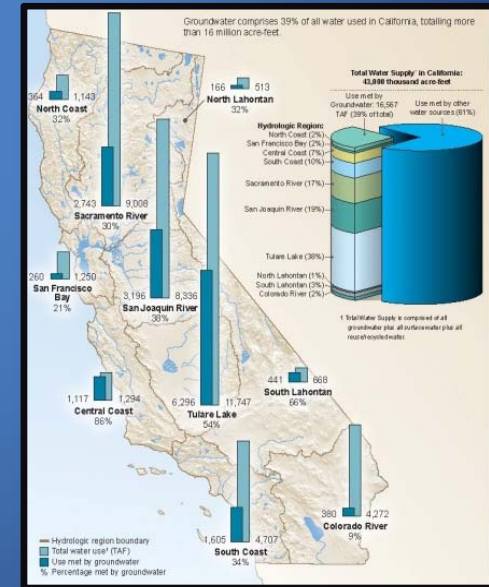
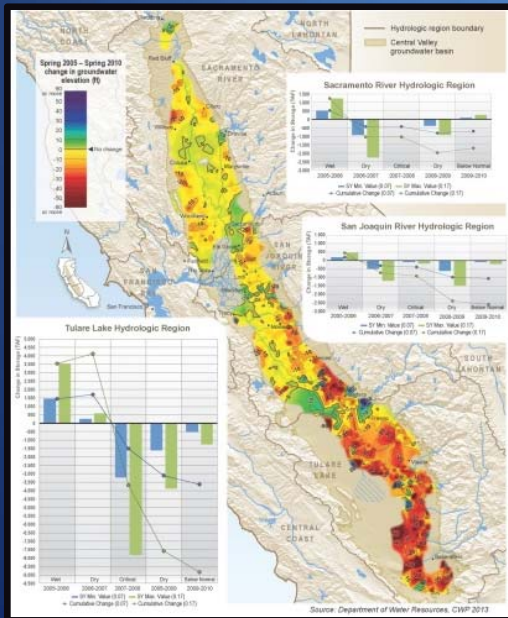




DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

Implementation of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act

2015 Northern Sacramento Valley Water Dialogue

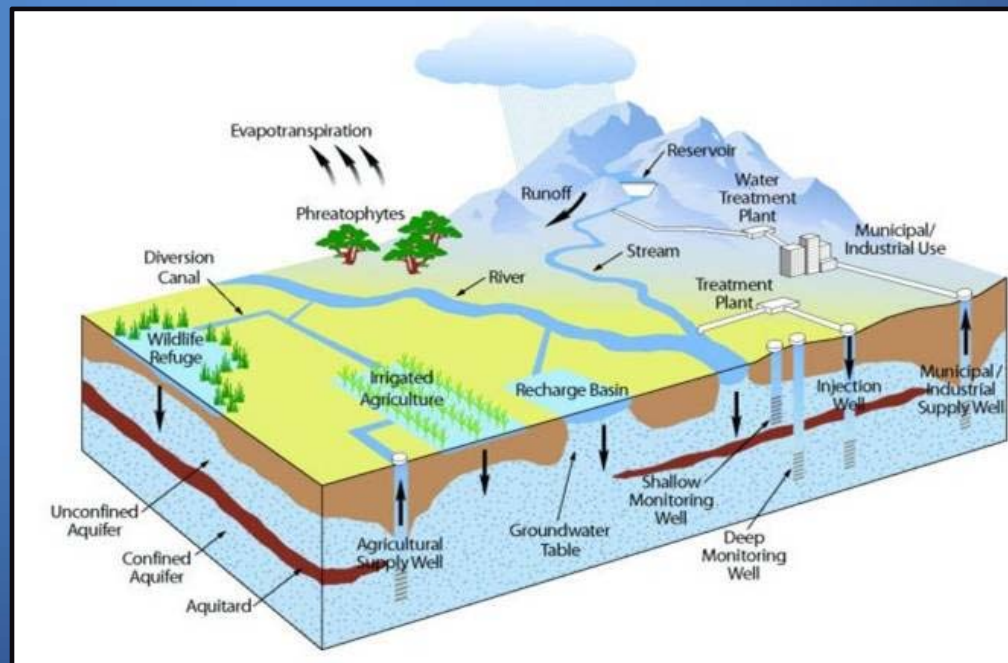


April 30, 2015

Dan McManus
dan.mcmanus@water.ca.gov
(530) 529-7373

Presentation Overview:

- *2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act*
- *DWR Groundwater Sustainability Program*
- *Near Term Actions...*



Sustainable Groundwater Management Act

Navigating the Acronyms

SGMA: Sustainable Groundwater Management Act

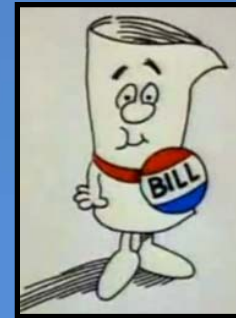
SGMP: Sustainable Groundwater Management Program

GSA: Sustainable Groundwater Management Agency

GSP: Sustainable Groundwater Management Plan



2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Legislation

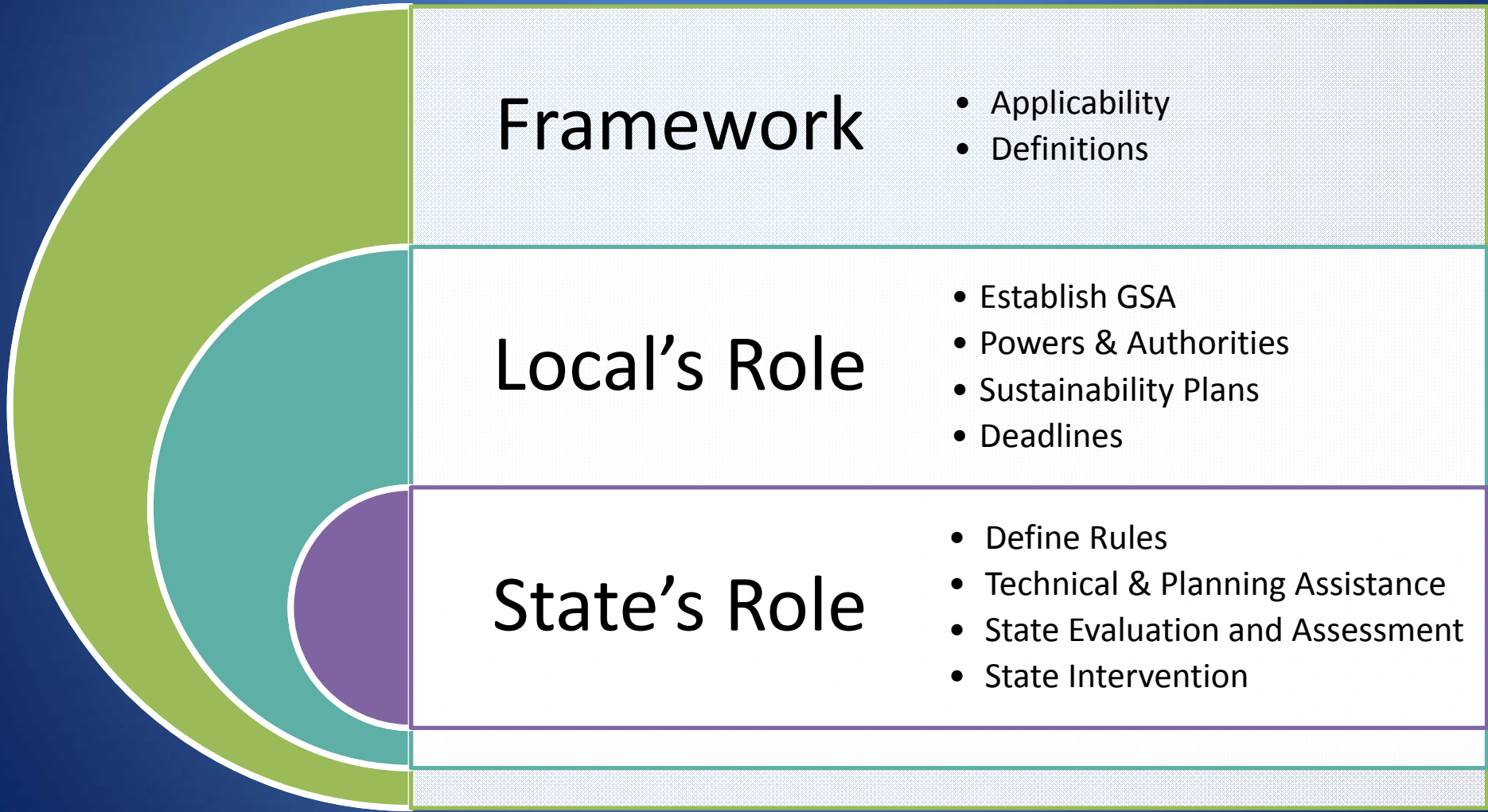


- AB 1739: Dickinson
- SB 1168: Pavley
- SB 1319: Pavley

Key Guiding Principle: *Sustainable groundwater management is best achieved locally through the development, implementation, and updating of plans and programs based on the best available science.*



Sustainable Groundwater Management Act General Overview



SGMA Intended Outcomes/Expectations

Outcomes/Expectations:

- To provide for the sustainable management of groundwater basins;
- To enhance local GW management consistent with existing rights;
- To avoid or minimize subsidence;
- To improve data collection and understanding about groundwater;
- To increase groundwater storage;
- To ensure that local agencies manage groundwater in a sustainable manner; and...
- To provide State intervention if local or regional agencies are not able to sustainably manage local groundwater resources.



SGMA Expectations Driven by Upcoming Regulations and Key Definitions...

(WC § 10721)

Local Agency:

“A public agency that has water supply, water management, or land use responsibilities within a groundwater basin.”

Sustainable Groundwater Management:

“The management and use of groundwater in a manner that can be maintained during the planning and implementation horizon without causing undesirable results.”

Sustainable Yield:

“The maximum quantity of water, calculated over a base period representative of long-term conditions in the basin and including any temporary surplus, that can be withdrawn annually from a groundwater supply without causing an undesirable result. ”



SGMA Expectations Driven by Upcoming Regulations and Key Definitions...

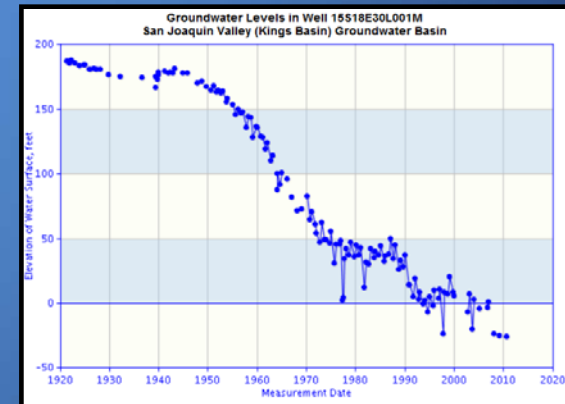
(WC § 10721)

Undesirable Results: One or more of the following...

- 1. Chronic lowering of gw levels indicating a significant and unreasonable depletion of supply if continued over the planning and implementation horizon. Overdraft during a drought is not sufficient...***

Significant and unreasonable...

- reduction of groundwater storage
- seawater intrusion
- degradation of water quality
- land subsidence
- depletions of interconnected surface water resulting in impacts on beneficial uses of the surface water

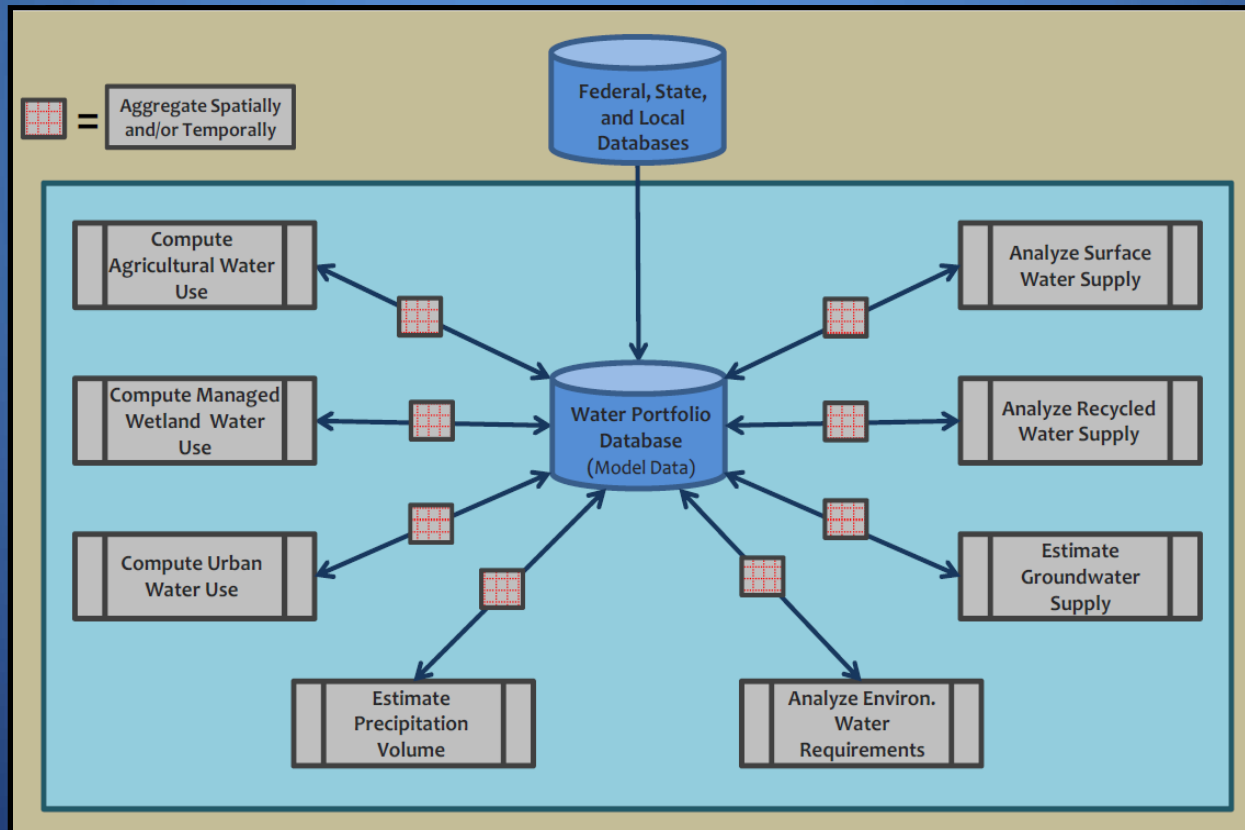


Expectations Driven by Upcoming Regulations and Key SGMA Definitions...

(WC § 10721)

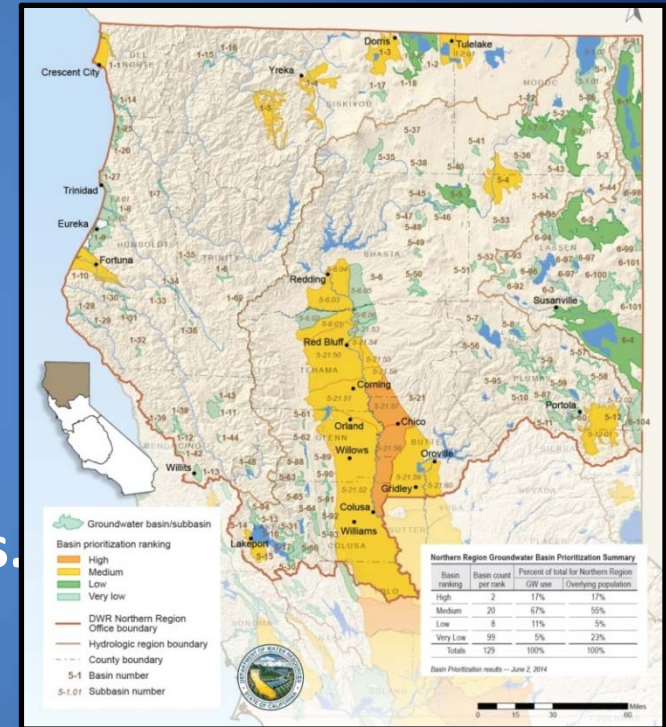
Water Budget:

“An accounting of the total groundwater and surface water entering and leaving a basin including the changes in the amount of water stored.”



SGMA Requires that a GSPs be adopted for High and Medium groundwater basins

- Limited to “high & medium priority basins” 127 out of 515 basins in the state
- Adjudicated basins are exempt, except for minimal reporting
- “Low & very low priority” basins are exempt, but are encouraged to adopt plans.



*** Initial Basin Priority = June, 2014 Results**

Basin Priority will be updated to Include impacts to habitat and stream flow

June 2014 Basin Prioritization Results

http://water.ca.gov/groundwater/casgem/basin_prioritization.cfm



SGMA Establishes a timetable for Sustainable Management



- By 2017, local groundwater sustainability agencies (GSA) must be identified.
- By 2020, overdrafted basins must be covered by a groundwater sustainability plan (GSP). Other high & medium priority basins not in overdraft must have plans by 2022.
- By 2040, each high & medium priority basin must achieve sustainability, though this can be extended by 10 years for good cause.



SGMA Provides New Groundwater Management Authority and Tools

- Provides a process for requesting Basin Boundary changes
- Authorizes creation of GSAs
- Empowers GSAs to:
 - Register groundwater wells
 - Measure extractions
 - Require reports
 - Manage extractions
 - Assess fees
- Exempts preparation of local GSPs from CEQA
- Establishes “sustainability goal” over time to guide management



SGMA Allows for Flexibility in GSA Development

...with the expectation that GSA development will help achieve sustainable management implemented without undesirable results

Multiple Options for GSA Development: (WC § 10727.2)

- 1. Single GSA, Single GSP...Covering Entire Basin,***
- 2. Multiple GSAs, Single GSP...Covering Entire Basin,***
- 3. Multiple GSAs, Multiple GSPs, with “Single Coordination Agreement”***

******All Options Require Establishing a Common Understanding of the Basin***



SGMA Allows for Flexibility in GSA Development

Expectations for a GSAs to establish a Common Understanding increases with Multiple GSAs & Multiple GSPs over a single basin...

Coordination Agreement: GSAs must make sure individual GSPs utilize the same data, methodologies, and assumptions for individual GSPs.

Coordinating Data...

- ***GW Elevation Data***
- ***GW Extraction Data***
- ***Surface Water Supply***
- ***Total Water use***
- ***Change in GW Storage***
- ***Water Budget***
- ***Sustainable Yield***



SGMA Provides for Tribal Participation

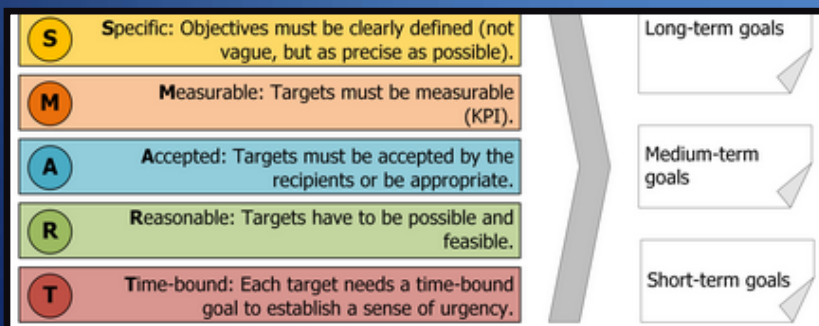
Water Code: 10720.3

- Federally recognized tribes may participate through a Joint Powers Agreement or other agreement with local agencies in the basin.
- Participating tribes are eligible to conduct planning, financing, and management under SGMA, including eligibility for grants and technical assistance.
- Exercise of regulatory authority, enforcement, or collection of fees needs to be pursuant to the tribe's authority and not pursuant to the authority granted under SGMA
- Federally reserved water rights to groundwater shall be respected in full.



SGMA Establishes Some Basic Requirements for GSPs:

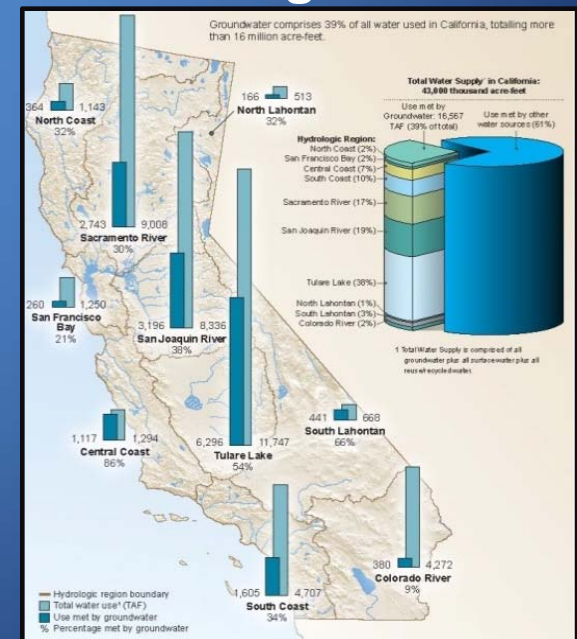
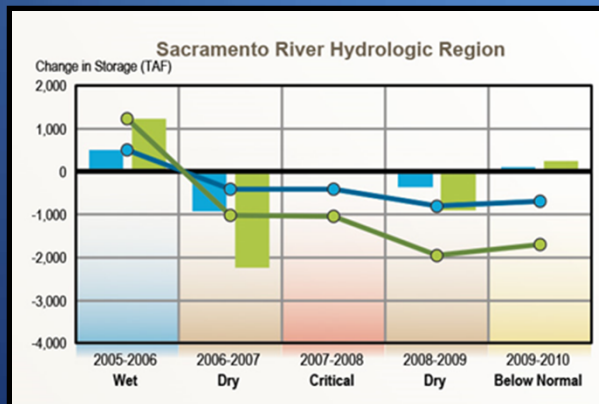
- Description of physical setting
- Identification of groundwater conditions: (levels, quality, subsidence, groundwater – surface water interaction)
- Historic and projected water demands and supplies
- Maps: basin and agency boundaries, recharge areas.
- Measurable Objectives with Interim Milestones (every 5 yrs) to achieve sustainability in 20 yrs.
- Description of how GSP is given consideration in city and county General Plans



SGMA Establishes Basic Expectations for Annual GSA Reporting to DWR

GSA Annual Reporting Requirements to DWR... (WC § 10728)

- Groundwater elevation data
- Annual aggregated data identifying groundwater extraction for the preceding water year
- Surface water supply
- Water supply available for use for groundwater recharge or in-lieu use
- Total water use
- Change in groundwater storage



SGMA Provides the Opportunity for Local Agencies to Adjust Basin Boundaries

Question for Potential GSAs: Are the existing boundaries appropriate for the governance and implementation of sustainable groundwater management or are adjustments needed?

By January 1, 2016 DWR will develop Regulations and Criteria to Evaluate Proposed Basin Boundary Revisions: WC § 10722.2

Information Requirements

- 1. Will the proposed adjusted basin result in sustainable groundwater management?***
- 2. Has the necessary Technical Information/Justification been provided?***
- 3. Has the GSA Coordinated proposed basins changes with interested local agencies and public water systems within or adjacent to the basin?***



SGMA Provides DWR Authority to Develop Regulations for Review/Assessment of GSPs:

General GSP Expectations...

- ✓ ***Are the GSAs collecting, managing, and analyzing data appropriately to evaluate long-term sustainability?***
- ✓ ***Are basins with multiple GSPs coordinating effectively?***
- ✓ ***Does implementation of one GSP adversely affect the ability of an adjacent basin to implement their sustainability goals?***
- ✓ ***Is the GSP implementing their objectives, meeting their milestones, and achieving the sustainability goal within the basin?***
- ✓ ***Are corrective actions needed?***



SGMA Provides for State Oversight (backstop)... *if needed*

- DWR evaluates GSPs within two years of submission.
- State Water Board Intervention:
 - No governance structure for a basin after 2 ½ years
 - No plan after five years (overdrafted basins) or ten years (other basins)
 - Plan is inadequate and the basin has serious groundwater problems
 - Local agency has not adequately implemented the plan and the basin has serious groundwater problems
- State Board must return control to local agencies as soon as they adopt an adequate plan.
- State Board may limit its temporary control to the portion of the basin not being managed.



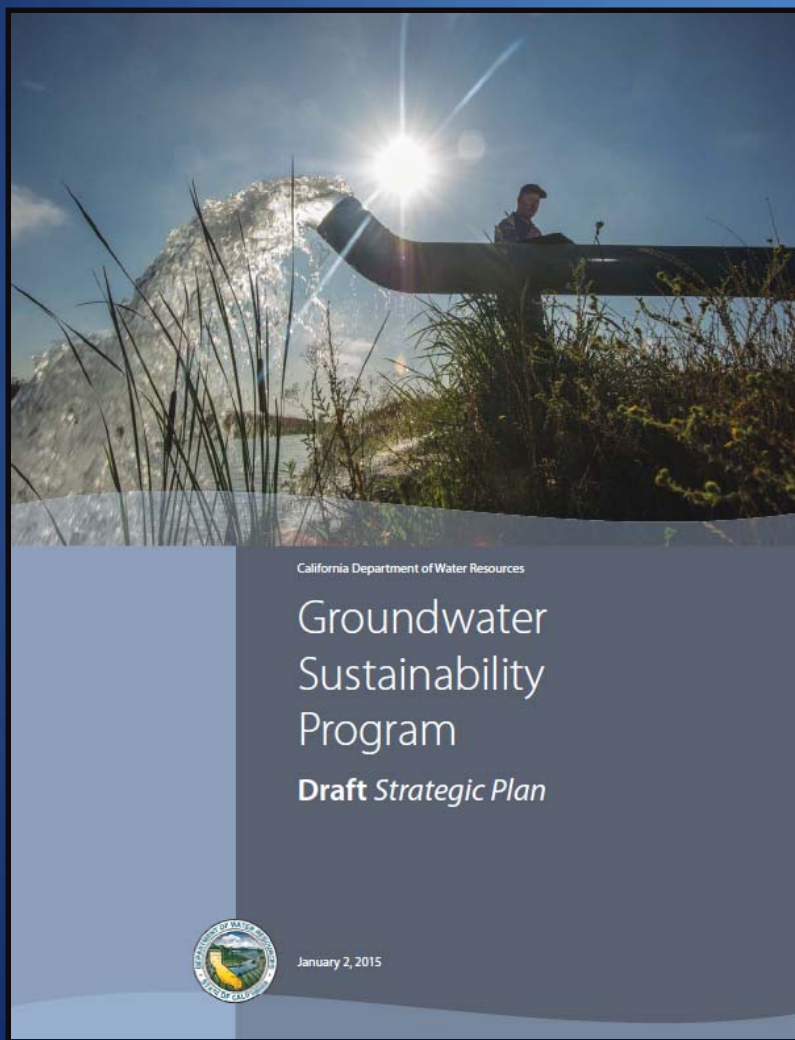
SGMA's Overall Expectations for GSAs and GSPs

Do the GSAs and GSPs demonstrate a good understanding of...

- ✓ Local Issues and Interests?
- ✓ Aquifer Characteristics?
 - Occurrence and movement of GW (recharge & discharge)
 - Seasonal and long-term changes in GW levels
 - GW Demand vs Change in GW in Storage
 - Existing and Potential Subsidence
 - Hydrogeologic relationship between nearby basins...inflow, underflow, etc.
- ✓ Well infrastructure numbers & distribution (domestic, agricultural, public supply, monitoring.)?
- ✓ Well Permitting Oversight?
- ✓ Land use planning?
- ✓ Water Budgets?...and how they change under:
 - Existing and forecasted Supply & Demand (land use practices)
 - Changes in Supply Reliability (regulatory cutbacks vs changing hydrology/climate)



DWR Implementation of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Program



Groundwater Sustainability Program Strategic Plan

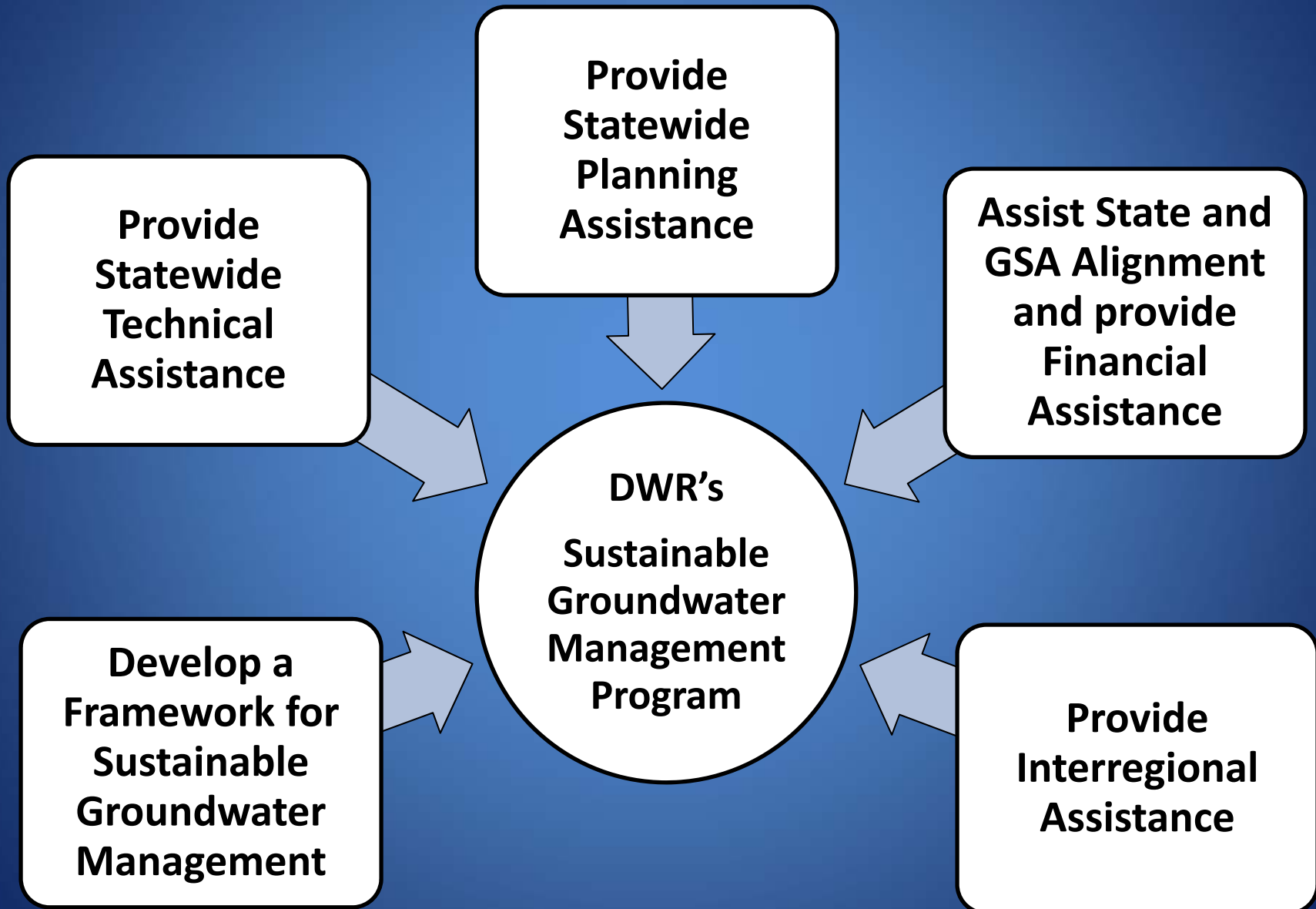
Describes DWR role and responsibilities under the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act and outlines related actions from the California Water Action Plan.



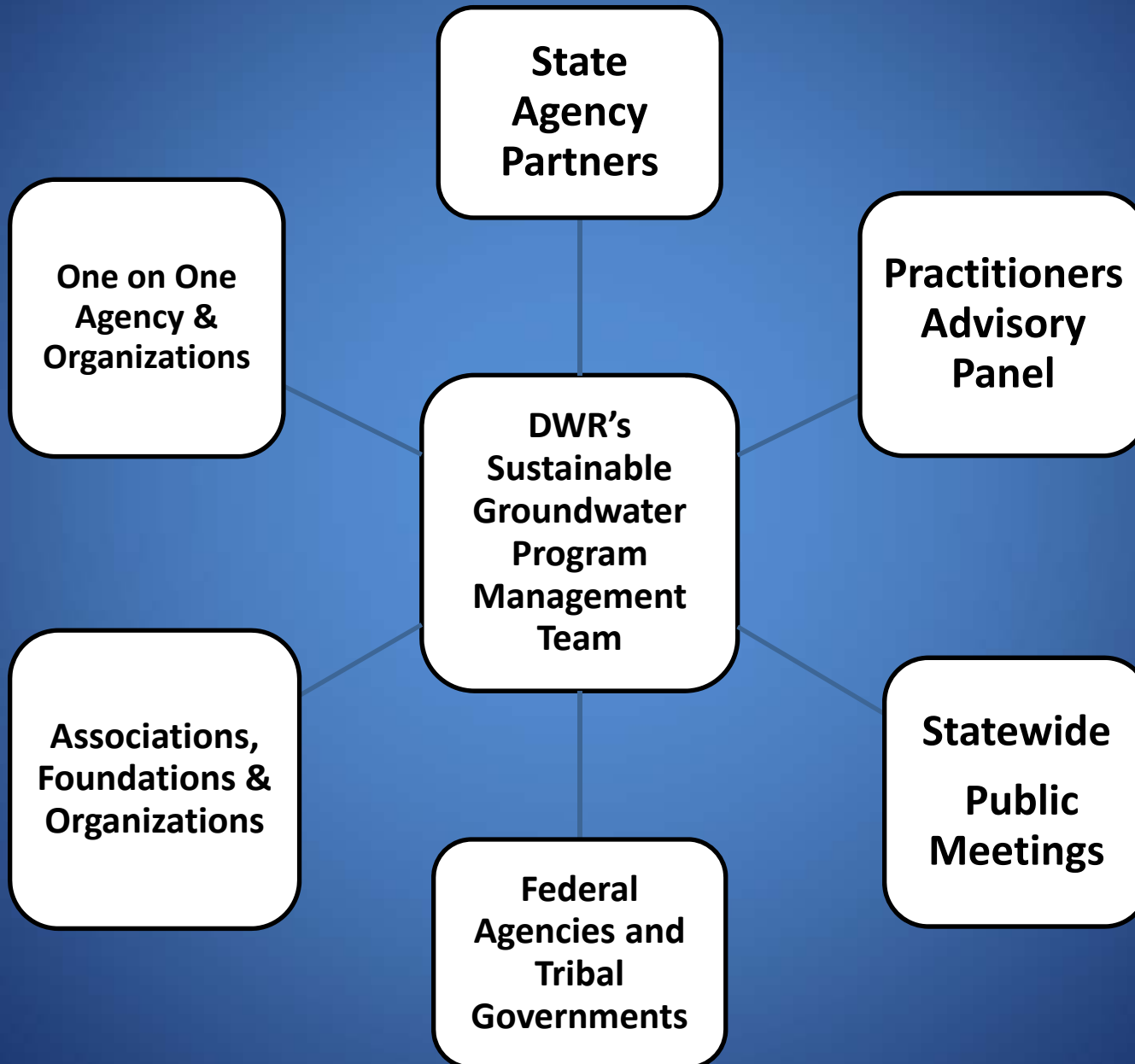
DWR Rollout: *Phased Implementation of Legislation to Achieve Sustainable Groundwater Management*



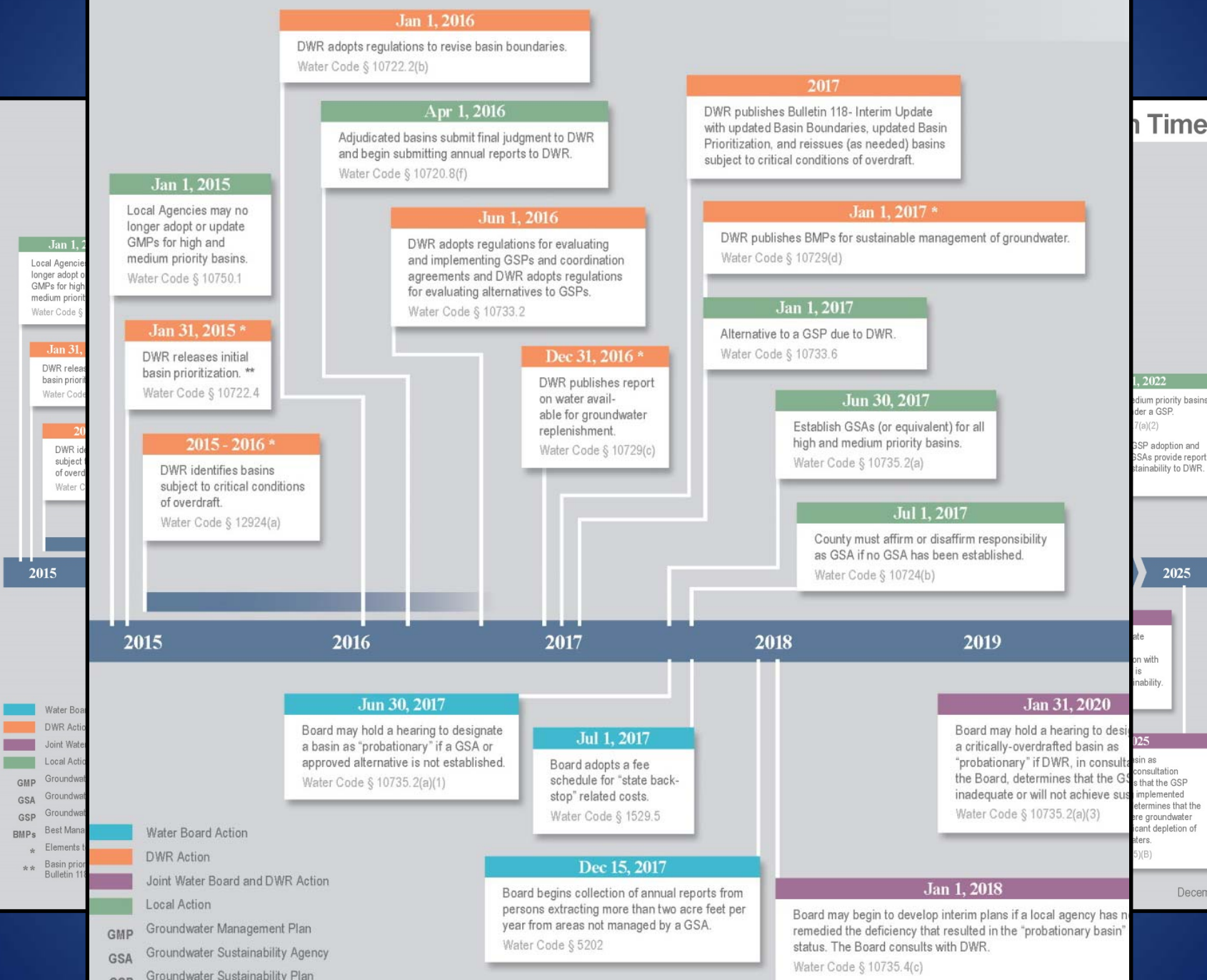
DWR's Sustainable Groundwater Management Program Objectives



Communication and Outreach



Timeline



- Water Board Action
- DWR Action
- Joint Water Board and DWR Action
- Local Action
- GMP Groundwater Management Plan
- GSA Groundwater Sustainability Agency
- GSP Groundwater Sustainability Plan
- BMPs Best Management Practices
- * Elements of a GSP
- ** Basin prioritization under Bulletin 118

SGMA Immediate Actions

**Developing
Regulations
for Basin
Boundaries**

**Updating
Basin
Prioritization**

**Identify
basins
subject to
conditions of
critical
overdraft**

**Developing
Regulations
for
Groundwater
Sustainability
Plans**



Basin Boundary and GSP & Alternative GSP Regulation Process for

Phases of Implementation

Internal Project Scoping

- Notify OAL
- Collection of Statewide Issues
- Coordinate with SWRCB

Draft Principles for Regulations

- Public Listening Sessions
- Input from Advisory Panels and Public

Draft Emergency Regulations

- Required Public Meetings
- Record and Evaluate Comments

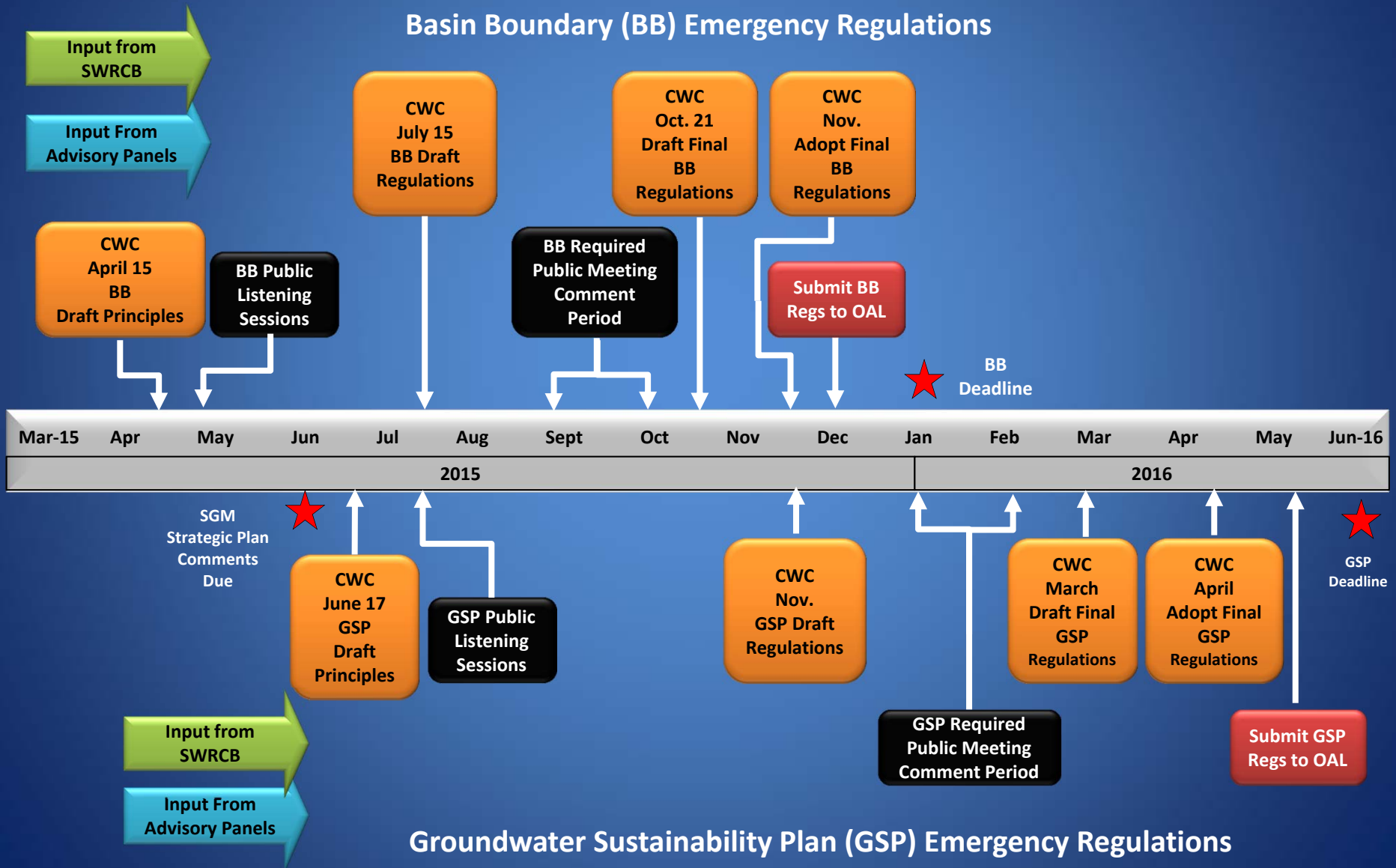
Adopt Emergency Regulations

- CWC Approval
- Noticing and Submittal to OAL

Input and Feedback from the California Water Commission



Basin Boundary and GSP/Alt. Regulation Estimated Project Timeline



Basin Boundary and GSP/Alternative GSP Regulation Outreach

- Public Listening Sessions
 - April 28- Willows
 - April 29- Visalia
 - April 30- San Bernardino
 - May 1 – Webinar

<http://www.water.ca.gov/groundwater/sgm/listening.cfm>

- Develop Draft Regulation Content
 - April - July



California's Groundwater Update 2013

(<http://www.waterplan.water.ca.gov/topics/groundwater/index.cfm>)

Steering Committee
Public Advisory Cmte
Topic-Based Caucuses
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SWAN
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* *Subjects:*
Alphabetical Index

California's Groundwater Update 2013



California's Groundwater Update 2013: A Compilation of Enhanced Content for California Water Plan Update 2013 compiles and analyzes readily-available groundwater information to characterize California's groundwater basins, aquifers, and well infrastructure.

Although previous California Water Plan Updates had included groundwater-related resource management strategies, feedback from advisory committees and other stakeholder groups highlighted the lack of hydrologic region-specific groundwater information in the California Water Plan.

The Update expands and enhances baseline groundwater information on a regional scale, identifies challenges associated with sustainable groundwater management and helps guide implementation of diverse resource management strategies. Statewide and regional findings, data gaps and recommendations to improve groundwater management also are

included.

The report is organized into the following components:

→ California's Groundwater Update

- Front Cover
- Director's Foreword
- Front Matter and Table of Contents
- Statewide Findings, Data Gaps and Recommendations
- Introduction, Scope and Future Directions (Chapter 1)
- Statewide Groundwater Update (Chapter 2)
- Back Cover

→ Hydrologic Region Groundwater Update

- North Coast Hydrologic Region (Chapter 3)
- San Francisco Bay Hydrologic Region(Chapter 4)
- Central Coast Hydrologic Region (Chapter 5)
- South Coast Hydrologic Region (Chapter 6)
- Sacramento River Hydrologic Region (Chapter 7)
- San Joaquin River Hydrologic Region (Chapter 8)
- Tulare Lake Hydrologic Region (Chapter 9)
- North Lahontan Hydrologic Region (Chapter 10)
- South Lahontan Hydrologic Region (Chapter 11)
- Colorado River Hydrologic Region(Chapter 12)



→ Appendices:

- Front Cover
- Appendix A: Methods and Assumptions
- Appendix B: California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM) Basin Prioritization
- Appendix C: Groundwater Use Data
- Appendix D: Conjunctive Management Survey
- Appendix E: Change in Groundwater in Storage
- Appendix F: Land Subsidence
- Back Cover



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Questions?

More Information...

<http://www.water.ca.gov/groundwater/>



Introduction

Groundwater resources play a vital role in maintaining California's economic and environmental health. During an average year, California's 515 alluvial groundwater basins and subbasins contribute approximately 30 to 40 percent toward the State's total water supply. During dry years, groundwater contributes a larger percentage of the statewide annual supply, and serves as a critical buffer against the impacts of drought. Many municipal, agricultural, and disadvantaged communities rely on groundwater for their water supply needs. Groundwater extraction in excess of natural and managed recharge can result in low groundwater elevations in many regions of California.

DWR has a long-standing history of collecting and analyzing groundwater data, monitoring groundwater conditions, implementing local groundwater assistance grants, encouraging groundwater conservation, and providing the technical expertise needed to improve statewide groundwater management practices. In addition, DWR is responsible for implementing the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM), and the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM) program. California's groundwater basins through updates to Bulletin 118.

The Sustainable Groundwater Management (SGM) Program

To implement the increased responsibilities given to DWR by the 2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), DWR has expanded its existing local assistance programs in the Division of Groundwater Management (DIRWM) and has developed a Strategic Plan for the Sustainable Groundwater Management Program. [More info...](#)

Groundwater Information Center (GIC)

The Groundwater Information Center (GIC) is DWR's portal for groundwater basic information, groundwater management plans, water well basics, and statewide groundwater data. [More info...](#)



Introduction

The Department of Water Resources (DWR) has developed a Strategic Plan for its Sustainable Groundwater Management (SGM) Program. DWR's SGM Program will implement the new and expanded responsibilities identified in the 2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). Some of these expanded responsibilities include: (1) developing regulations to revise groundwater basin boundaries; (2) adopting regulations for evaluating and implementing Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs) and coordination agreements; (3) identifying basins subject to critical conditions of overdraft; (4) identifying water available for groundwater replenishment; and (5) publishing best management practices for the sustainable management of groundwater.

Announcements

GSA notification received
DWR has received a notification of formation of a Groundwater Sustainability Agency. View the notification [here](#).

Sustainable Groundwater Management Timeline
Timeline of relevant activities outlined in the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act is available [here](#).

The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

The SGMA is a three-bill package that collectively establishes a new structure for managing California's groundwater. A central feature of the SGMA is the recognition that groundwater management in California is best accomplished locally. The SGMA was signed by Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. on September 16, 2014, and includes the provisions of Senate Bill (SB) 1168, Assembly Bill (AB) 1739, and SB 1319. The SGMA builds upon the existing groundwater management provisions established by AB 3030 (1992), SB 1938 (2002), and AB 359 (2011), as well as SBX7 6 (2009) which established the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM) Program.

