

Using weather-based irrigation scheduling for optimizing red cabbage production



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UCCE Irrigation & Nutrient Management Meeting
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CropManage testbed at USDA Spence Ranch Research Farm, Salinas

Series of experiments:

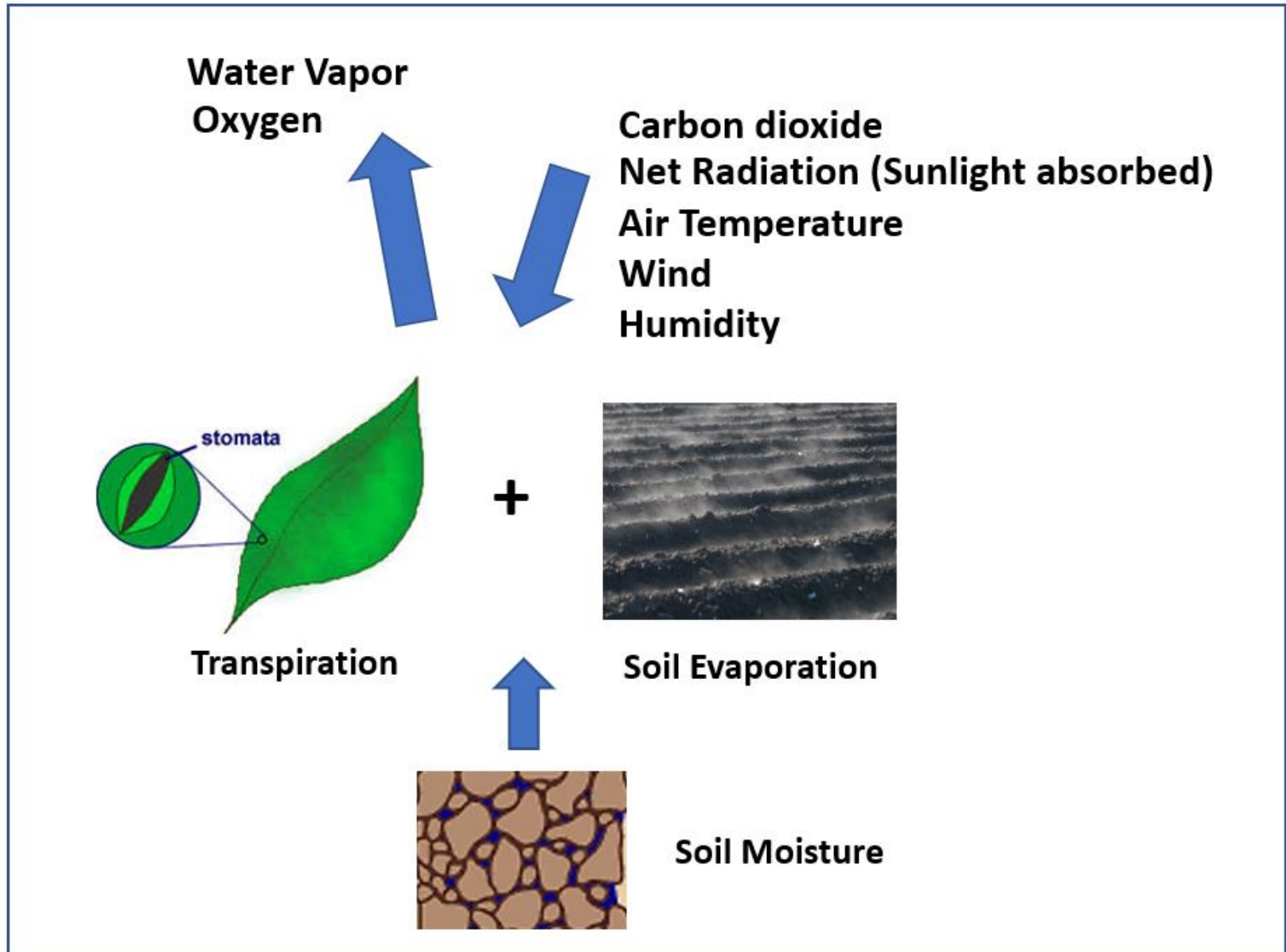
- head lettuce, broccoli (2012-13)
- romaine, green cabbage (2015-16)
- cauliflower, celery (2018-19)
- artichoke, red cabbage (2020-21)

control, replication, repeatability

Study rationale

- **Water sensitive crop**
- **Water supplies may become more limited in Salinas Valley (Sustainable Ground Water Management Act)**
- **Better water management may help improve nitrogen use efficiency (Ag Order)**
- **Demonstrate weather-based irrigation scheduling**
- **Evaluate CropManage for decision-support**

What is Evapotranspiration?



Weather-based irrigation scheduling (aka, 'ET-based')

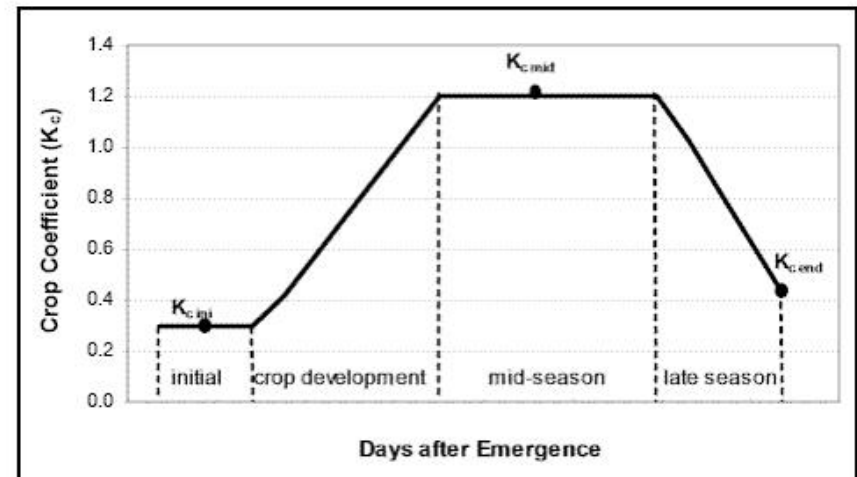
CIMIS Station #214, "Salinas South II"
(USDA Spence Ranch);
Operated by CA Dept. Water Resources



Converting reference ET* to
crop ET*:

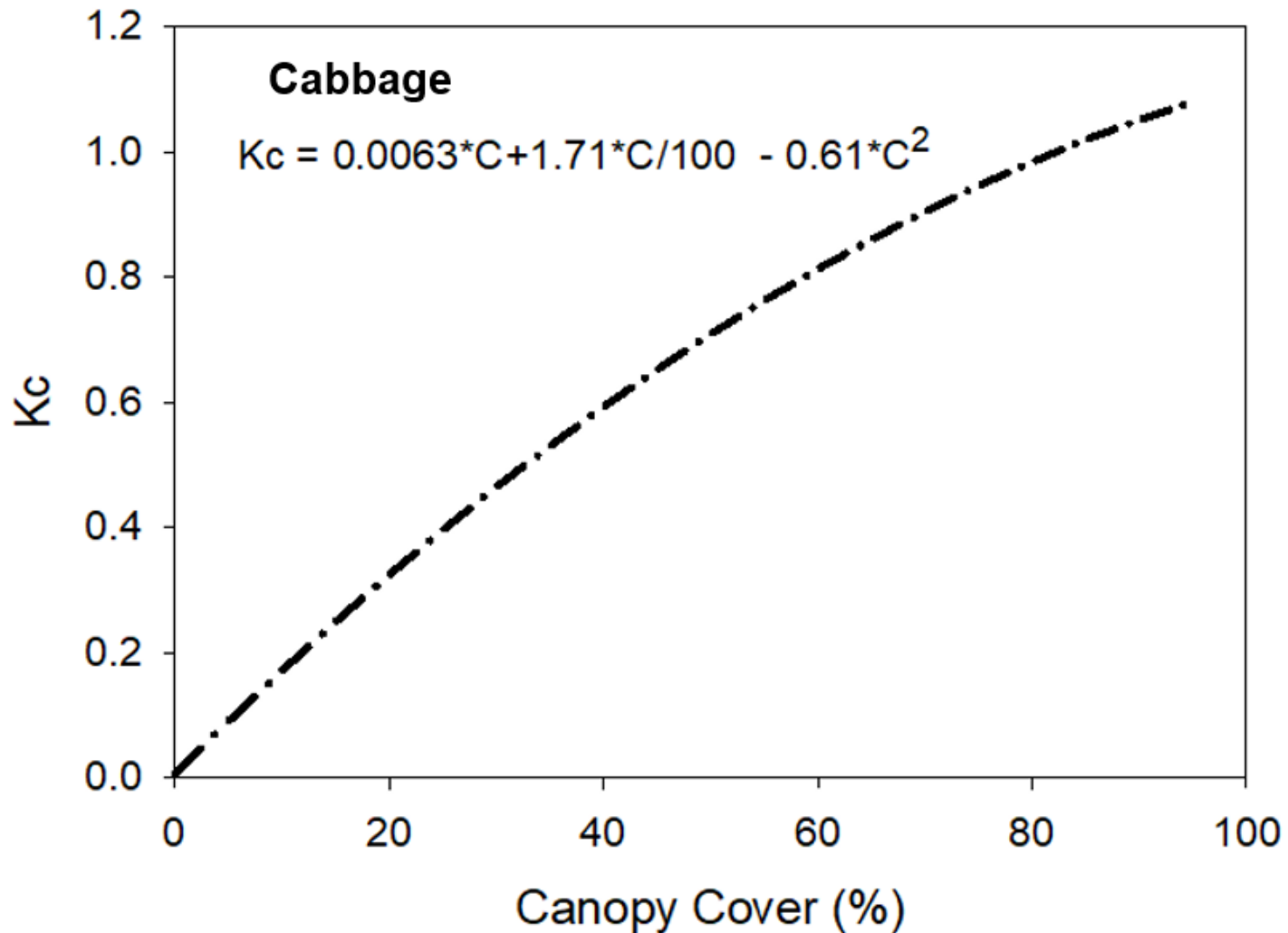
$$\underline{ET}_{\text{crop}} = \underline{ET}_{\text{ref}} \times \underline{K}_{\text{crop}}$$

K_c can vary from 0.1 to 1.2



(*evapotranspiration)




Crop Kc is related to canopy cover



CropManage can be used for ET-based irrigation scheduling



☆ Celery trt 3 (100% ET)
6N

Celery transplant, 40-inch bed, 2 rows
24 Jul 2018 - 25 Oct 2018



Events Add:   

Upcoming | Past



22 Oct 2018

 Drip  3.53 hr

19 Oct 2018

 Drip  1.12 hr

18 Oct 2018

View all events by:  



Objectives



- Determine water requirement of drip irrigated red cabbage for optimizing yield and quality
- Determine if a crop coefficient based approach for estimating cabbage ET is effective

Experimental Approach

- Apply different water volumes based on guidance from CropManage ET model
- Evaluate yield, quality, soil moisture, crop development vs. applied water





Procedures

- **Site: USDA Spence Ranch, Salinas**
- **Soil: Chualar sandy loam**
- **Cultivar: Rondale**
- **Transplanted April 29, 2020**
- **2 rows on 40-inch wide beds, 12-inch plant spacing**
- **Transplants established with sprinklers (~4 inches of water)**
- **Fertilizer: preplant 300 lbs/acre 6-20-20, by drip 322 lbs N/acre as UAN32**

Procedures continued

- **Randomized Complete Block Design:**
 - 5 drip irrig tmts: (50,75,100,125,150% ET)
 - 6 replications
 - Plots measured 135 ft x 5 beds
- **Drip irrigation treatments began on 5/21**
 - 3 times per week
 - assumed 85% distribution uniformity
- **Sub plots (10 ft x 30 ft) commercially harvested by Dole on 7/22 (carton) and 8/5 (bulk) [84 and 98 DAP]**
- **Above ground biomass evaluated on 7/29 [91 DAP]**

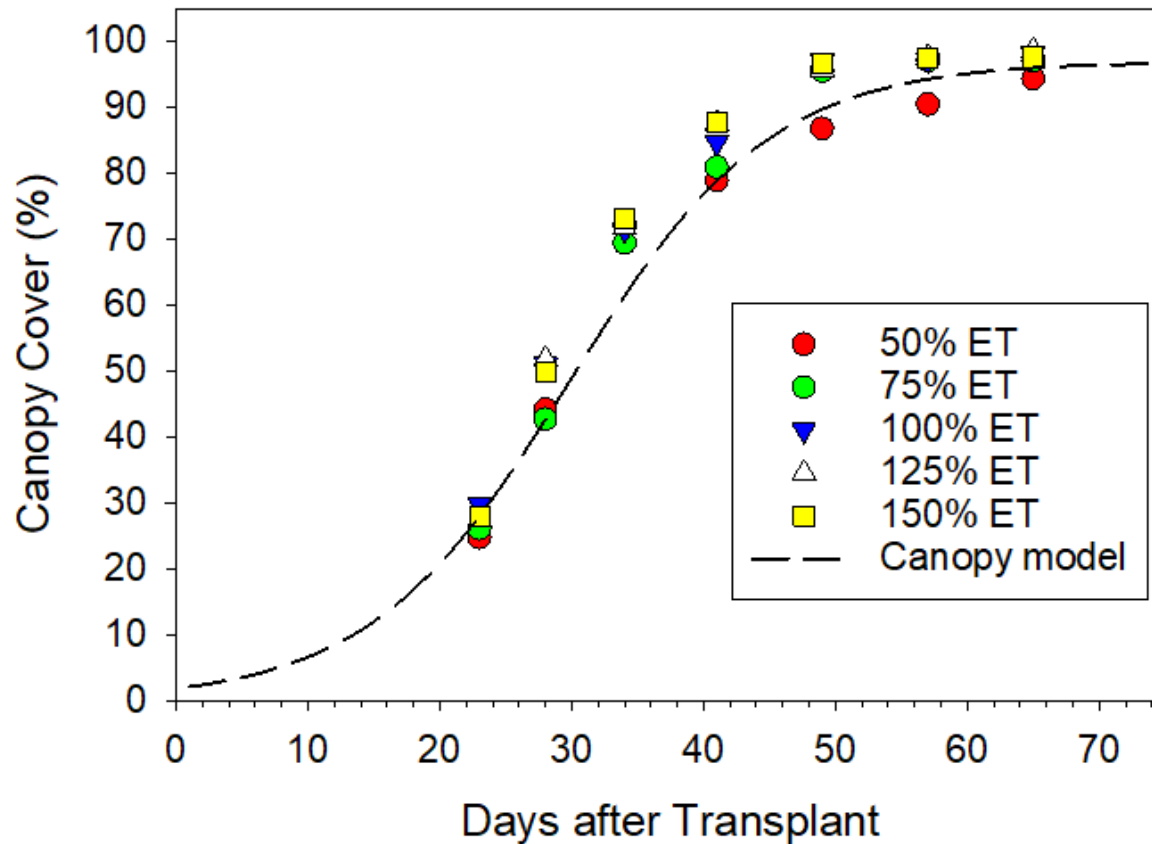
Manifold for applying irrigation treatments



Results

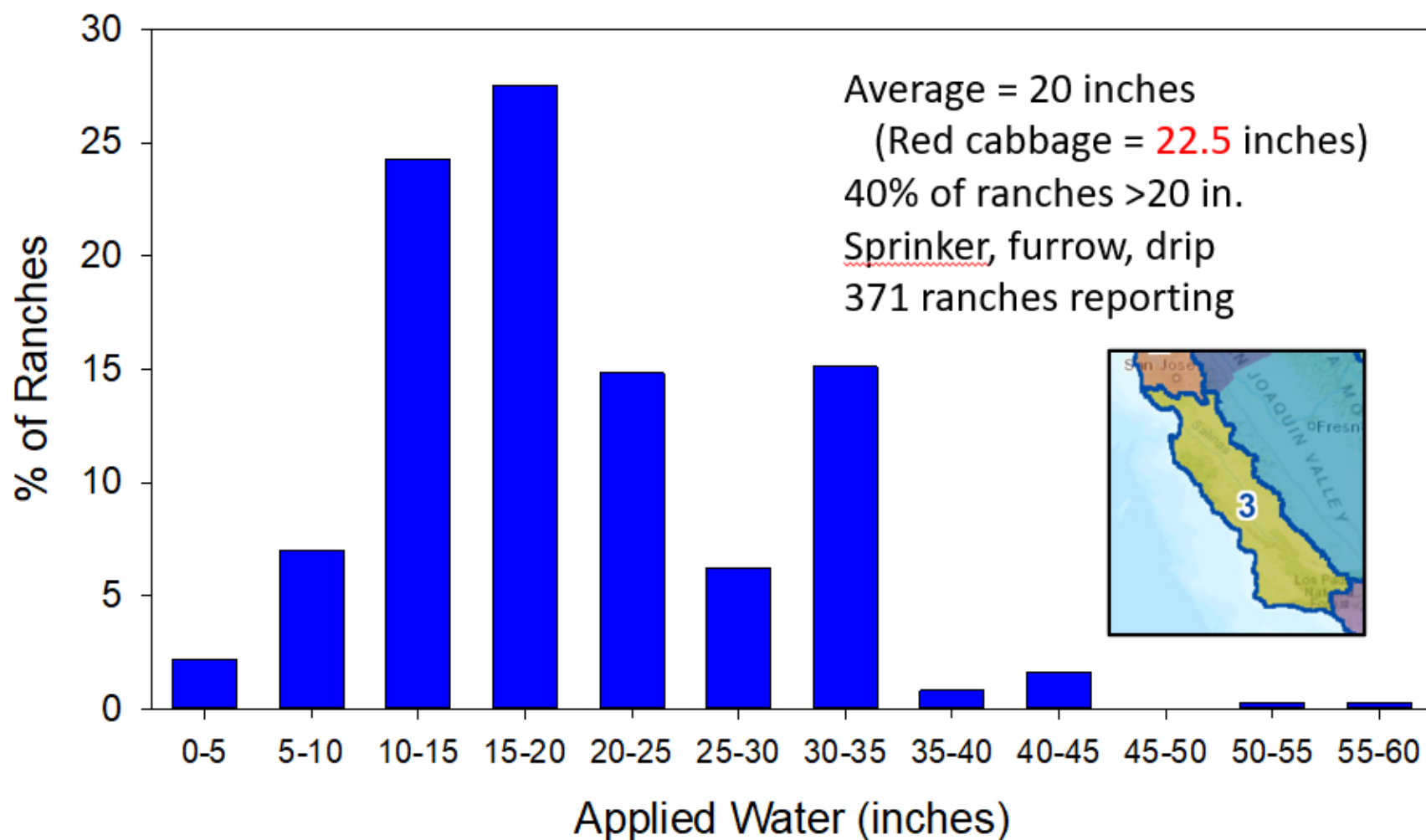


Canopy cover was measured and compared with a theoretical curve used by CropManage



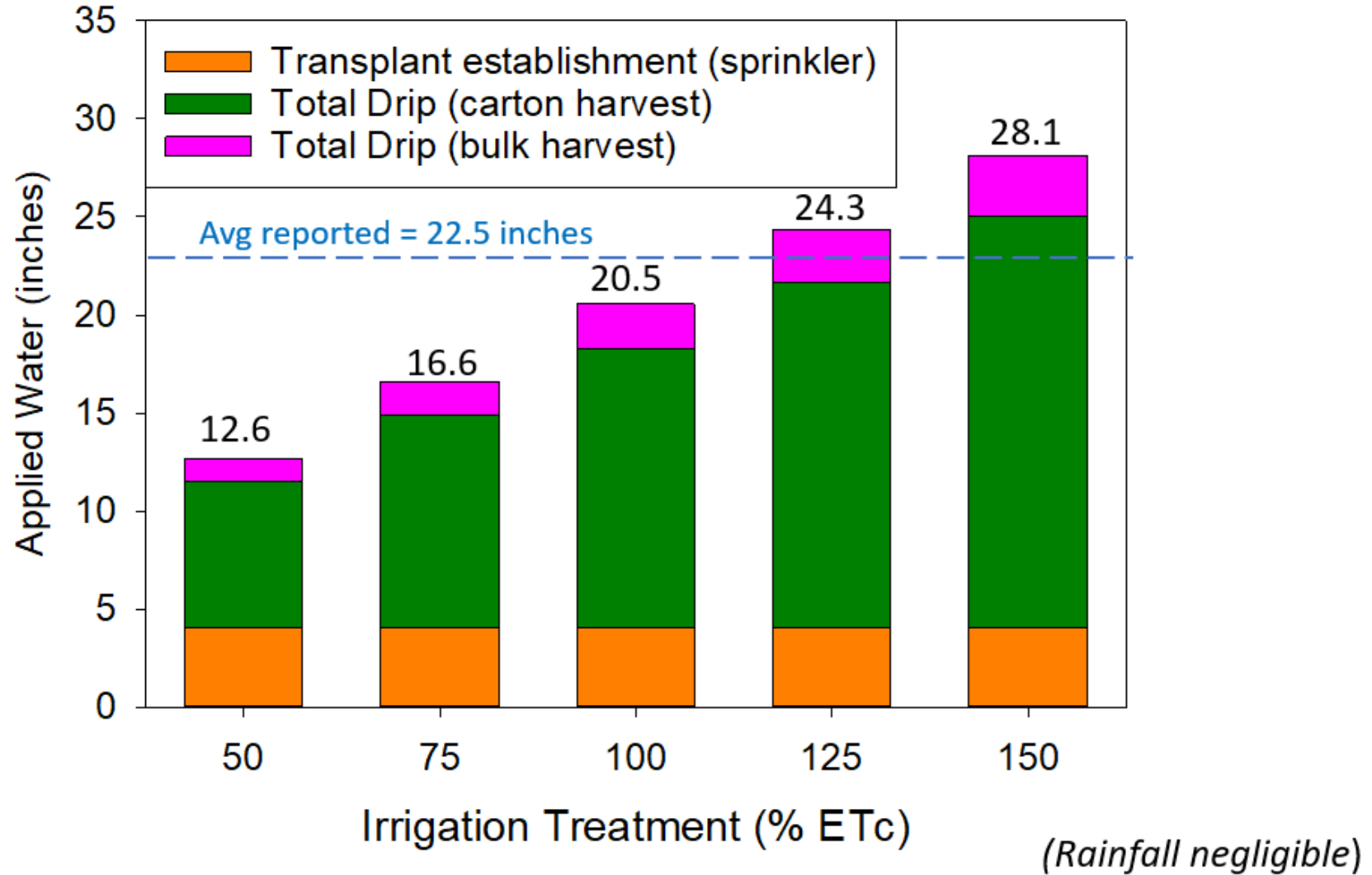
Canopy cover is a key determinant of ET

Reported water use of cabbage in Region 3 (2014-17)



Source: Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board

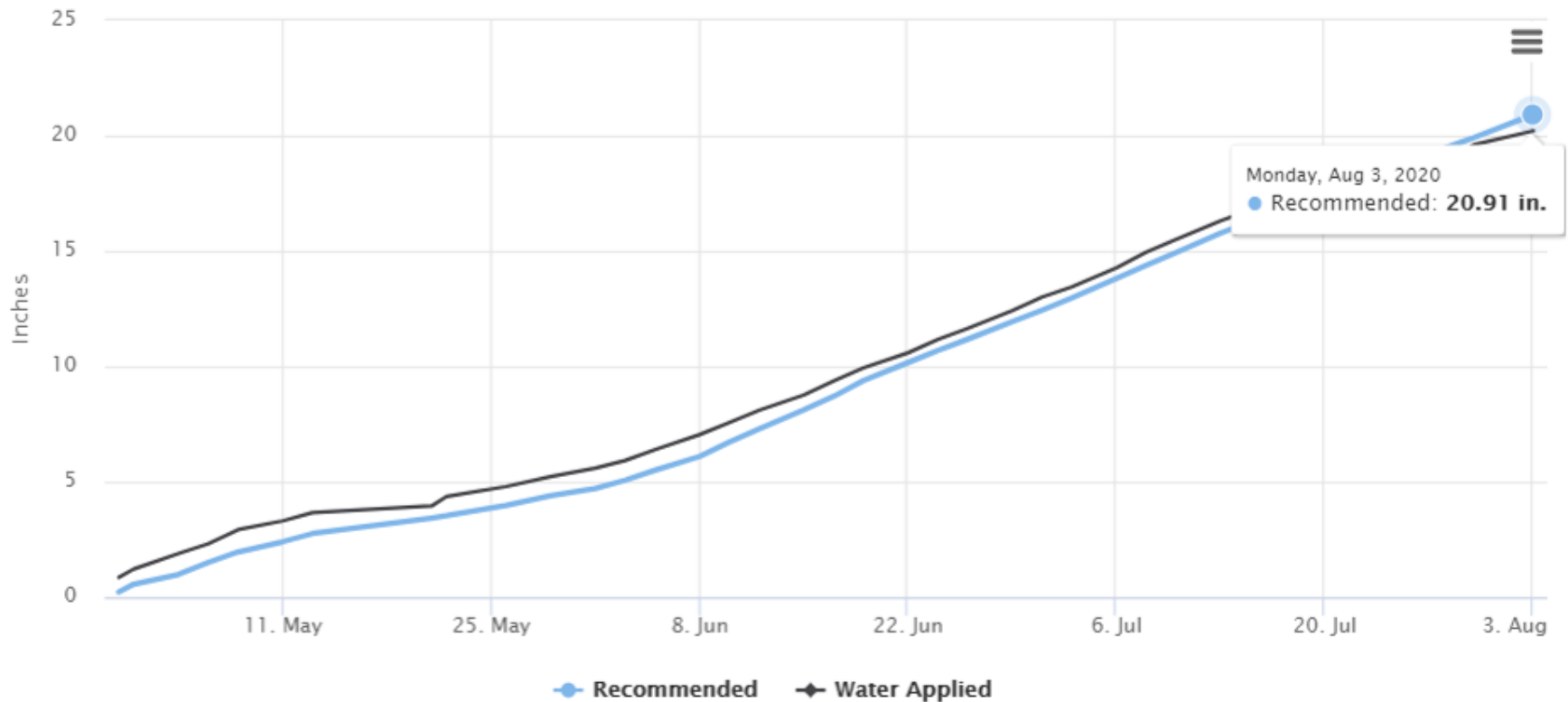
Total water applied to 100% ET treatment was 18.3 inches to carton harvest and 20.5 inches to bulk harvest



Water volumes were applied using CropManage

Applied Water

RED CABBAGE **100% ET**

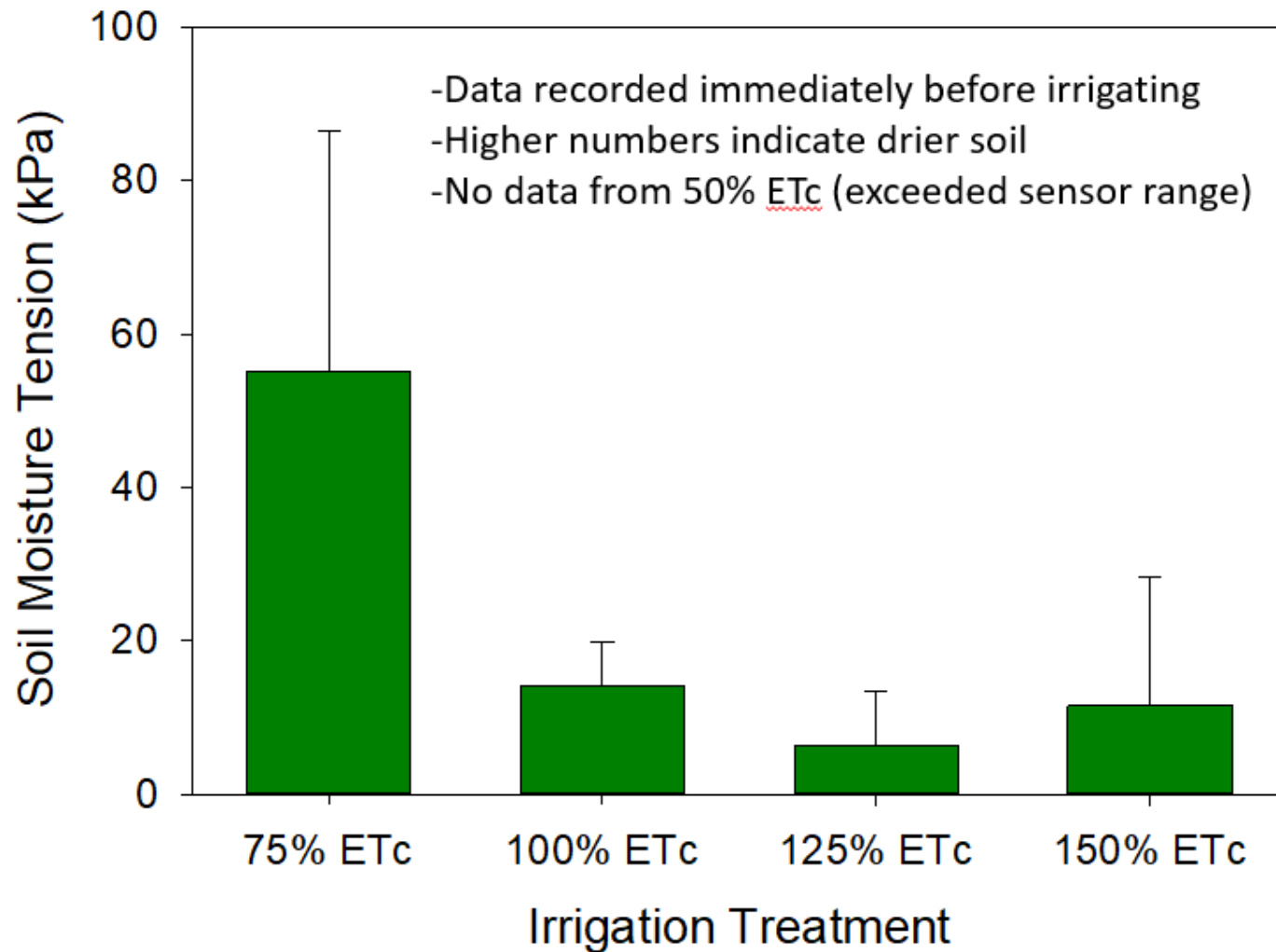


Highcharts.com

Close

Includes sprinkler + drip

Average soil moisture tension of irrigation treatments at 18-inch depth (6/10 – 7/3)



Tests for statistical significance are pending

100% ET (Blue)

150% ET (Yellow)

late June ~mid-season



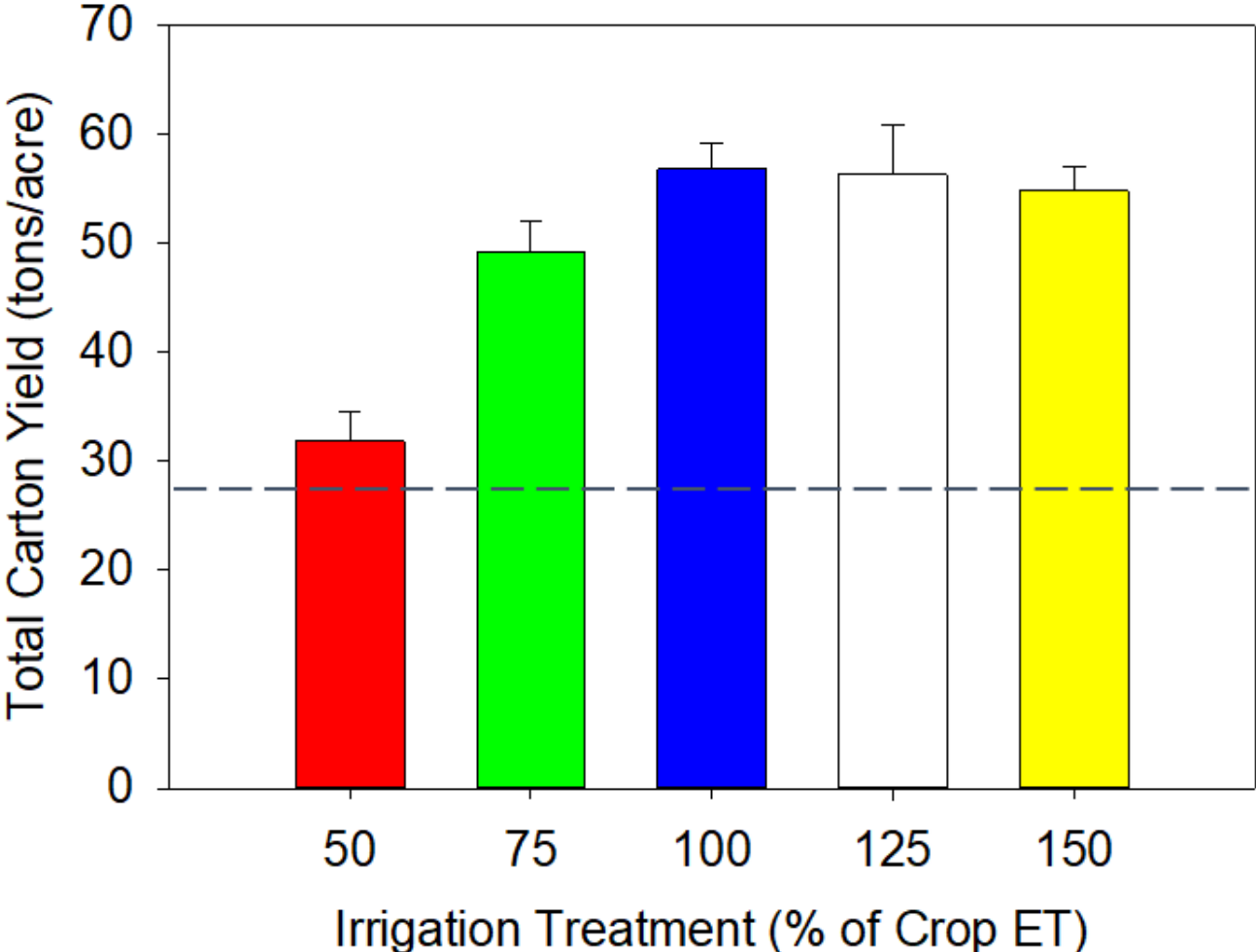
100% ET (Blue)

50% ET (Red)

late June ~mid-season



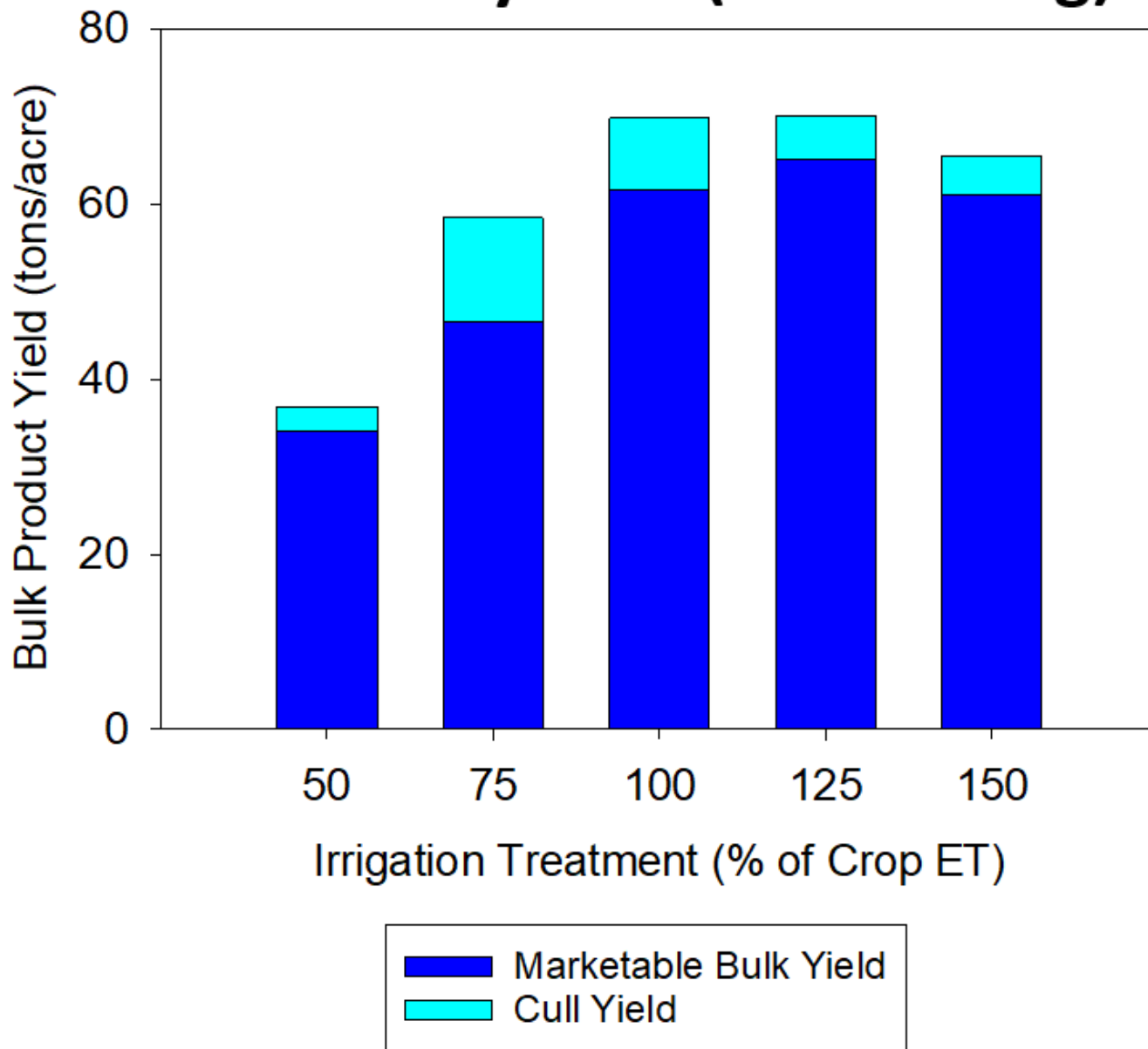
Carton yield was highest in the 100% ET treatment



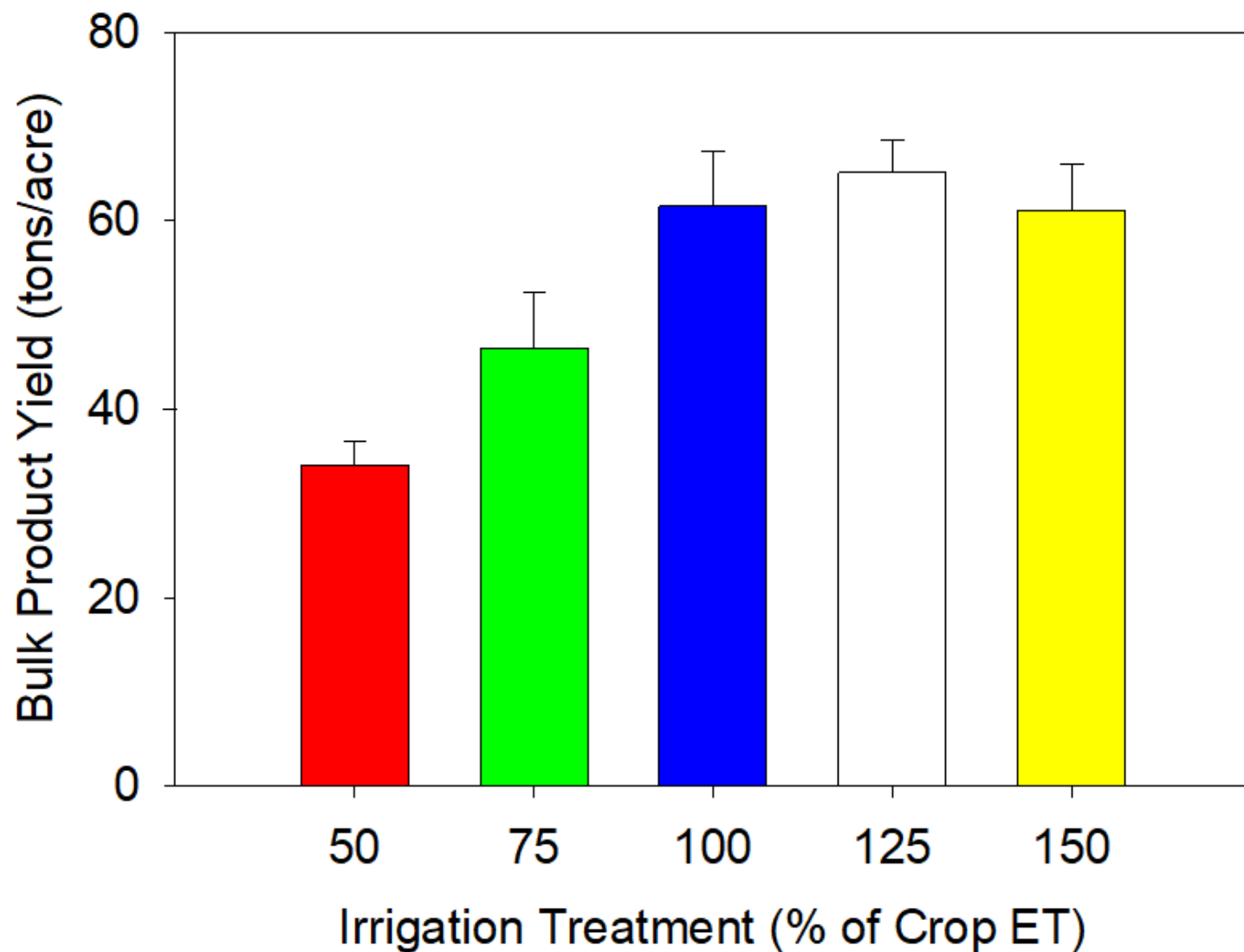
Monterey
County 2019
Crop Report =
27 tons/ac

(Significance test pending...)

Bulk product yield of 100% ET treatment was reduced by culls (sunburning)



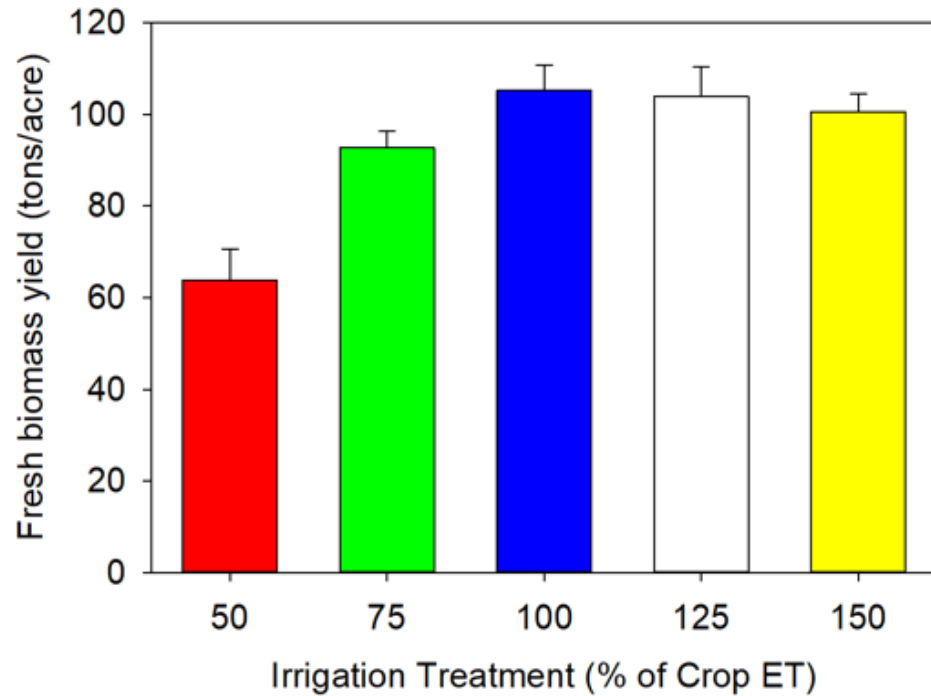
Bulk yield was highest in the 125% ET treatment



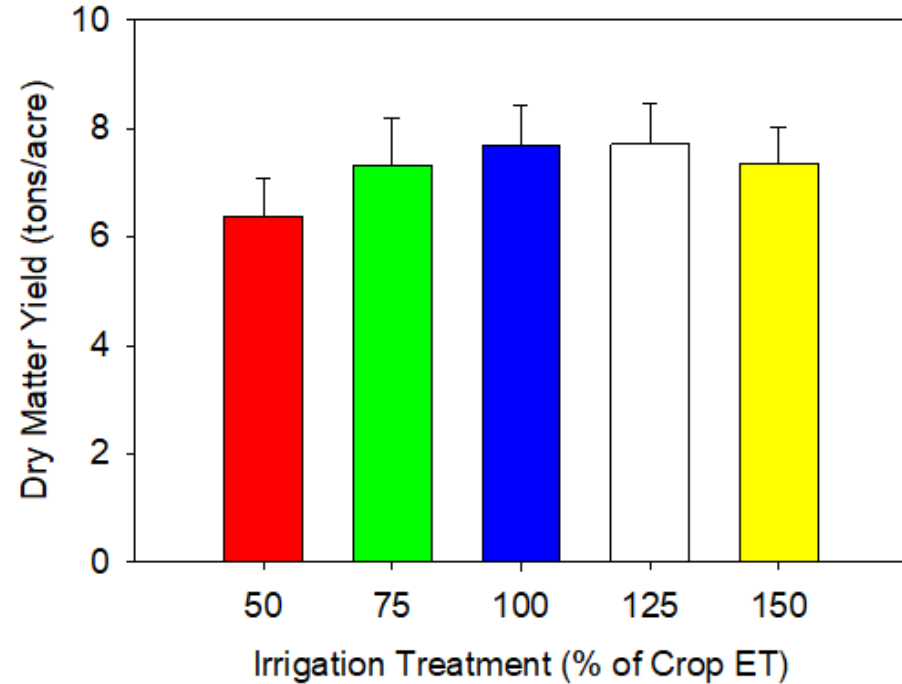
(Significance test pending...)

Fresh and dry biomass yield was highest in the 100% ET treatment

Fresh biomass

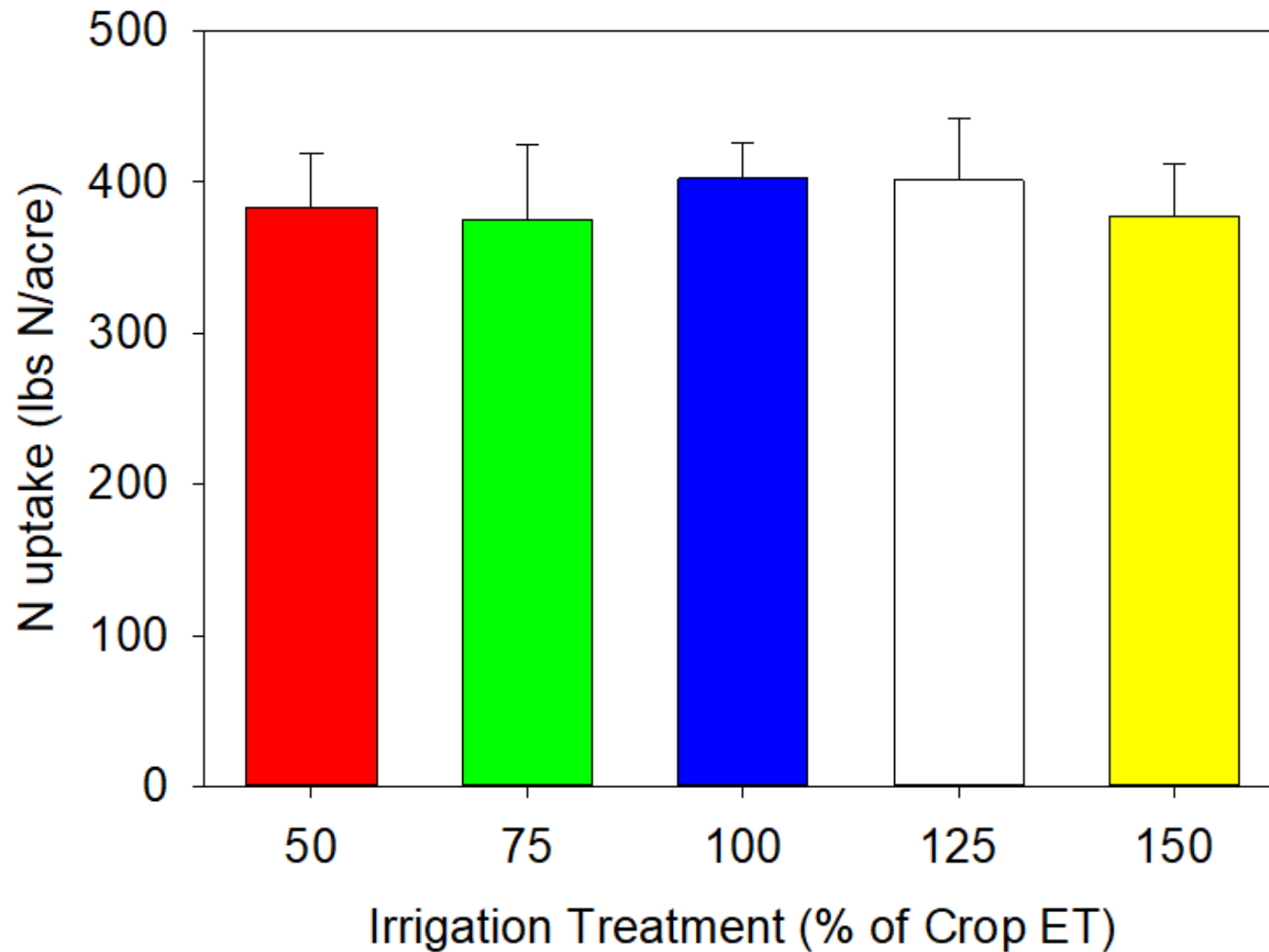


Dry biomass



(Significance test pending...)

Highest N uptake was 400 lbs N/acre in the 100% and 125% treatments



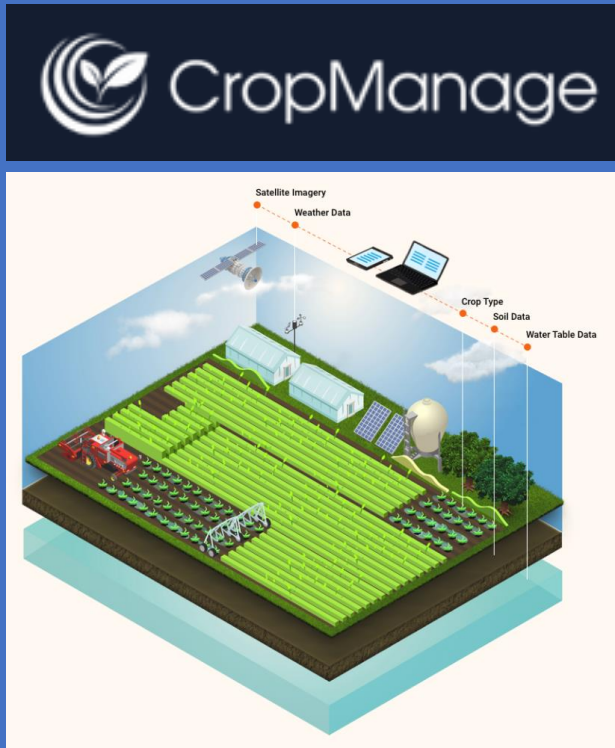
(Significance test pending...)

Preliminary findings*

- Yield and quality targets for red cabbage can be met with drip irrigation. (Irrigate 2-3x/wk to avoid moisture stress in sandy textured soils)
- CropManage was used to determine crop water requirement based on weather (ET) and canopy cover.
- 18 inches of water (100% ETc treatment) maximized carton yield, at a level well above county average. This water volume is about 20% below industry mean.
- 20-24 inches maximized bulk yield (100%,125% treatments).
- Yields from 50% tmt were appx half of the 100%, and displayed occasional afternoon wilting.

***Subject to trial repeat in 2021.**

Future...



Acknowledgments



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Questions?

