Bacterial Canker Susceptibility of Peach:Almond Hybrid Rootstocks for California Stonefruit Orchards

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Bacterial Canker: a devastating disease of *Prunus spp.*

- Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae (Pss)
- Pathogen may enter through lenticels?

 Islands of necrotic tissue coalesce into large cankers





Gummosis

Death of small limbs, scaffolds or entire trees

History of Bacterial Canker

- First work done in Europe about 1850 (Barss, 1913)
- Serious outbreaks in Oregon as early as 1853.
- First formal description in 1891 by Sorauer
- First evidence as a bacterium infection in 1902 by Van Hall of University of Amsterdam
- First gummosis of cherry in US by Griffin in 1911
- Gummosis of apricot first reported by Barrett in 1918 in California

Conditions Associated with Bacterial Canker

- Young trees
- Replanted almond and stonefruit orchards
- Sandy soil
- Ring nematode (Mesocriconema xenoplax)
- "Stress"

The onset of bacterial canker symptoms occurs when external biotic and abiotic factors predispose a tree to the disease.

Predisposing factors

- Ring nematode infestation
- Plant nutrition (N, Ca)
- Temperature (freezing/thawing)
- Soil conditions (texture, moisture, and pH)
- Cultural practices (fall or dormant pruning, irrigation, rootstock)

New Rootstocks for California

- ~95% of all almonds and peaches in California are grown on Nemaguard or Lovell rootstocks.
- Emerging interest in new rootstocks.
- Peach / almond hybrids becoming popular due to high vigor, earlier & larger yields.
- Peach / almond hybrids include Hansen 536, Bright's Hybrid, Nickels, Alpha, Titan...

Q: Will peach / almond hybrid rootstocks perform better than standard rootstocks in bacterial canker sites?? Two rootstock trials were initiated in bacterial canker sites

Commercial Peach Orchard
Commercial Almond Orchard

 Monitor tree growth, yield, tree nutrition, nematode populations, bacterial canker incidence and severity. Rootstock Trial #1 Established Feb., 1999

- Third generation peach orchard
- Site with a history of severe bacterial canker
- Soil treated with a solid, tarped methyl bromide fumigation @ 400 lb per acre
- Drip irrigated
- Treated with sodium tetrathiocarbonate (Enzone[®]) annually

Trial #1: Peach Rootstock Trial

Rootstocks include:

- Nemaguard (peach)
- Lovell (peach)
- Deep Purple (plum)
- Hansen 536 (peach / almond hybrid)
- Alpha (peach / almond hybrid)
- Viking (peach / almond / plum / apricot hybrid)

Eight, four-tree replicates

Superior Fruit Ranch Rootstock Trial est. February, 1999

- Variety = 'Riegel'
- Sandy soil
- History of severe bacterial canker

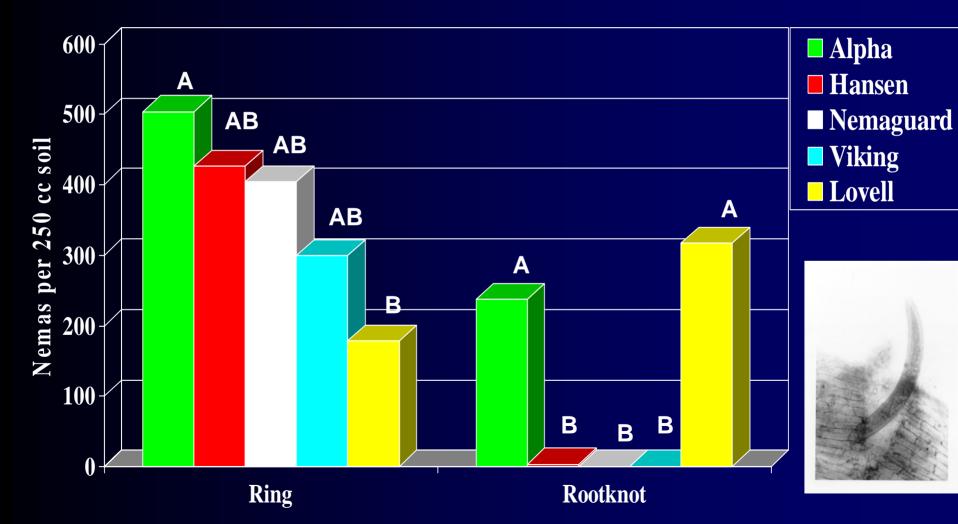


Aerial Photo of Riegel Roostock Trial 2002



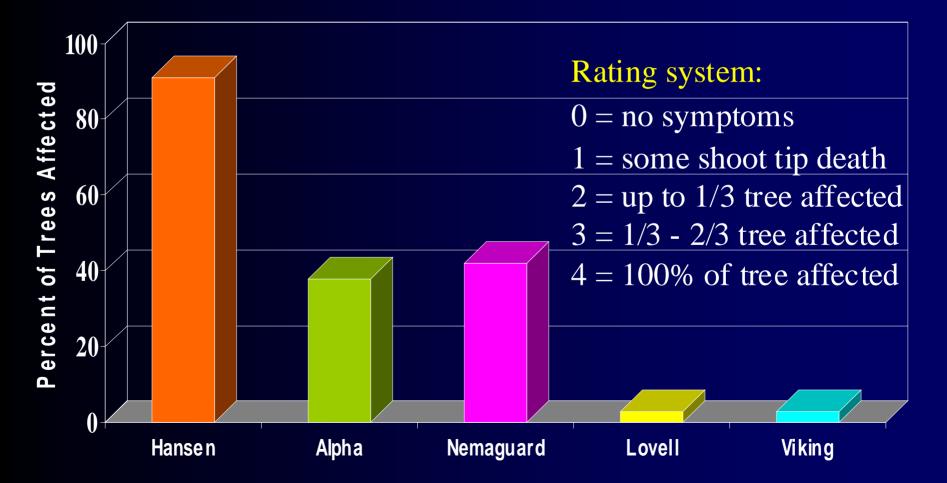
Ring & Rootknot Nematodes Extracted from Rootstock Rhizosphere

Reigel Peach Rootstock Trial, April 2003



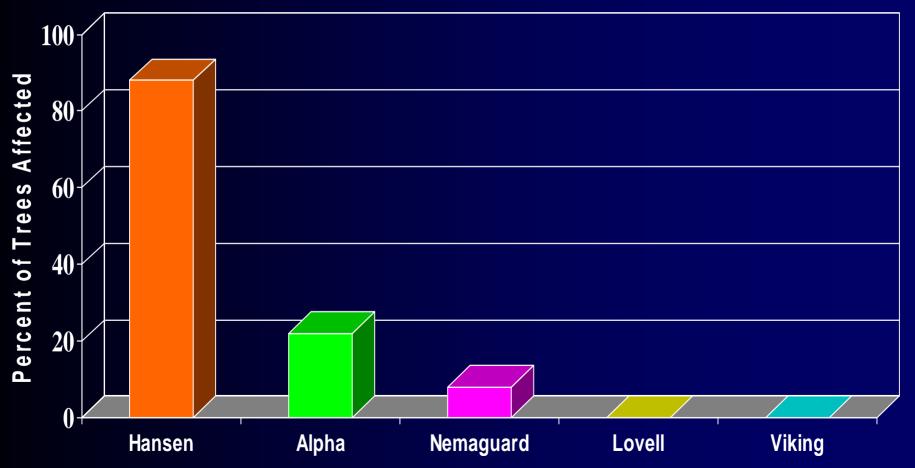
A Comparison of Peach Rootstocks with Bacterial Canker Rating Severity > 1

Reigel Cling Peach Rootstock Trial. April, 2003 (5th leaf)



A Comparison of Peach Rootstocks Killed by Bacterial Canker

Reigel Cling Peach Rootstock Trial. April, 2003 (5th leaf)





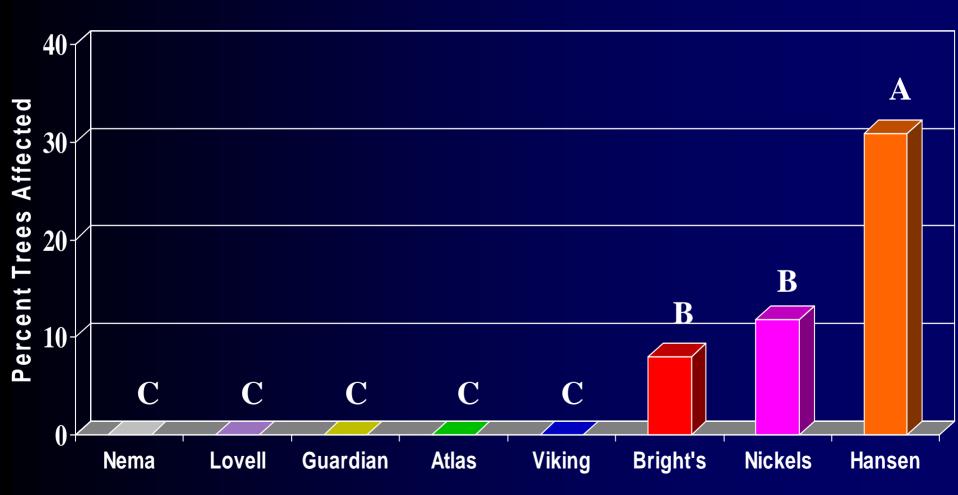
Trial #2: Almond Rootstock Trial Est. 1998

- Lovell (peach)
- Nemaguard (peach)
- Guardian (peach)
- Hansen 536 (peach-almond)
- Bright's hybrid (peach-almond)
- Nickels (peach-almond)
- Viking (peach-almond-plum-apricot)
- Alpha (peach-almond-plum-apricot)

Rootstock Trial #2: Almond Established March, 1998

- 'Nonpareil' almond
- Third generation orchard
- Area with a history of severe bacterial canker
- Soil treated with a solid, tarped methyl bromide fumigation @ 400 lb per acre
- Flood irrigated
- Ten, 5-tree replications of each rootstock

A Comparison of Almond Rootstocks for Incidence of Bacterial Canker April, 2002 (5th leaf)



Rootstock Trial Conclusions

 Peach / Almond hybrid rootstocks should not be planted in sites prone to bacterial canker.

• Hansen 536 P/A appears to be particularly susceptible to bacterial canker

• More research is needed to find a bacterial canker "resistant" rootstock