Evaluation of Chemigation Treatments & Composted Poultry Manure on Premature Vine Senescence of Processing Tomatoes

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Situation/Issues:

- Buried drip irrigation continues to increase
- Rotations to tomato are more concentrated
- Incidence of soilborne pathogens is increasing





Verticillium



Southern blight



Phytophthora root rot







Corky roots Fusarium crown & root rot

Fusarium wilt

2011		Woodland Field			Dixon Field			
	Chemigation Treatment	Yield tons/A	Vert %	Fusarium %	Yield tons/A		Corky root severity	
			70	/0		70		
1	Control	34 b	20	21	46	50	89	
2	Vapam 15 gal	35 b	15	28				
3	Tenet	34 b	18	22	48	45	86	
4	Vapam + Tenet	34 b	19	26			and the second	
5	Quadris + Ridomil	33 b	17	27	47	34	84	
6	Vapam + Quad + Ridomil	36 b	15	33			2.0	
7	Serenade Soil	38 b	18	22	45	47	89	
8	Serenade + Quad + Rid				46	47	88	
9	Vapam + Serenade	36 b	13	25			-	
10	Chicken manure	45 a	15	19	52	48	89	
11	Tenet + Serenade				46	49	90	
12	SoilGard				44	45	93 Fusarium crov & root rot	
			NS	NS	NS	NS	NS Forl	



2012 Treatments Control Quadris + Ridomil Vapam highest rate (15 gal in 2011) Serenade soil Actinovate Streptomyces Chicken manure - 10 tons Chicken manure - 20 tons Potassium - high rate







chems & biologicals multiple apps	2011 #1	2011 #2 Yield (ton	2012 #1 is/A)	2012 #2
Control	34 b	46	39 b	43
Vapam/Kpam 15 gal	35 b		44 b	40
Tenet	34 b	48		
Vapam + Tenet	34 b			
Quadris + Ridomil	33 b	47	40 b	43
Vapam + Quad + Ridomil	36 b			
Serenade Soil	38 b	45	40 b	41
Serenade + Quad + Rid		46		
Vapam + Serenade	36 b		42 b	38
Chicken manure 10 tons	45 a	52	56 a	55
Chicken manure 20 tons			(61 a)	40
Tenet + Serenade		46		
SoilGard		44		
Potassium			38 b	41
Actinovate			38 b	
		NS		NS

Sustaining Plant Health with Composted Poultry Manure





, Chemigation and composits, JH Meek and Sons, Woodland, 2013

Chemigation and composts, JH Meek and Sons, Woodland, 2013

treatment	15-Aug yield to	and the second second	Brix	7-Aug necrosis
1 Manure 10 tons	71.2	a	5.1	28
2 nutrients (compost mimic	c) 68.0	a	5.0	18
3 manure 5 tons	64.3	Ь	5.0	25
4 nutrients luxury	61.9	bc	5.4	13
5 vermicompost	60.4	cd	4.8	32
6 Regalia @ 1 gpa	58.2	d	4.9	39
7 JH BioTech Promot	57.8	d	5.1	39
8 LH Organics Soil Sytem 1	57.4	d	4.9	39
9 Non treated	57.0	d	4.8	39
LSD@5% (probability)	3.5	2. 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.3	13
% CV	4	H.	4	29

Chemigation and composits, JH Meek and Sons, Woodland, 2013

Y		15-Aug	7-Aug	
2570	treatment	yield tor	CLASS COMPARISONS	Yield
1	Manure 10 tons	71.2	I. biologicals vs	57.8
2	nutrients (compost mimic)	68.0	nontreated control	57.0
3	manure 5 tons	64.3	Probability	NS
4	nutrients luxury	61.9	II. composts vs	65.3
5	vermicompost	60.4	nontreated control	57.0
6	Regalia @ 1 gpa	58.2	Probability	0.000
7	JH BioTech Promot	57.8	III. composts vs	65.3
8	LH Organics Soil Sytem 1	57.4	supplemental fertilizers	64.9
9	Non treated	57.0	Probability	0.03
	LSD@5% (probability)	3.5	IV manure rate: probability	
	% CV	4	linear	0.00
	Stary Areas		quadratic	NS

marker to and we	and the second second second	the state of the s		the second the second
	poultry=1	surface=1	manure	
	cow=2	trench=2	(tons/A)	
	MANURE	DEPTH	RATE	TIME
1	0	0	0	fall
2	1	1	5	fall
3	1	1	10	fall
4	1	1	15	fall
5	1	1	20	fall
6	2	1	10	fall
7	1	2	10	fall
8	1	1	10	spring
9	nutrients	NPK micro	mimic	spring
E Start		A Contraction of the second	38.13 T 2. 6 18 1	

2013 Fall applications in prep for 2014 season







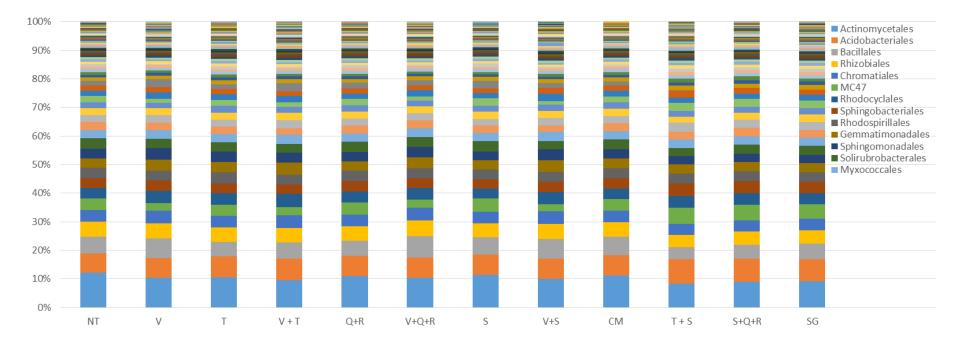




photo: UC Statewide IPM Project

Impact of Management: chemicals/biologicals

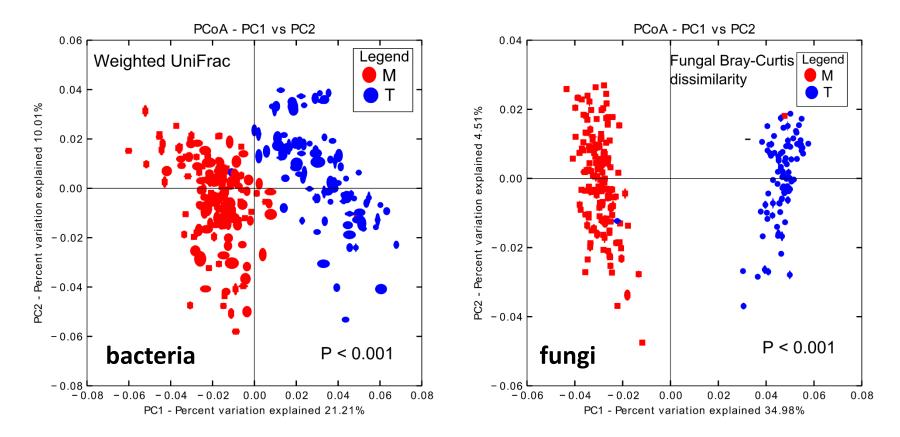
soil microbiota of processing tomatoes, 2011 field study



- NTnontreatedVVapamQQuadrisRRidomil GoldSSerenade Soil (Bacillus)TTenet (Trichoderma)
- SG SoilGard (*Gliocadium*)
- CM composted chicken manure

Johan Leveau, Professor Dept Plant Pathology, UCD

IMPACT OF LOCATION SOIL MICROBIOTA OF PROCESSING TOMATOES, 2011



Meek (shop) Woodland: Yolo silt loam Timothy-Viguie (shop) Dixon: Yolo silty clay loam both sites had tomatoes the previous year

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YIELD	201	1	20	012	20	013
treatment	Wd-Dvs	Dixon	KLand	W. WInd	Wd-Dvs	W. WInd
Control	34	46	39	43	57	38
compost	45	52	56	55	71	40
% difference	32%	12%	41%	30%	25%	4%
Probability	*	NS	*	NS	*	NS
Soil						
K in ppm	138	250	166	218	120	219
% K of CEC	2.0	2.2			1.7	2.9
PO4-P ppm	40	18			18	21

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south ice we wanted and the set of the set

YIELD	2012	20	13		2014	
treatment	site A	site B	site C	Wld	Dixon	Wld return
Control ¹	34	49	44			
compost ²	41	48	43			
% difference	21%	-2%	-1%			
Probability	*	NS	NS			
Soil						
K in ppm	115	219	152	285		
% K of CEC	1.6	1.9	2.8	2.0		
PO4-P ppm	12	13	45	19		

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- Social Contraction

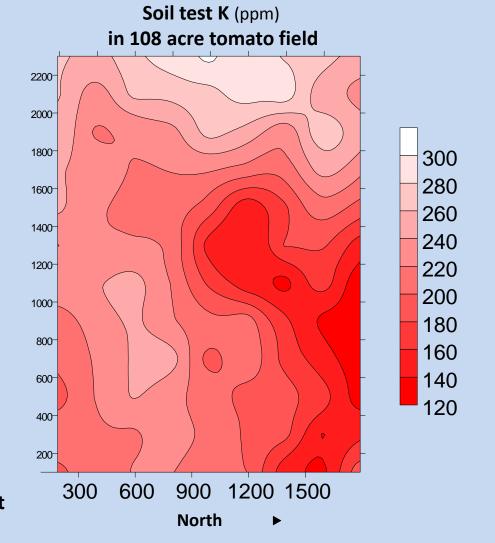
Yield increase from compost may be related to a potassium (K) response

Evaluation of K from soil:

less than ~180 ppm K (ammonium acetate extraction method)
< 2% K of the cation exchange capacity (CEC)</pre>



Spatial variability is REAL!



derived from 200 x 200 ft grid samples

Unpublished data, Pettygrove, Plant et al. 1997

Progress Report Summary: Disease Control Evaluations for 'vine decline'

- <u>No</u> demonstrated effectiveness of chemicals & biologicals through drip irrigation... yet.
- Value of composted chicken manure...
 ...may be related to fertilizer K response?

MOVEMENT OF FUSARIUM OXYSPORUM VIA EQUIPMENT Fusarium wilt, race 3

Gene Miyao, UC Farm Advisor Mike Davis, Plant Pathologist, UC Davis



Fusarium wilt, race 3



Fusarium wilt, race 3

SACRA

BU



A

Fusarium wilt: 'Mechanical spread'

moving infected stem pieces...





...moving infested soil





1st Year 2011

Fusarium wilt: 'Mechanical spread'



From none	e to ~20% ii	n 3 years					
	Fusarium wilt						
	infected plants*						
year	(#)	(%)					
2010	0	0					
2011	12	1%					
2012	34	2%					
2013	287	19%					

* with lab confirmation



Summary:

Spread of *Fusarium oxysporum* with infected plant tissue

Fusarium <u>easily established</u>
 Fusarium can <u>spread</u> quickly & <u>remains</u> long-lived in soil

