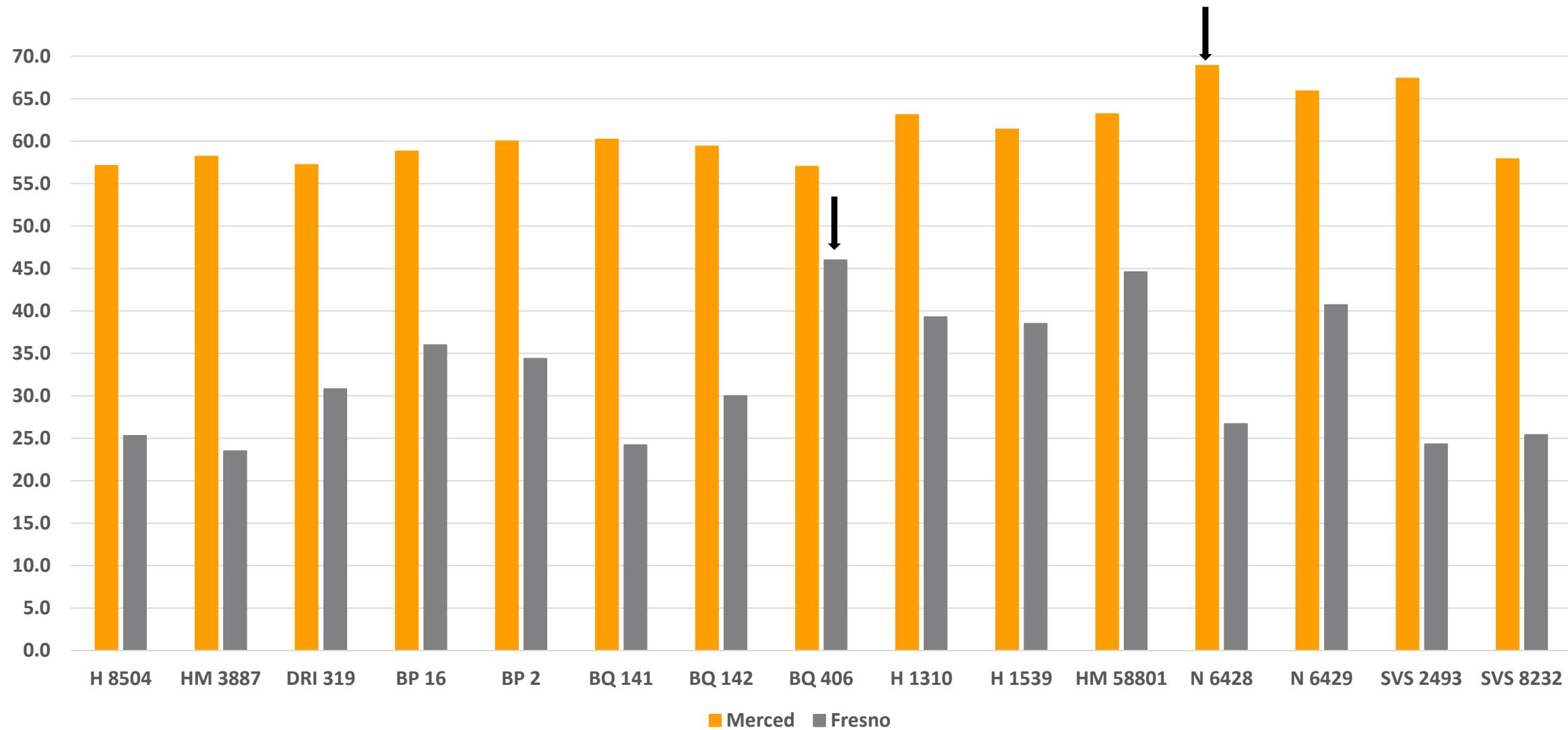
Yolo trial results

| Variety | Disease Resistance | Yield tons/A | | Fol plants (%) | % vine necrosis | Brix | Color | pH |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|------|-------|------|
| HM 3887 | tolerant | 64.2 | A | 13.0 | 46 | 4.93 | 26.5 | 4.46 |
| N 6428 | resistant | 59.8 | AB | 0.0 | 35 | 4.73 | 24.3 | 4.47 |
| BQ 141 | resistant | 58.7 | BC | 0.0 | 35 | 4.58 | 22.3 | 4.52 |
| DRI 319 | tolerant | 56.8 | BCD | 7.3 | 35 | 5.35 | 23.3 | 4.44 |
| BP 2 | resistant | 56.6 | BCD | 0.0 | 54 | 4.73 | 22.8 | 4.63 |
| HM 58801 | resistant | 54.8 | CD | 0.0 | 21 | 5.38 | 24.3 | 4.49 |
| N 6429 | resistant | 54.3 | CD | 0.0 | 76 | 4.58 | 24.3 | 4.58 |
| SVS 8232 | resistant | 54.2 | CD | 0.0 | 61 | 5.25 | 22.0 | 4.48 |
| BP 16 | resistant | 52.8 | DE | 0.0 | 43 | 4.83 | 24.0 | 4.51 |
| SVS 2493 | resistant | 52.8 | DE | 0.0 | 72 | 4.78 | 22.8 | 4.54 |
| BQ 406 | resistant | 52.7 | DE | 0.3 | 43 | 5.00 | 22.5 | 4.55 |
| H 1310 | resistant | 51.9 | DE | 0.0 | 65 | 4.58 | 24.0 | 4.50 |
| H 1539 | resistant | 48.6 | EF | 0.2 | 75 | 4.78 | 21.8 | 4.55 |
| H 8504 | susceptible | 46.5 | F | 19.7 | 87 | 4.53 | 24.8 | 4.42 |
| BQ 142 | resistant | 44.8 | F | 1.3 | 61 | 4.88 | 22.3 | 4.55 |
| Average | | 54.0 | | | | 4.86 | 23.4 | 4.51 |

Northern sites: Sutter, Yolo, San Joaquin



Southern sites: Merced and Fresno



Conclusions

- Results from northern sites suggest that some varieties with only tolerance to Fusarium wilt, race 3 perform well (HM 3887)
 - N 6428 was also in the highest yielding group and is race 3 resistant
- Variety performance influenced by environmental factors
 - No single variety will be top performer under wide range of conditions
- Resistant varieties performed well under disease pressure compared to susceptible (H 8504)
- The risk of continuing to rely on tolerant varieties when disease pressure reaches a high level is not recommended



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Thank you!

