























Plant Highlights

“Plant Collector’s Paradise”

<p>Abutilon ‘Bartley Schwartz’ Abutilon ‘Souvenir de Bonn’</p>		<p>Flowering Maple, Chinese Lantern</p>
		<p>Native to South America, this plant requires good drainage and is prized for its showy flowers. ‘Bartley Schwartz’ is known for constant flower production. Partial shade and moderate to regular water. Part shade.</p>
<p>Acacia covenyi</p>		<p>Blue bush</p>
		<p>An Australian native, this shrub/small tree can reach 20 feet. In spring ½” wide bright yellow flower heads appear. Requires little water, well-drained soil, and can tolerate hard frosts and temperatures below 15F. Full sun.</p>
<p>Anigozanthos ‘Harmony’</p>		<p>Kangaroo Paw</p>
		<p>Native to Australia, this evergreen has spikes of velvety tubular flowers in yellow, orange, red, green, pink & combinations. Flowers are long lasting and attractive to hummingbirds. Excellent drainage is required to control fungus rot. Periodic deep watering. Blooms late spring to fall if flower stalks are cut to the ground. Can be cut back in winter. Full sun.</p>
<p>Sisyrinchium bellum</p>		<p>Blue Eyed grass</p>
		<p>Native to coastal CA and Oregon. A member of the Iris family. Full sun to light shade and occasional water. Flowers close at night and on cloudy days. Self sows freely, is best planted in large drifts and is well suited for informal gardens and native planting areas. Full sun to part shade.</p>
<p>Armeria maritima</p>		<p>Thrift, Sea pink</p>
		<p>Compact slowly spreading mounds that flower in spring and early summer. Deadheading will prolong flowering. Good drainage is essential. Occasional to little water is required along the coast. It tolerates moderate water in dry climates. Clumps spread slowly and need dividing when a bare center starts to show. The variety californica is native to coastal bluffs in CA. Full sun.</p>

<p>Campanula poscharskyana 'Waterfall'</p>		<p>Serbian bellflower</p>
		<p>A vigorous spreader mounding to 8" high and 1' wide. Foliage remains evergreen in mild winters and blooms from late spring to early fall. It requires little water, is not fussy about soil, is low maintenance and a good ground cover. Can be divided in spring or fall. Full sun to part shade.</p>
<p>Cordyline australis</p>		<p>Dracaena australis</p>
		<p>Native to New Zealand, this is the hardiest of cordylines. Fragrant ¼" flowers in long branching clusters in late spring. Cut back when young to for multiple trunks. In maturity, a tree 20 – 30' tall by 6 – 12' wide. Full sun.</p> <p>Can be grown as a houseplant but will rarely bloom. Too keep indoors grow in an undersized pot repotting annually.</p>
<p>Echeveria imbricata</p>		<p>Hens and Chicks</p>
		<p>UC Davis Arboretum All Star Plant. Spring bloomer, Once established water deeply every 2 weeks. This succulent is naturally drought-tolerant. Sculptured foliage forms rosettes that look like blue-green flowers. Blooms are carried on bright pink spikes each spring. Part Shade.</p>
<p>Echium wildpretii</p>		<p>Tower of Jewels</p>
		<p>Biennial with a rosette of silvery grey leaves and a tall spike of dark pink to rose-red flowers in late spring. Dies after flowering. Attractive to bees, hummingbirds, butterflies. Ignored by deer. Good drainage is required. Full sun.</p>
<p>Picea abies 'Nidiformis'</p>		<p>Bird's Nest Spruce</p>
		<p>The branches of this spruce are characterized by dense growth to 3 – 5' tall and 4 – 6' wide with flat tops or semi-erect branches that curve outward leaving a shallow depression at the top giving the appearance of a bird's nest. Tolerates heat and humidity and is extremely hardy and wind resistant. Little to moderate water. Full sun to part shade.</p>
<p>Aloe striata & Aloe 'Goliath'</p>		<p>Aloe</p>
		<p>Native to South Africa most aloes tolerate full sun along the coast but require afternoon shade in hot locations. They require excellent drainage and occasional water. The tubular or oblong flowers on tall stems in late winter to late spring are attractive to bees and hummingbirds. Aloe striata is tolerant of drought and frost. Full sun to part sun.</p>



CA Native Little to DT Low to Moderate Regular Water Deer Tolerant Habitat Small Garden Friendly