Newer approaches to soil fumigation and alternatives for caneberries







Current Washington Standard Practice:

- Kill old crop with Roundup/Crossbow after harvest (optional)
- Ground prep
- Deep shank inject Telone:chloropicrin combination (Telone C-35, C-17, or PC 60).
- Non-tarped, roller packer used to seal
- Small grain cover crop



- + Decent protection from nematodes and disease for a couple of years
- Cost is high, and rising
- Buffers can be a problem

Grower Trials of Bed Fumigation

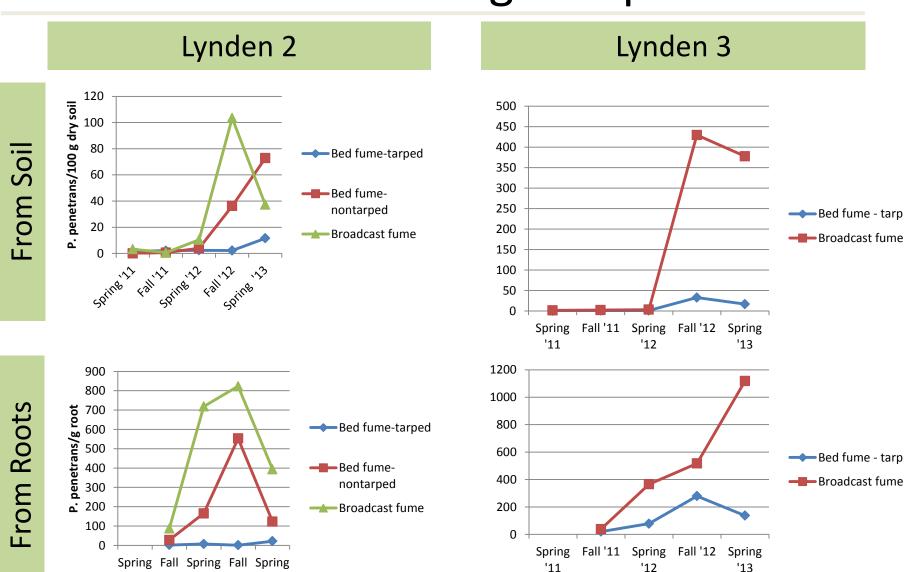
Five trials established in raspberry fields:

- Lynden 1, non-replicated, substantial *P. rubi* and *P. penetrans*
- Lynden 2, replicated, low P. penetrans and P. rubi; Also trialing non-tarped bed
- Lynden 3, replicated, substantial *P. penetrans*
- Burlington, replicated, high P. penetrans and P. rubi; Also trialing middle row management
- Mount Vernon, replicated, high P. penetrans

Treatments applied Sept 2010, raspberries planted April 2011



Nematode recolonization in bed- and broadcast-fumigated plots



'11

'12

'13

Challenges:

- The shaper we used (an adjustable unit for vegetables) can only make beds up to about 8" high.
 You'd need a different shaper to make larger beds.
- You'll need GPS or some other way to assure that beds are made in the correct location.
- It takes **more time** to fumigate a field this way; we usually travel at about 3 mph when fumigating and laying tarp. (Broadcast rig travels about 5-6 mph.)







Samson Farms:

One-year fallow, with Brassica summer cover crop.



Sep 2013: old crop removed (nematode pressure low), winter cover crop seeded.

Feb 2014: Root lesion nematodes present on winter cover crop.

April 2014: Brassica cover crop seeded.

July 2014: Cover crop chopped and incorporated.

August 2014: Low numbers of Root lesion nematodes present on weeds in field.

Samson Farms:

One-year fallow, with Brassica summer cover crop.



	P. penetrans/g dry root	P. penetrans/100 g dry soil
Mustard field weeds	15	24
Adj Raspberry	105	60

Tremaine Farms, Trident Ag Products

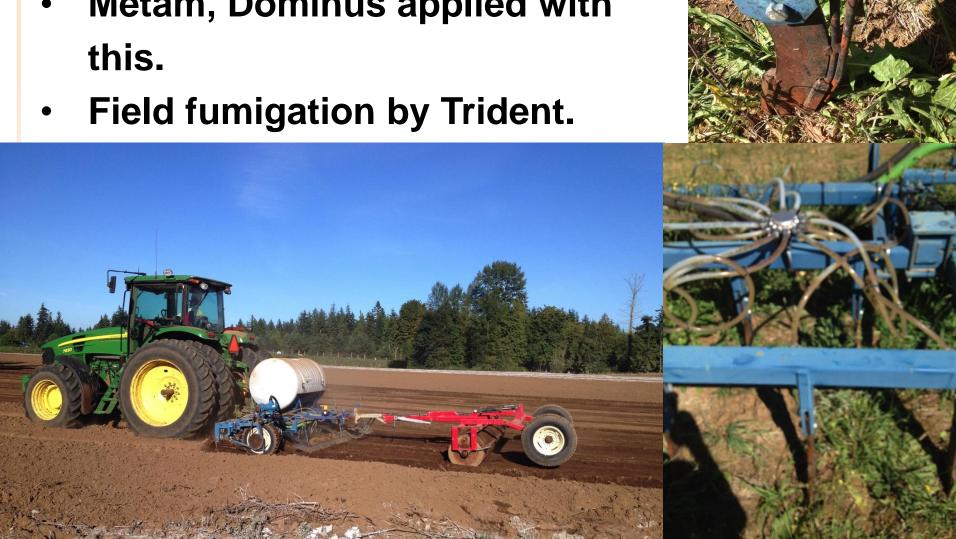
Bed fumigation, Trident's rig.

October 2014: Prefumigation samples taken



Maberry Packing fumigation rig

Metam, Dominus applied with this.



Dominus application notes:



BIOPESTICIDE FOR AGRICULTURAL SOIL TREATMENT USE

A Broad Spectrum Pre-Plant Soil Biofumigant For The Control Of Certain Soil Borne Fungi, Nematodes, Weeds And Insects

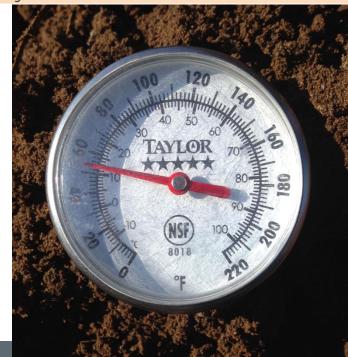
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Allyl isothiocyanate 96.3%

Contains 8.19 lbs. active ingredient (allyl isothiocyanate) per gallon. This product weighs 8.5 lbs. per gallon.

Manufactured for: Isagro USA, Inc. 430 Davis Drive, Suite 240 Morrisville, NC 27560

- Buffers are only 25 ft.
- Product has a **strong** horseradish smell. Not a problem as long as no product is leaking out above ground.
- Odor dissipated quickly.
- Applied at 40 gal/A, 340 lb/a.
- Cost?



Root Removal to Enhance Fumigation Efficacy

Inga Zasada and Jerry Weiland



Maberry Packing: P. penetrans/g dry root

	Prefumigation (raspberry roots)	Postfumigation (cover crop roots)
Northern plot (Dominus)	1474	710
Middle plot (Vapam)	1196	626
Southern plot (Vapam)	559	
Adjacent row (C-35)	1441	5141

- Dominus applied at 40 gal/A, 0.4 A
- Vapam applied at 75 gal/A, 0.8 A
- C-35 applied at 35 gal/A, field

Cover crops on fumigated Washington fields often harbor root lesion nematodes

Location	P. penetrans/g dry root		
D	0		
В	145		
А	161	Roller packed and water sealed	
F	250	Not fumigated; Fallow year and Brassica cover crop	
Е	391		
С	652		
G	3467		
Н	5141	Field with Dominus and Vapam trials	

How does this affect growers here in California?



- Injection depth matters.
- Good seals (tarps) matter.
- Field prep and after-care matter.
- Less volatile products can be effective when properly applied.