

PEST CONTROL BUSINESS HEADQUARTERS INSPECTION

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Merced County Agricultural Commissioner's Office

Thursday, December 5th, 2019

The Who's Who of Who's



FIFRA
establishes EPA
authority to
regulate
pesticides in US



DPR authorized
by EPA to
conduct
statewide
enforcement



CACs enter
cooperative
agreements
with DPR to
enforce local
use of pesticides

Most Common Violations

3CCR6678

service container labeling

- Anytime when crossing or driving down a road with pesticides in the tank you must ensure that name of business, address, phone number, materials, and signal word are posted on the tank

3CCR6734(c)

**eyewash immediately
available (prod-ag)**

- If the label requires protective eyewear you must ensure that 1pt of eye wash or water label eye wash is immediately available to the employee

3CCR6734

decontamination facility

- Always ensure that there are sufficient water, soap, single use towels, extra change of coveralls at mix/load site and not further than ¼ mile from other handlers

What we'll go over...

- Requirements
- Hazard Communication / Training Program
- Respiratory Protection Program
- Medical Supervision Program
- Records
- Pesticide Storage

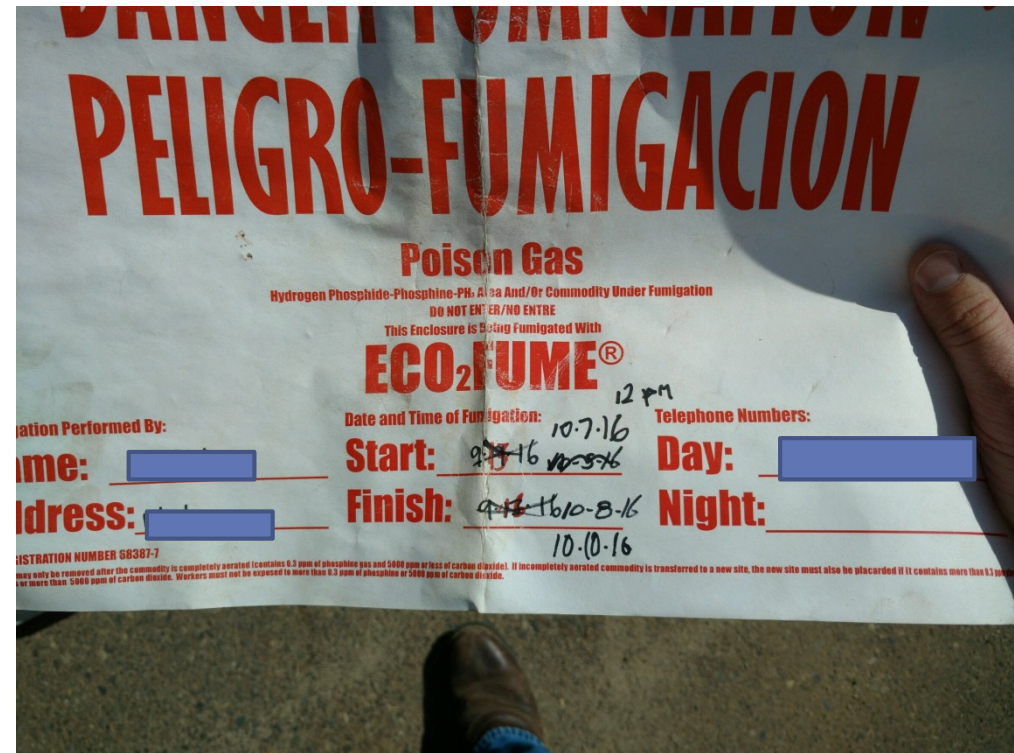
***Quiz (keep an eye out for red colored hints!!!)**

REQUIREMENTS

3CCR § 6618, 6726, 6732, 6738(a)



3CCR § 6618. Notice of Applications.

- **When to give notification?**
Before application, property operator should receive notification
- **Who should be notified?**
Employees working within 1/4mi.
- **What should notice include?**
Date, start time, est. end time, location of application, pesticide product name, EPA Reg. No., A.I., REI, posting and/or oral notification (if required by label)
- **Oral or written notification?**
Either or, unless label requires both



3CCR § 6726. Emergency Medical Care.

- Emergency Medical Care must be planned for in advance.
- Post at the work place or work vehicle and must include:
 - the **name, address and phone number of a medical facility**
- *"911" is not sufficient to meet this requirement.*



Emergency Medical Care

Emergency medical care for employees handling pesticides shall be planned for in advance. The employer shall locate a facility where emergency medical care is available for employees who will be handling pesticides.

Name of Physician/Medical Care Facility:

Address:

Telephone Number: (____)_____

3 CCR § 6732. Change Area.

- For any employee who regularly handles pesticides with the signal word "**DANGER**" or "**WARNING**".
- Provided a clean space to end their exposure period, remove PPE and wash.
- Sufficient clean towels, soap, water, eye flush shall be available (min. 3gal/handler)



3CCR § 6738(a). Personal Protective Equipment.

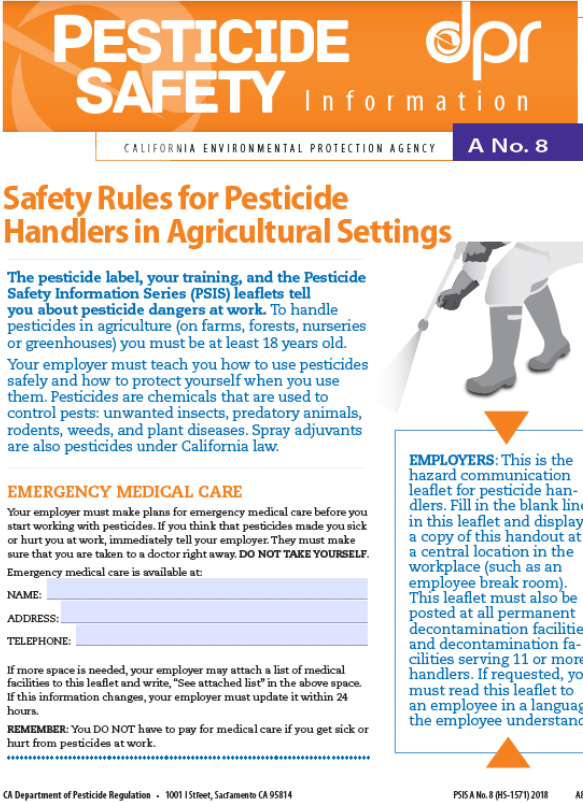
- PPE must be stored in a clean specially designated space when not in use such as a **locker or assigned tote bag**.
- Keep it separate from personal clothing.
- Cannot be stored in the pesticide storage area and must be inspected and cleaned daily.
- Replace heavily contaminated or worn equipment


HAZARD COMMUNICATION / TRAINING PROGRAM

3CCR § 6723, 6724(f), 6724(a), 6724 (b-e)

3 CCR § 6723. Hazard Communication for Pesticide Handlers.

- Display of completed A-8 or N-8 posted at the worksite.
- Records of all pesticide use by employees and applicable PSIS leaflets are available.
- SDS must also be available for all pesticides handled by employees.
- Employers must grant employees access to records **no longer than 48 hours from date of request**



PESTICIDE SAFETY Information 

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY A No. 8

Safety Rules for Pesticide Handlers in Agricultural Settings

The pesticide label, your training, and the Pesticide Safety Information Series (PSIS) leaflets tell you about pesticide dangers at work. To handle pesticides in agriculture (on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses) you must be at least 18 years old. Your employer must teach you how to use pesticides safely and how to protect yourself when you use them. Pesticides are chemicals that are used to control pests: unwanted insects, predatory animals, rodents, weeds, and plant diseases. Spray adjuvants are also pesticides under California law.

EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE

Your employer must make plans for emergency medical care before you start working with pesticides. If you think that pesticides made you sick or hurt you at work, immediately tell your employer. They must make sure that you are taken to a doctor right away. **DO NOT TAKE YOURSELF.** Emergency medical care is available at:

NAME:

ADDRESS:

TELEPHONE:

If more space is needed, your employer may attach a list of medical facilities to this leaflet and write, "See attached list" in the above space. If this information changes, your employer must update it within 24 hours.

REMEMBER: You **DO NOT** have to pay for medical care if you get sick or hurt from pesticides at work.

EMPLOYERS: This is the hazard communication leaflet for pesticide handlers. Fill in the blank lines in this leaflet and display a copy of this handout at a central location in the workplace (such as an employee break room). This leaflet must also be posted at all permanent decontamination facilities and decontamination facilities serving 11 or more handlers. If requested, you must read this leaflet to an employee in a language the employee understands.

CA Department of Pesticide Regulation • 1001 I Street, Sacramento CA 95814 PSIS A No. 8 (05-1571) 2018 A8 - 1

3CCR § 6724(f). Handler Training.

- Employees that handle pesticide for production agriculture must be trained by a certified person.
- Certified trainers include:
 1. CA Certified Commercial Applicator
 2. CA Certified Private Applicator
 3. Pest Control Advisor's, etc.

California Department of Pesticide Regulation
Pesticide Enforcement Branch
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

PRIVATE APPLICATOR CERTIFICATE

CERTIFICATE NUMBER: _____ VALID THROUGH: _____

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____



3CCR § 6724(a). Handler Training.

- Written program that describes training program and tools used during training
- Can include:
 - PSIS
 - Training videos
 - Labels
 - Pamphlets, etc.

WRITTEN TRAINING PROGRAM

Employer's Name: _____

Trainer's Name: _____

Trainer's Qualification: ____ PA: ____ QAL/QAC: ____ PCA: ____

Training Materials:

Name of videos, pamphlets, or other training materials, and a brief description:

Pesticide Labeling from the following products:

Pesticide Safety Information Series (PSIS) leaflets used:

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for the following products:

3CCR § 6724(b-e). Handler Training

- Pesticide handlers must be trained prior to **handling any pesticide**
- **Repeat training annually thereafter**
- Training shall be pesticide specific or cover chemically similar groups
- Forms signed and dated by employee, and include:
 1. Employees printed name
 2. titles and sources of training materials used
 3. employer's name
 4. trainer's name and qualifications (cert./lic.)
 5. Applicator job duties

Pesticide Safety Training Record		Active Ingredient			
Print EMPLOYEE'S Name: _____		Annual Training	Year		
EMPLOYEE'S Signature: _____			Date		
Print EMPLOYER'S Name: _____			Date		
Print TRAINER'S Name: _____			Date		
ASSIGNED JOB DUTIES:					
<input type="checkbox"/> Mixer/Loader <input type="checkbox"/> Applicator <input type="checkbox"/> Service/Repair <input type="checkbox"/> Flagger					
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Trainer Initials </div>					
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Employee Initials </div>					
Subjects as Specified in Section 6724(b) of the California Code of Regulations					
READ THE LABEL: Signal word, precautionary statements about human health hazards, first aid, rate, dilution volume. Applicable laws and regulations, SDS and PDS label.					
PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT: Coveralls, gloves, goggles, boots, respirator, apron. Appropriate use, removal, sanitation and maintenance.					
SAFETY & USE OF ENGINEERING CONTROLS (i.e. closed system, enclosed cabs)					
SAFETY PROCEDURES: To be followed while mixing, loading, spill clean-up, & applying pesticides. Procedures for handling non-routine tasks or emergency situations.					
ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN: Such as drift, runoff & wildlife hazards.					
TRIPLE RINSE PESTICIDE CONTAINERS AT THE TIME OF USE. Never take home pesticide containers used at work.					
STORE pesticides in a LOCKED and posted area or attended by an authorized person.					
ROUTINE DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Wash hands before eating, drinking, using the toilet, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Thoroughly wash with soap & water. Change into clean clothes as soon as possible. Wash work clothes separately from other laundry before wearing again.					
APPLICATOR'S RESPONSIBILITY: Protect persons, animals & property while applying pesticides; do not apply in a manner that results in contact with persons not involved in the application process.					
FIELD POSTING: REQUIREMENTS & RESTRICTED ENTRY INTERVALS: When pesticides are applied.					
HOW & WHEN TO OBTAIN EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE: Name, address, phone number of clinic, physician, or hospital emergency room & where information is located.					
HEAT RELATED ILLNESS: Prevention, recognition and first aid treatment.					
LOCATION OF PESTICIDE SAFETY INFORMATION SERIES (PDS): Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Pesticide Use Records, safety posters, and Restricted Entry Interval information of any pesticides they may come in contact with.					
EMPLOYER'S RIGHTS: Receive information about pesticides being applied, to be protected against retaliatory action due to the exercise of any of his or her rights, report suspected use violations to the Department or County Agricultural Commissioner.					
FIRST AID AND EMERGENCY DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES of skin and eyes when exposure occurs. If pesticides are spilled on the body to wash immediately with clean supplies and ASES, wash or shower with soap & water & change into clean clothes.					
ROUTES THROUGH WHICH PESTICIDES CAN ENTER THE BODY & SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Irritation, pupils, nausea, shortness of breath, dizziness, headache, blurred vision. Where & in what form pesticides may be encountered.					
HOW TO REPORT SUSPECTED PESTICIDE USE VIOLATIONS					
UNDERSTANDING THE MANDATORY AND LONG TERM HAZARDS: Including acute, chronic & delayed effects & sensitization effects, as identified in pesticide product labeling, SDS or PDS.					
MEDICAL SUPERVISION: Required when working with carbamate or organophosphate pesticides with signal word of DANGER or WARNING on the labeling are mixed, loaded, or applied for the commercial or research production of an agricultural product commodity.					
REVIEW HAZARD COMMUNICATION (PDS) – 8 Safety Rules for Pesticide Handlers on Farms: Available on CA Department of Pesticide Regulation website.					
HAZARDS TO CHILDREN & PRENANT WOMEN FROM PESTICIDE EXPOSURE: Children and nonworking family members should keep away from treated area, employees should remove any work clothes and shoes, and employees should bathe before physical contact with children or family members.					
HANDLERS OF PESTICIDES USED IN COMMERCIAL OR RESEARCH PRODUCTION OF AGRICULTURAL MUST BE 18 YEARS OF AGE.					
Date of Training					

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM

3CCR § 6739(a)(p), 6739 (d), 6739(e)(p), 6739(j)(1), 6739(h)(4), 6739(b)(2)

3 CCR § 6739 (a-p). Respiratory Protection: Written Program.

- Required whenever employees use respirators that are supplied by employer in both voluntary and required use situations.
- Selecting, fitting, cleaning, sanitizing, inspecting, and maintaining respiratory protective equipment.
- Each person required to wear a respirator must be trained in the need, use, care and limitations of the equipment.

INTRODUCTION

This respiratory protection program is designed to conform to the requirements in Title 3 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 6739 (3 CCR Section 6739). General employee information on respiratory protection is available in the Pesticide Safety Information Series (PSIS) A-5 and N-5, which is available to employees.

Location of PSIS:

Insert the location of your PSIS documents.

PURPOSE (3 CCR 6739 (a))

The purpose of this program is to protect employees from respiratory hazards associated with the use of pesticides and to comply with current regulations and label requirements. This program includes the following components:

- Respirator Selection
- Medical evaluation
- Fit testing
- Routine and emergency use
- Cleaning, maintenance, and care
- Breathing air quality
- Training in respiratory hazards
- Training in wearing a respirator and respirator limitations
- Program evaluation

ADMINISTRATION (3 CCR 6739 (a))

The Respirator Program Administrator (RPA) of this program is responsible for ensuring the effectiveness of this respiratory protection program and its compliance with the respiratory protection regulation. (See the definitions section for qualifications of an RPA.)

The RPA for this program is:

RPA Name and Title:

The RPA keeps records on: (3 CCR 6739 (p))

- Training
- Fit Testing
- Equipment Inspection
- Medical Recommendations
- Copies of previous written programs
- Employee consultations
- Program evaluations

3 CCR § 6739 (d). Respiratory Protection: Medical Evaluation.

- A medical evaluation is required **prior to allowing an employee to wear a respirator**
- Doctor must evaluate the questionnaire and approve the applicator for respirator use in writing
- Exemptions:
 - Employees who voluntarily use filtering face piece respirators provided by the employer.
 - Employees who voluntarily use any respirator not provided by the employer.

MEDICAL EVALUATION (3 CCR 6739 (d))

The medical evaluation (or medical evaluation that obtains the same information as the questionnaire) will be completed during normal work hours and at no cost to the employee. Each employee who is required to wear a respirator must complete the medical evaluation questionnaire (*Appendix 5*) of this document, or equivalent form that obtains the same information), which will be reviewed by a physician or other licensed health care professional (PLHCP) to determine their ability to wear a respirator. The questionnaire will be completed confidentially by the employee and submitted to the PLHCP. Management will not read the completed questionnaire or assist the employee in filling out the questionnaire. If the employee cannot read the questionnaire, the employee may ask for a confidential reader (see definitions) for assistance, or the employer may obtain an independent translator for the worker, if the worker so desires.

PLHCP NAME:

PLHCP ADDRESS:

The PLHCP will receive the following information to assist in evaluating the questionnaire:

- Type of respirator (filtering facepiece, half-face, full-face, SCBA, etc.)
- Weight of respirator
- Duration/Frequency of use
- Expected physical effort (medium to heavy)
- Additional protective clothing and equipment worn
- Temperature/Humidity extremes
- Copy of this Respiratory Protection Program
- Copy of 3 CCR, Section 6739 (from CDPR website)

After the PLHCP has reviewed the questionnaire or completed the physical examination, they will send the results of the medical evaluation to the RPA and the employee. The PLHCP may use the Medical Recommendation Form (*Appendix 6*) or similar documentation for the results. The recommendation will be retained by the RPA.

When a new or different PLHCP is used, the RPA shall ensure that the new PLHCP obtains the necessary information by having the documents transferred from the former PLHCP to the new PLHCP.

This organization shall provide subsequent/additional medical evaluations if any of the following occur:

- The worker reports medical signs or symptoms related to their inability to use a respirator.
- PLHCP, supervisor, or RPA informs management that a worker needs to be re-evaluated.
- Information from the RPA, including observations made during fit testing and program evaluation, indicates a need.
- Changes in workplace conditions that may substantially increase the physiological burden on a worker.

3 CCR § 6739 (e)(p). Respiratory Protection: Fit Test Records.

- Previous programs shall be retained for **three years**
- Fit test records shall include:
 - name or ID of employee tested
 - date and type of test
 - specific make, model and size of respirator tested
 - test results

Appendix One

Respirator Fit Test Record for ORGANIZATION

ID Number:	_____	Date of Test:	_____
Employee Last Name:	_____		
Employee First Name:	_____		
Age:	_____	Sex:	_____
Trainer:	_____		
Respirator Name:	_____	Size/Type:	_____
Tests Used:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

(This form provides a basic example of the information that may be recorded on a fit test record. Other data recording methods that record the same basic information are acceptable.)

3 CCR § 6739 (j)(1). Respiratory Protection: Respirators Inspected.

- Routine-use respirators are inspected before each use and during cleaning.
- Emergency Respirators shall be inspected monthly and shall have a record showing the last date of inspection.
- SCBA respirators:
 - at least one *routine-use* SCBA cylinder at the use site starts the day at 80% of capacity or greater.
 - *Emergency-use* SCBA must be maintained at **100% of capacity**.

[illegible]

3 CCR § 6739(h)(4). Respiratory Protection: Respirator Storage.

- Employer shall provide each respirator user with a respirator that is clean, sanitary, and in good working order
- Respirators are stored in a manner that protects them from damage, contamination, dust, sunlight, extreme temperatures, excessive moisture and damaging chemicals.
- Respirators packed/stored to prevent deformation of face piece and exhalation valve.

3 CCR § 6739 (b)(2). Respiratory Protection: Voluntary Use Display.

- Voluntary use display must be posted when employees are permitted to wear respirators that are provided by the employer but not required by label or permit conditions.

Appendix Four

Voluntary Respirator Use Posting [Subsection (r) posting]

Respirators are an effective method of protection against designated hazards when properly selected and worn. Respirator use is encouraged even when exposures are below the exposure limit, to provide an additional level of comfort and protection for workers. However, if a respirator is used improperly or not kept clean, the respirator itself can become a hazard to the worker. Sometimes, workers may wear respirators to avoid exposures to hazards, even if the amount of hazardous substance does not exceed the limits set by OSHA standards. If your employer provides respirators for your voluntary use, or if you provide your own respirator, you need to take certain precautions to be sure that the respirator itself does not present a hazard.

You should do the following:

1. Read and follow all instructions provided by the manufacturer on use, maintenance, cleaning and care, and warnings regarding the respirators limitations.
2. Choose respirators certified for use to protect against the contaminant of concern. NIOSH, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, certifies respirators. A label or statement of certification should appear on the respirator or respirator packaging. It will tell you what the respirator is designed for and how much it will protect you.
3. Do not wear your respirator into atmospheres containing contaminants for which your respirator is not designated to protect against. For example, a respirator designed to filter dust particles will not protect you against gases, vapors or very small solid particles of fumes or smoke.
4. Keep track of your respirator so that you do not mistakenly use someone else's respirator.
5. Air filtering respirators DO NOT SUPPLY OXYGEN. Do not use in situations where the oxygen levels are questionable or unknown.

MEDICAL SUPERVISION PROGRAM

3CCR § 6728(a), 6728(b), 6728(c), 6728(c)(5)

3 CCR § 6728(a). Medical Supervision: Use Records Retained.

- Use records must be available for all Carbamate and Organophosphate “Danger” and “Warning” pesticides applied by employees
- Records maintained for three years
- Must include:
 - employee’s name
 - name of pesticide
 - date of use

3 CCR § 6728(b). Medical Supervision: Doctor's Agreement Available.

The employer must have a written agreement stating that a physician has agreed to provide medical supervision

- Names and addresses of employer and physician
- Statement that the physician possesses a copy and is aware of the contents of the Medical Supervision of Pesticide Workers – Guidelines for Physicians

3 CCR § 6728(c). Medical Supervision: Records.

Employer must keep:

- Agreement with medical supervisor
- Use exposure records
- Recommendations from medical supervisor
- Results of cholinesterase (ChE) tests performed

3 CCR § 6728(c)(5). Medical Supervision: Posting.

- Medical supervisor information
 - Name
 - Address
 - Phone number
- Must be posted in a prominent place at
 - Headquarters
 - Where employees start workday
 - On work vehicle
- Note: this posting is in addition to the emergency medical care posting

RECORDS

FAC § 11701, 11732, 11701.5, 11901, 11920, 12004, 3CCR § 6412/6632, 6619,
6624, 6626-6628

FAC § 11701 and 11732. Business Licensed & Registered in County

Licensed

- Valid pest control business license issued by the DPR.
- Both principal (main) and branch pest control business locations must be currently licensed.

Registered

- Registered with the commissioner for the current calendar year.
- Registration shall include:
 - Name and address of the registrant.
 - Number and kind of units to be operated in the county.
 - Type of pests that are intended to be controlled.
 - Any other information as the commissioner may require.

FAC § 11701.5. Work Supervised by Qualified Person.

- Every principal and branch office of a business licensed shall have at least one person in a supervisory position who holds a QAL
- QAL shall include the categories of pest control activities supervised by that person who is employed by that business.

FAC § 11901. Pilot(s) Holds Valid Certificate.

- Unlawful for any person to operate any aircraft in pest control unless the pilot operating the aircraft holds:
 1. valid DPR issued pest control aircraft pilot's certificate (journeyman/apprentice)
 2. appropriate and valid commercial pilot's certificate
 3. current appropriate medical certificate issued by the Federal Aviation Administration.

FAC § 11920. Pilot(s) Registered in County.

- Unlawful for any person to act as a pest control aircraft pilot in any county without first registering with the appropriate county agricultural commissioner.
- Are apprentice certificate holders supervised by a journeyman pilot?
- Is a journeyman pilots, currently registered with that county, named on the apprentice pilot's county registration?

FAC § 12004. Recommendations Retained.

- Agricultural PCAs and PCOs shall retain one copy of each written recommendation for **one year**
- Copy of a recommendation shall be immediately furnished to the agricultural commissioner upon request.

3CCR § 6412 and § 6632. Valid Permits for Restricted Materials.

Restricted Material Permit Requirements

- Restricted materials shall be possessed or used only under permit of the commissioner (if no commissioner, then under permit of director)
- Authorized to retain possession of materials for which the permit was valid after such permit expires, IF properly stored.

Recommendation and Use Permit

- Engaged for hire in the business of pest control? Must have copy of both of the following covering each agricultural use application of a pesticide that requires a permit
 - written recommendation/work order that contains the elements of a recommendation
 - copy of use permit authorizing treatment of that site with that pesticide

3CCR § 6619. Application Completion Records.

- Must be retained for 2yrs
- PCBs shall assure notice is provided to the operator of the property treated **within 24 hours of completion**
- PCB provides notice to any of their handler employees who may enter or walk within ¼ mile of a treated field during the REI
- Notice via direct communication, post notice on operator's property, phone, fax

Application-Completion Notification/ Application Specific Information

A copy of this should be displayed or given as notice in ample time, in a language understandable, to all the employees of the property operator, pest control operators, and/or farm labor contractors who may be, or have employees working on the operators property.

Date Time		Application Site, Acreage, and Location	Applicator	Notification by applicator *		Material name, Reg #, active ingredient, toxicity category)	REI period	Other notification methods (posting, oral)	Pre- harvest interval	Special precautions to be taken related to protection of employees
Application	Completion			Pre	Post					

Treated fields are fields that have been treated with any pesticide in the last 30 days + REI (restricted entry interval). Only trained fieldworkers are allowed to enter or work in a treated field. Entry into fields under a REI should only be allowed when special label requirements and California State regulations are followed (CCR 6770). Application specific information must be displayed when operator receives notification. Displayed means unimpeded access without having to ask anyone for the information during normal business hours. *Notification log for property operators.

Form GH-1

3CCR § 6624. Pesticide Use Records.

- PURs must be maintained for two years by person who uses registered pesticides:
 - For agricultural use
 - When engaged in business of pest control
 - Classified as restricted material
 - For industrial post-harvest commodity treatment
 - Listed in 3CCR § 6800(b) (Groundwater Protection List) for any outdoor institutional or outdoor industrial use.
- Records shall include (pesticide applicators):
 - Date of application and hour treatment completed
 - Name of the operator & OP ID
 - Location of property treated & site ID
 - Crop commodity, or site treated
 - Total acreage
 - EPA number and amount used
 - Name or identity of the person(s) who made and supervised the application

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MONTHLY SUMMARY PESTICIDE USE REPORT
DPR/PML-080 (REV. 8/15) PAGE 1 OF 2

DEPARTMENT OF PESTICIDE REGULATION
PEST MANAGEMENT AND LICENSING BRANCH

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM ARE INDICATED BELOW AND ON THE REVERSE SIDE

OPERATOR (FIRM NAME) ADDRESS CITY ZIP CODE PHONE NUMBER

OPERATOR ID/IDENTITY NUMBER LICENSE NUMBER COUNTY WHERE APPLIED COUNTY NUMBER MONTH/YEAR OF USE TOTAL NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS

1. Complete Columns A, B, C, and D for All Users.
2. Complete Column E by using one of the following codes:
Code 10 - Structural Pest Control... includes any pest control work performed within or on buildings and other structures.
Code 30 - Landscape Maintenance Pest Control... includes any pest control work performed on landscape plantings around residences or other buildings, golf courses, parks, cemeteries, etc.
Code 40 - Right-of-Way Pest Control... includes any pest control work performed along roadways, power lines, median strips, ditch banks, and similar sites.
Code 50 - Public Health Pest Control... includes any pest control work performed by or under contract with State or local public health or vector control agencies.
Code 70 - Marijuana... includes any pest control for work performed on or around marijuana.
Code 80 - Vertebrate Pest Control... includes any vertebrate pest control work performed by public agencies or work under the supervision of the State or county agricultural commissioner.
Code 91 - Commodity Fumigation (Nonbooth/contee)... includes fumigation of nonbooth/contee commodities such as pallets, dunnage, furniture, outfall bags, etc.
Code 100 - Regulatory Pest Control... includes any pest control work performed by public employees or contractors in the control of regulated pests.
3. Complete Columns F and G, if use does not fit one of the above codes.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
MANUFACTURER AND NAME OF PRODUCT APPLIED	EPA/CALIFORNIA REGISTRATION NUMBER FROM LABEL INCLUDE ALPHA CODE	TOTAL PRODUCT USED (Check One Unit of Measure)	NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS	CODE	COMMODITY OR SITE TREATED	ACRES/UNITS TREATED
		<input type="checkbox"/> LB <input type="checkbox"/> OZ <input type="checkbox"/> PT <input type="checkbox"/> QT <input type="checkbox"/> GA				
		<input type="checkbox"/> LB <input type="checkbox"/> OZ <input type="checkbox"/> PT <input type="checkbox"/> QT <input type="checkbox"/> GA				
		<input type="checkbox"/> LB <input type="checkbox"/> OZ <input type="checkbox"/> PT <input type="checkbox"/> QT <input type="checkbox"/> GA				
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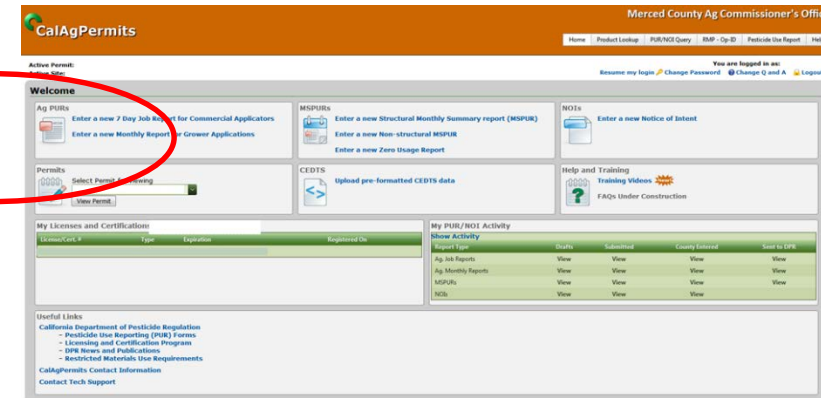
REPORT PREPARED BY DATE

Distribution: CAC - Two copies; Report preparer - One copy

Print Form

3CCR § 6626-6628. Pesticide Use Reports Submitted.

- Production Agriculture Monthly Pesticide Use Report 3CCR § 6626
 - PCBs applying registered pesticides to properties producing an agricultural commodity
- Monthly Summary Pesticide Use Report 3CCR § 6627
 - 1. PCBs applying registered pesticides to properties not producing an agricultural commodity
 - 2. Any person applying registered pesticides:
 - For an agricultural use.
 - Classified as a restricted material.
 - For an industrial post-harvest commodity treatment.
 - Listed in 3CCR § 6800(b) for any outdoor institutional or outdoor industrial use.
- Negative Pesticide Use Reports 3CCR § 6628
 - PCBs that are registered in the county that perform no applications during any month must submit a negative use report.



STORAGE

3CCR § 6672(b), 6674, 6676, 6678, 6680, 6684

3CCR § 6672 (b). Pesticide Storage: Containers Secured.

- Applies to:
 - any person who controls the use of a property and stores any pesticide
 - any person delivering empty or full containers of any pesticide to a property
- Containers/equipment not in a locked enclosure? Ok if someone maintains control over them at all times
- Must not be stored in a manner that creates a hazard to persons, animals, food, feed or property



3CCR § 6674. Pesticide Storage: Posted “Warning/Danger”.

- Signs shall be posted around all storage areas where containers that hold pesticides labeled with the signal words "WARNING" or "DANGER" are stored.
- Readable at a distance of **25 feet**:
 - DANGER
 - POISON STORAGE AREA
 - ALL UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS KEEP OUT
 - KEEP DOOR LOCKED WHEN NOT IN USE
- Repeated in an appropriate language when anticipated that persons who do not understand the English language will come to the enclosure.



DANGER

**POISON STORAGE AREA
ALL UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS
KEEP OUT**

KEEP DOORS LOCKED WHEN NOT IN USE

PELIGRO

**ÁREA DE ALMACENAMIENTO DE VENENO
TODAS LAS PERSONAS NO AUTORIZADAS
MANTÉNGANSE AFUERA
MANTENER LAS PUERTAS CERRADAS CON
LLAVE CUANDO NO SE ESTÁ USANDO**

3CCR § 6676. Pesticide Storage: Containers Labeled/Closures.

- All pesticide containers, including refillable large containers or tanks, carry the registrant's labeling and that all lids or closures are securely tightened.
- Exemptions:
 - Sanitizers, disinfectants, or medical sterilants (3CCR § 6686)
 - Measuring devices that are not used to store or transport a pesticide. Guidance
 - Service containers that are properly labeled do not need the registrants labeling (3CCR § 6678)
 - Containers that have been triple rinsed do not need to have lids.



3CCR § 6678. Pesticide Storage: Service Container Labeling.

Service containers shall be labeled with:

- name and address of the person or firm responsible for the container;
- identity of the pesticide in the container; and
- the word "Danger", "Warning", or "Caution"

Example of violations:

- Containers with no labeling
- Incomplete labeling
- Multiple label tags that don't accurately reflect contents

3CCR § 668o. Pesticide Storage: Proper Containers.

- In no case shall a pesticide be placed or kept in any container of a type commonly used for **food, drink or household products**.
- Does not prohibit end users from using generic plastic or glass bottles, plastic bags or similar containers (that have no identifiable food or beverage use labeling) as service containers.



3CCR § 6684. Pesticide Storage: Containers Properly Rinsed.

- Less than 28 gallons of a liquid pesticide that is diluted for use shall be rinsed and drained by the user at time of use as follows:
 - <5 gal. = 1/4 container volume
 - >5 gal. = 1/5 container volume
- Handlers must triple rinse and drain containers **at the time of use.**
- Handlers must **add the rinsate to the mix tank and use the rinsate in the application**
- Not allowed in CA: Some retail pesticide product labeling includes statements advising users to wrap partially full containers in newspaper and dispose in regular waste containers

