

Viticultural Characteristics of the GRN Rootstocks and Field Trial Evaluations

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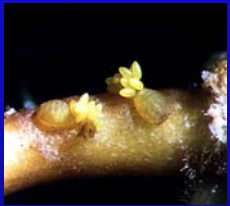
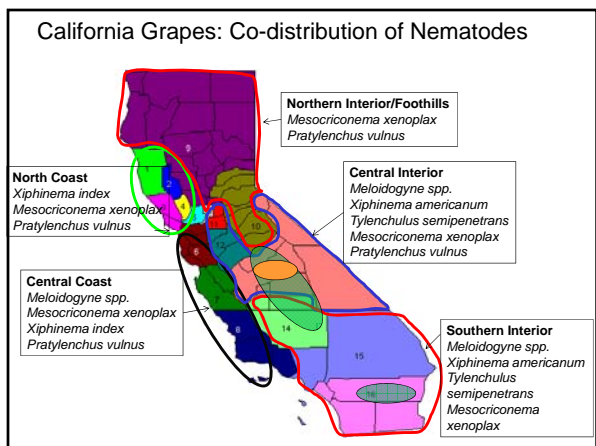
	Parentage
GRN1	<i>V. rupestris</i> x <i>V. rotundifolia</i> 'Coward'
GRN2	(<i>V. rufotomentosa</i> x (Dog Ridge x Riparia Gloire)) x Riparia Gloire
GRN3	(<i>V. rufotomentosa</i> x (Dog Ridge x Riparia Gloire)) x <i>V. champinii</i> c9038
GRN4	(<i>V. rufotomentosa</i> x (Dog Ridge x Riparia Gloire)) x <i>V. champinii</i> c9038
GRN5	(Ramsey x Riparia Gloire) x <i>V. champinii</i> c9021

Rootstock performance has varied based on:

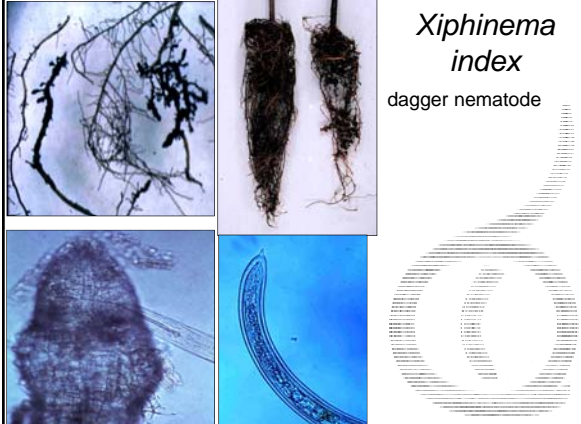
1. Soil characteristics
2. Soil pests present
3. Vineyard design/ farming practices
4. Fall/winter low temperatures
5. Pre-plant fumigation
6. Plant health and quality of propagation material

Phylloxera

- North American insect
- Imported to France in 1850s
- Initiated rootstock breeding - most rootstocks are >100yrs old
- Phylloxera spread most readily on plant materials, and blown or move on equipment as crawlers
- Feed on leaves of rootstocks and roots of vinifera

Xiphinema index dagger nematode



Fanleaf Degeneration

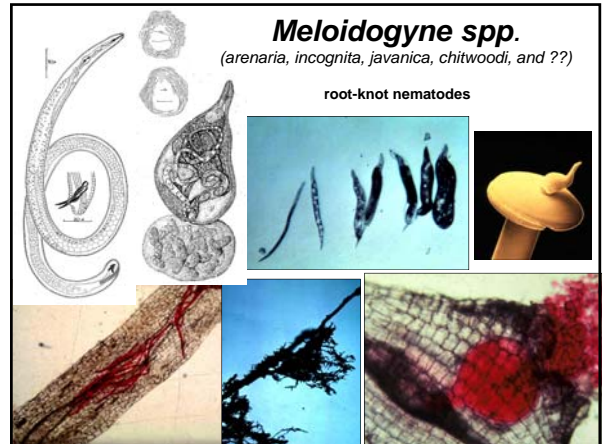
- Disease complex caused by GFLV and vectored by the dagger nematode, *Xiphinema index*
- One rootstock alternative exists - O39-16 - *vinifera* x *rotundifolia* and *rotundifolia* is the key.
- But phylloxera, root-knot nematode and excessive vigor concerns.



Meloidogyne spp.

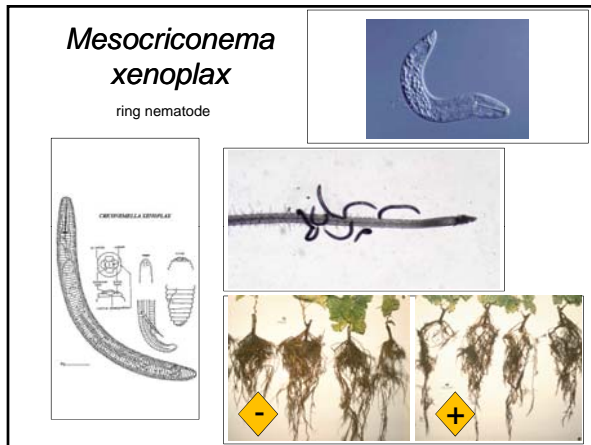
(*arenaria, incognita, javanica, chitwoodi, and ??*)

root-knot nematodes



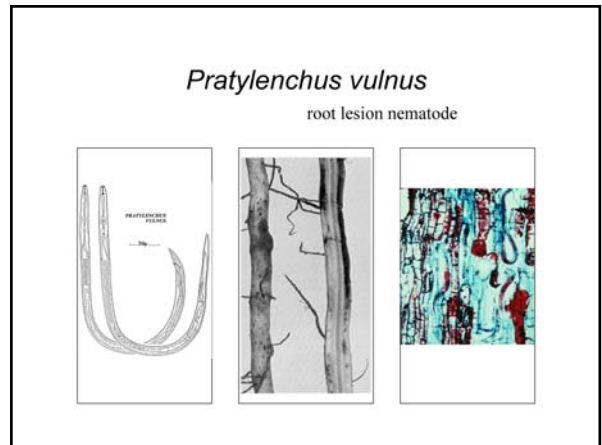
Mesocriconema xenoplax

ring nematode



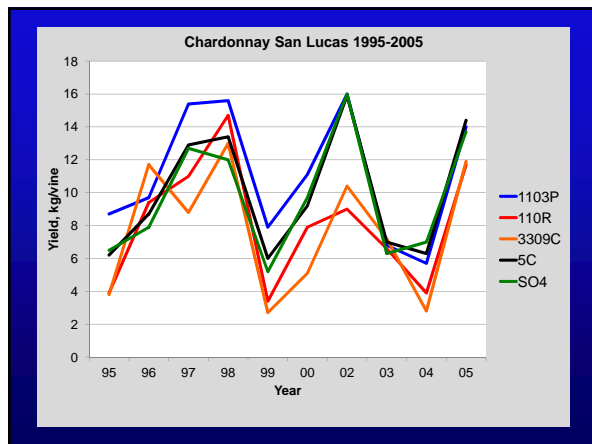
Pratylenchus vulnus

root lesion nematode

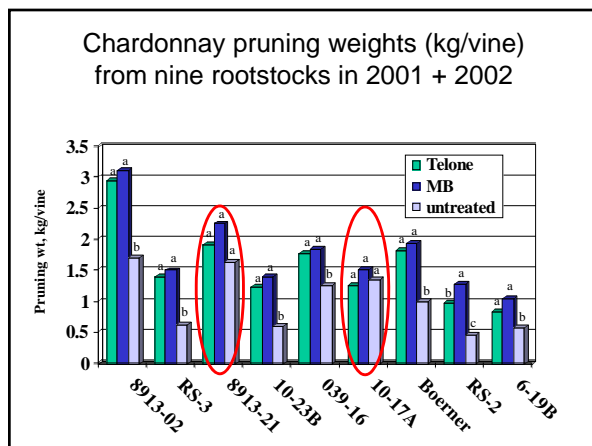
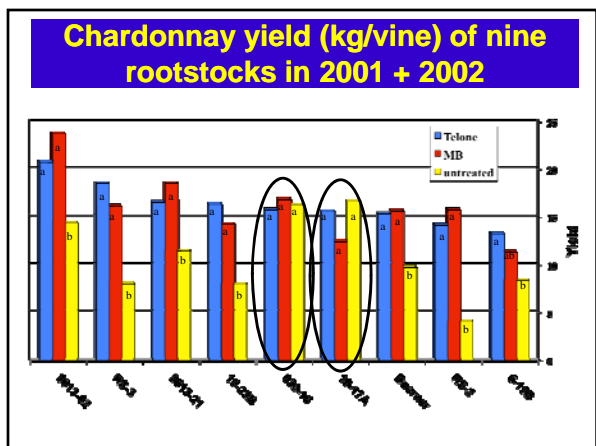


Weather-Related Disorders: Winter Cold Injury





Do we need effective fumigants?



Rootstock Selection

- ✓ **Best suited rootstock can vary dramatically based on site conditions**

There is often no best choice, but for some sites there can be wrong choices that will result in poor vine performance

New Rootstock Summary

	Root-lesion Nematode	Citrus Nematode	Ring Nematode	Phylloxera Nodosities	Rooting Depth
GRN-1	MR	R	R	HR	D
GRN-2	MR	MS	S	HR	S
GRN-3	MR	R	S	R	M
GRN-4	MR	R	MS	R	M
GRN-5	MR	R	MR	MS	D

The above all resist root-knot and X. index

GRN Rootstock Trials

- Gallo/Livingston with Chardonnay – (Sunridge) Freedom, 101-14 and 3309C as controls (2009)
- Bakersfield with Autumn King – UCCE (Sunridge) Freedom, 5C, 1103P as controls (2010)
- Franzia/Dunnigan with Pinot gris (Sunridge) (2009)
- J&L Farms, San Lucas / Cab. Sauv. (2009, GRN-1 2010)
- Cloverdale (Chard.) and Santa Rosa (PN) (2010)
- Lodi Fanleaf and RKN – Stanton Lange & Gallo (2011)
- Constellation trials (Madera, Central Coast, Sonoma and Napa)

Current Rootstock Trials

Area	Established	Rootstocks	Scion	Soil Pests
San Lucas	2009	10	Cabernet Sauvignon	P, (cold)
Soledad	2011	12	Chardonnay	P, (RK, RN)

P = Phylloxera; RK = Root Knot Nematode; RN = Ring Nematode

GRN Series Rootstock Evaluation

Site: Pinnacles Vineyards, Soledad
Planted: 2011 (Chardonnay 4)
Soil: Chualar loam
Spacing: 5 x 6.33 ft
Trellis: Vertical shoot positioned
Training: Head trained, cane pruned
Design: RCB, 8 replications of 12 selections using 5 vine plots
Evaluated: 2014 -

Rootstocks

1. GRN1
2. GRN2
3. GRN3
4. GRN4
5. GRN5
6. RS-3
7. RS-9
8. O39-16
9. 1103P
10. SO4
11. 101-14
12. St. George

RS-3 & RS-9 (Ramsey x Schwarzmann)

- Bred by D. Ramming, selected by M. McKenry; released in 2003
- RS-3 is more vigorous than RS-9
- Good nematode resistance to RKN, *P. vulnus* and *X. index*
- Designed to have better nematode and phylloxera resistance than Freedom/Harmony, but less vigor than Ramsey/Dogridge

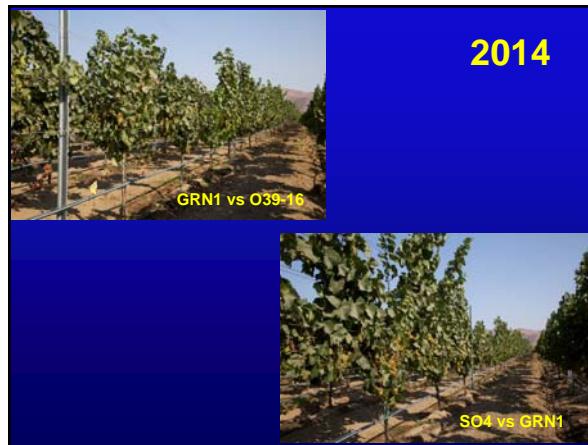
Genotype	<i>M. incognita</i> Race 3	<i>M. javanica</i>	<i>M. incognita</i> Race 1 McIntyre, Pacific Harmony, A/C	<i>M. ditomosoi</i>	<i>X. index</i>	<i>M. ampelae</i>	<i>P. vulnus</i>	<i>T. semipalmatus</i>	<i>X. americanus</i>	<i>D.era. humilis</i>
101-14Mgt			R		S	S	MR			S
1103Paulsen			S		S	S	MS			S
RS-3	R	R	MR	MR	S	S	MR			S
RS-9	R	R	R	R	S	S	MS			S
St. George	S		S		S	S	MS			MS
Teleki 5C	MS	MR	S		MR	MS	S	S	S	MS
VR O39-16	S	S	S		R	R	MR	S	MR	MR
UCD GRN1	R	R	R	R	R	R	MR	R	R	MR
UCD GRN2	R		R		R	MS	MR	MS		MR
UCD GRN3	R		R		R	MR	MR	MR		MR
UCD GRN4	R		R		R	MR	MR	MR		MS
UCD GRN5	R		R		R	MR	MR	MR		MR

From: Ferris, H., Zheng, L. and Walker, M.A. 2012. Resistance of grape rootstocks to plant parasitic nematodes. Journal of Nematology 44:285-294.

Table 3. The effect of rootstock on the average canopy length of Chardonnay grapevines, Pinnacles Vineyard, 2014.

Rootstock	Average canopy length, inches
1103P	56 a
St. George	54 ab
SO4	52 ab
101-14	50 ab
GRN4	50 ab
RS9	49 b
GRN2	49 b
RS3	42 c
GRN5	42 c
GRN3	40 cd
GRN1	37 cd
O39-16	36 d

Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.





The effect of rootstock on the yield components of Chardonnay grapevines, Pinnacles Vineyard, Soledad, 2014-16.

Rootstock	Yield kg/vine	Cluster number	Cluster weight, g	Berry weight, g	Berries per cluster
St. George	7.91 a	43 a	183 a	1.40 ab	130 ab
1103P	7.63 a	42 ab	183 a	1.39 ab	137 a
RS9	7.53 ab	43 a	176 ab	1.35 bcd	130 ab
SO4	7.31 ab	40 abc	185 a	1.43 a	129 ab
101-14	6.72 bc	40 abc	171 bc	1.39 ab	122 bc
GRN2	6.72 bc	38 bcd	175 ab	1.37 abc	128 abc
RS3	6.23 cd	37 cd	167 bcd	1.30 d	128 abc
GRN3	5.72 de	37 cd	157 d	1.38 abc	114 c
GRN5	5.64 de	35 de	161 cd	1.38 abc	117 c
GRN4	5.62 de	35 de	159 cd	1.32 cd	120 bc
O39-16	5.22 e	32 e	165 bcd	1.42 ab	116 c
GRN1	5.10 e	32 e	158 d	1.32 cd	120 bc

Mean separation by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

The effect of rootstock on the fruit composition of Chardonnay grapevines, Pinnacles Vineyard, Soledad, 2014-16.

Rootstock	Brix	pH	Titrateable acidity, g/L
St. George	23.1 abc	3.30 a	7.6 b
1103P	23.0 abc	3.40 a	7.9 a
RS9	22.4 bc	3.40 a	7.5 bc
SO4	23.2 abc	3.39 a	7.5 bc
101-14	23.5 ab	3.43 a	7.3 cd
GRN2	23.3 abc	3.41 a	7.5 bc
RS3	23.4 abc	3.44 a	6.8 f
GRN3	23.5 ab	3.41 a	7.1 de
GRN5	24.0 a	3.44 a	7.2 de
GRN4	24.1 a	3.44 a	7.0 ef
O39-16	22.2 c	3.20 a	7.2 de
GRN1	23.3 abc	3.40 a	6.9 ef

Mean separation by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

The effect of rootstock on the growth components of Chardonnay grapevines, Pinnacles Vineyard, Soledad, 2014-16.

Rootstock	Buds per vine	Shoots per vine	Pruning weight, kg	Shoot weight, g	Fruit: pruning weight
St. George	30 a	22 ab	0.85 b	40 ab	9.6 ef
1103P	26 a	23 a	1.02 a	45 a	8.3 f
RS9	28 a	23 a	0.76 bc	33 cd	10.3 de
SO4	27 a	20 cd	0.65 cd	33 cd	11.6 cd
101-14	26 a	20 cd	0.83 b	41 a	8.5 ef
GRN2	26 a	21 bc	0.76 bc	36 bc	9.4 ef
RS3	27 a	20 cd	0.52 ef	26 ef	12.6 bc
GRN3	28 a	18 de	0.43 fg	24 efg	14.3 ab
GRN5	28 a	20 cd	0.48 ef	25 efg	11.9 cd
GRN4	26 a	21 bc	0.60 de	29 de	9.7 ef
O39-16	25 a	17 e	0.35 g	21 fg	15.2 a
GRN1	26 a	18 de	0.34 g	19 g	15.6 a

Mean separation by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

