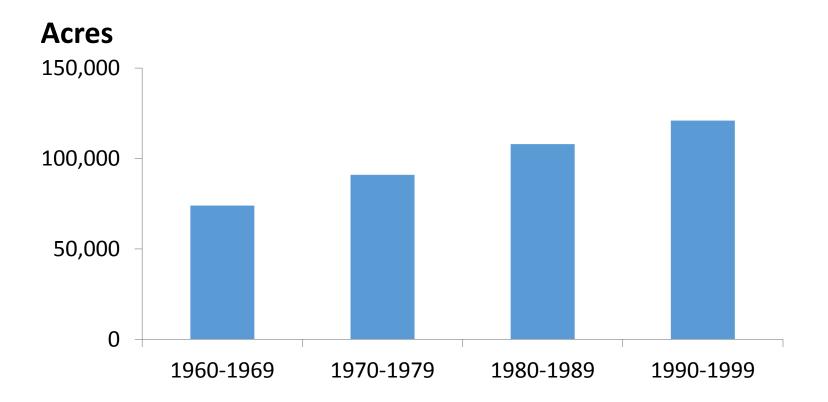
The natural benefits of fire

Discover the Natural Benefits of Fire in Yosemite and Kings Canyon National Parks Kate Wilkin, PhD, Forest and Fire Advisor, University of California Cooperative Extension



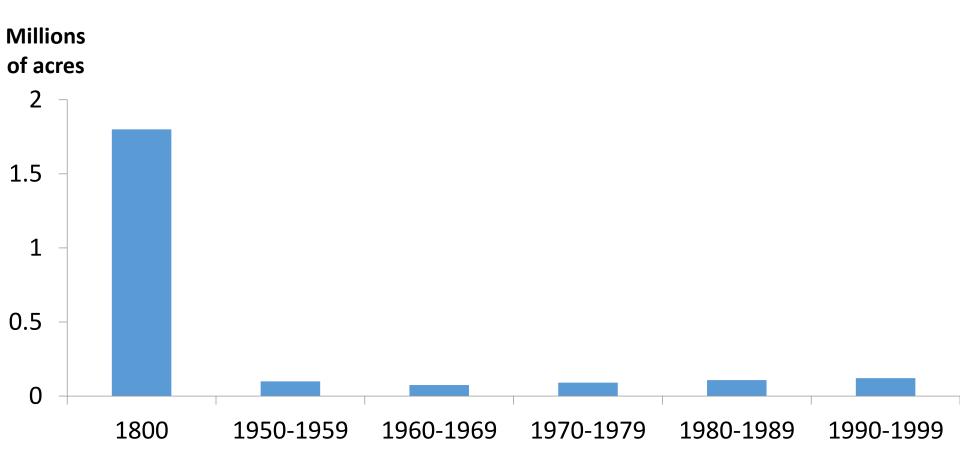
Annual average acres burnt in California



Adapted from

S. L. Stephens, R. E. Martin, N. E. Clinton, Prehistoric fire area and emissions from California's forests, woodlands, shrublands, and grasslands. *Forest Ecology Management* **251**, 205 (2007).

Annual average acres burnt in California

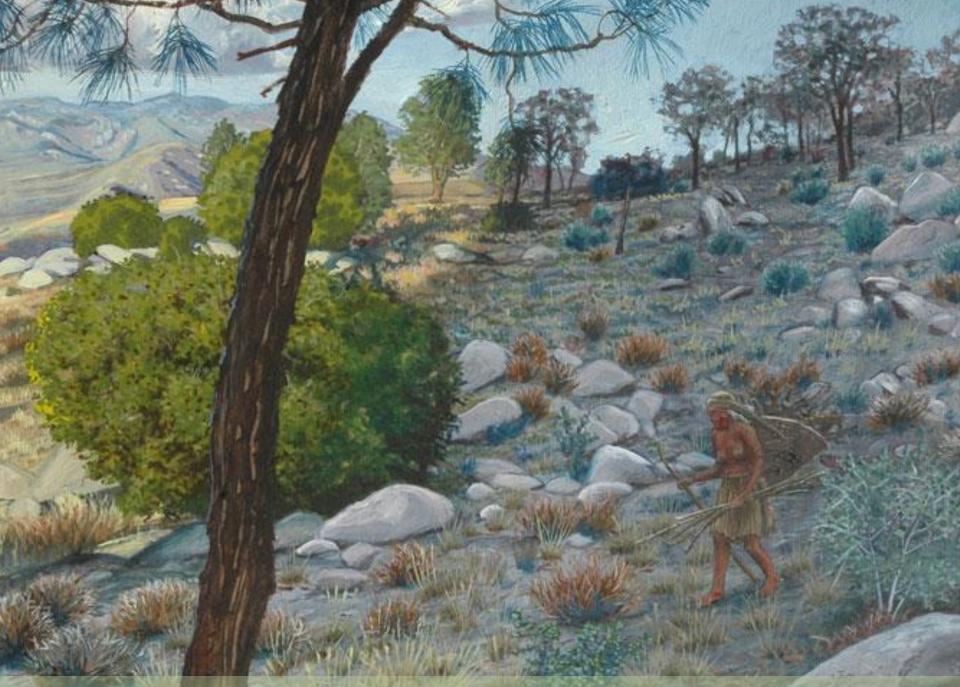


Adapted from

S. L. Stephens, R. E. Martin, N. E. Clinton, Prehistoric fire area and emissions from California's forests, woodlands, shrublands, and grasslands. *Forest Ecology Management* 251, 205 (2007).



Laura Cunningham's Miwok man burns a Bay tidal marsh from A State of Change



Laura Cunningham's Miwok woman gathers shoots after fire from A State of Change



Looking down Yosemite Valley by Albert Bierstadt

David Fingerhut



Firing back



Fire is an important ecological process

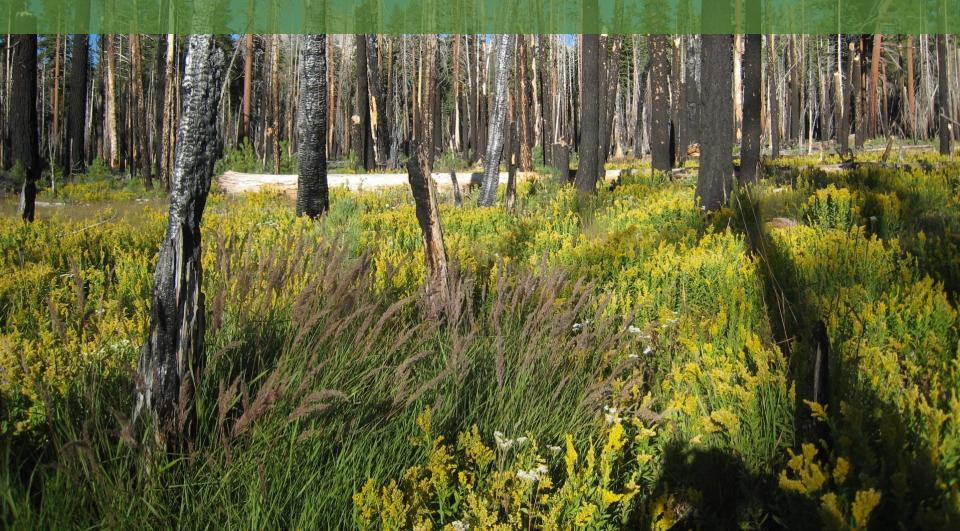
- Consumes vegetation and recycles nutrients
- Selects for fire adaptations
- Alters community composition and assembly
- Alters and creates biomes

From

W. J. Bond, J. E. Keeley, Fire as a global `herbivore': the ecology and evolution of flammable ecosystems. *Trends in ecology & evolution* 20, 387 (2005).

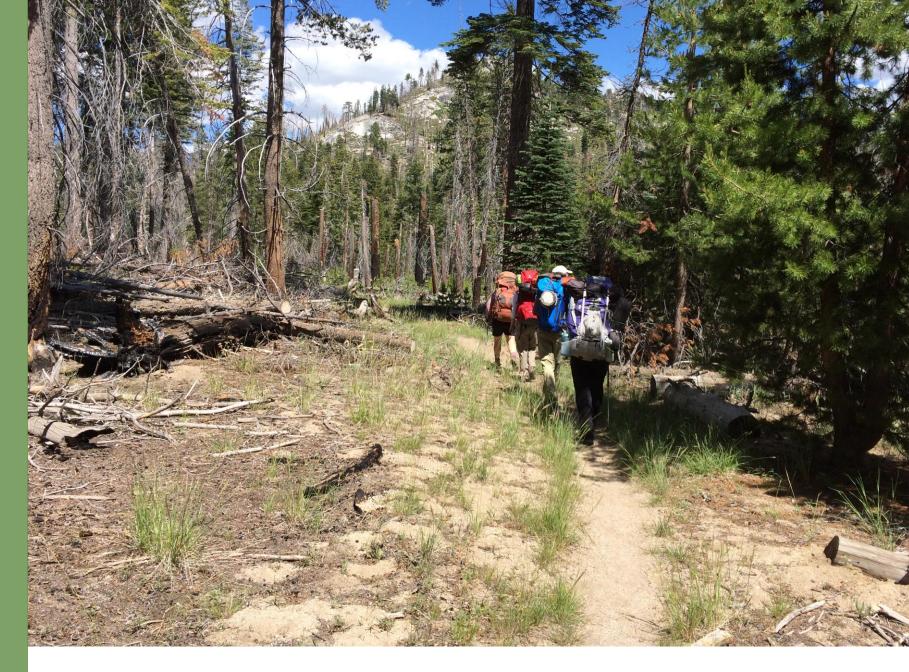
Where Fire is Working

Discover the Natural Benefits of Fire in Yosemite and Kings Canyon National Parks









NPR's Capital Public Radio team on a three day backpacking trip

Wildland Fire Use Areas



Illilouette Creek Basin, Yosemite National Park Sugarloaf Valley, Kings Canyon National Park

The Natural Benefits of Wildland Fire Use

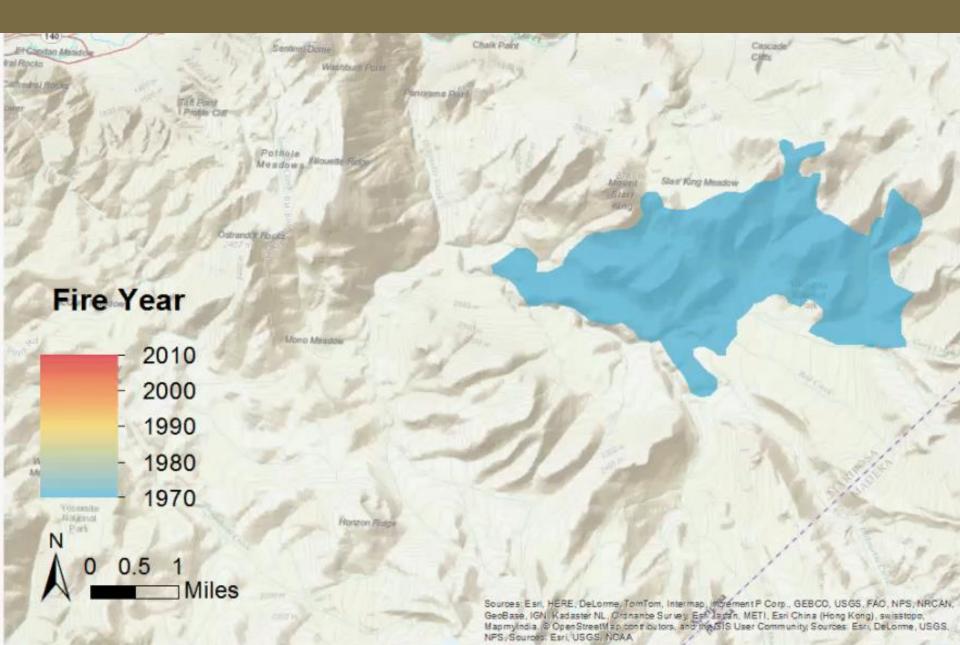


The Natural Benefits of Wildland Fire Use



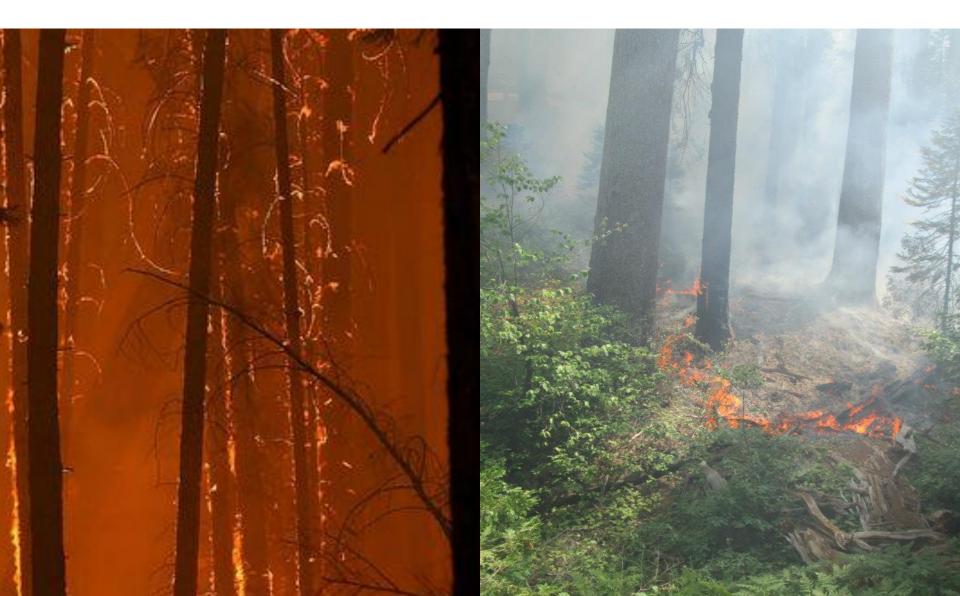
Wildfire Resilience ... wildfires become self-limiting!

Based on Collins, 2009



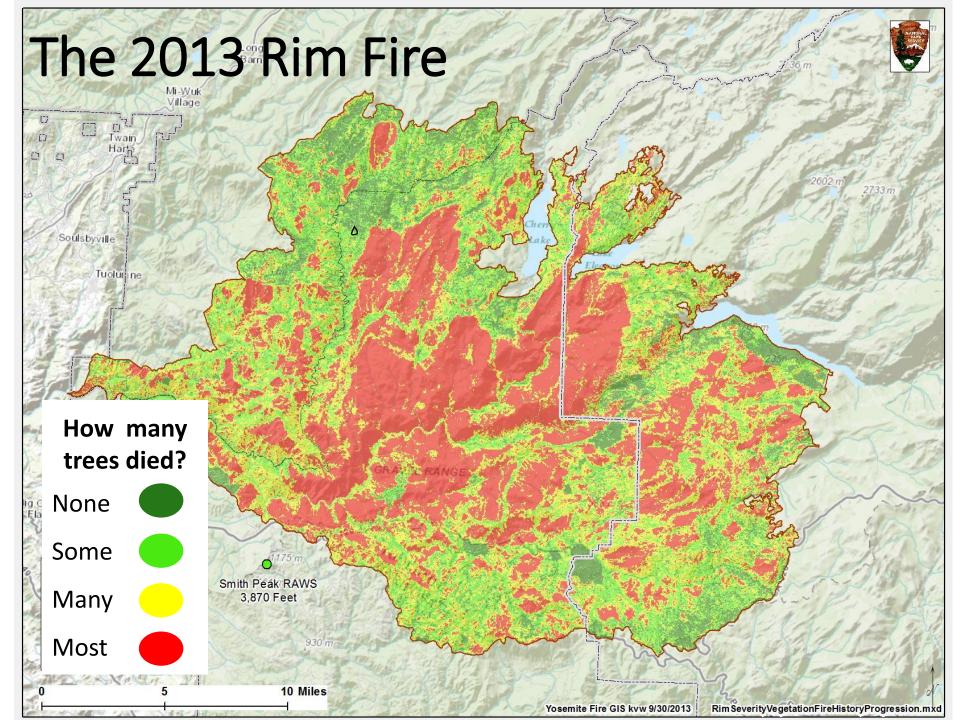
Wildfire Pres

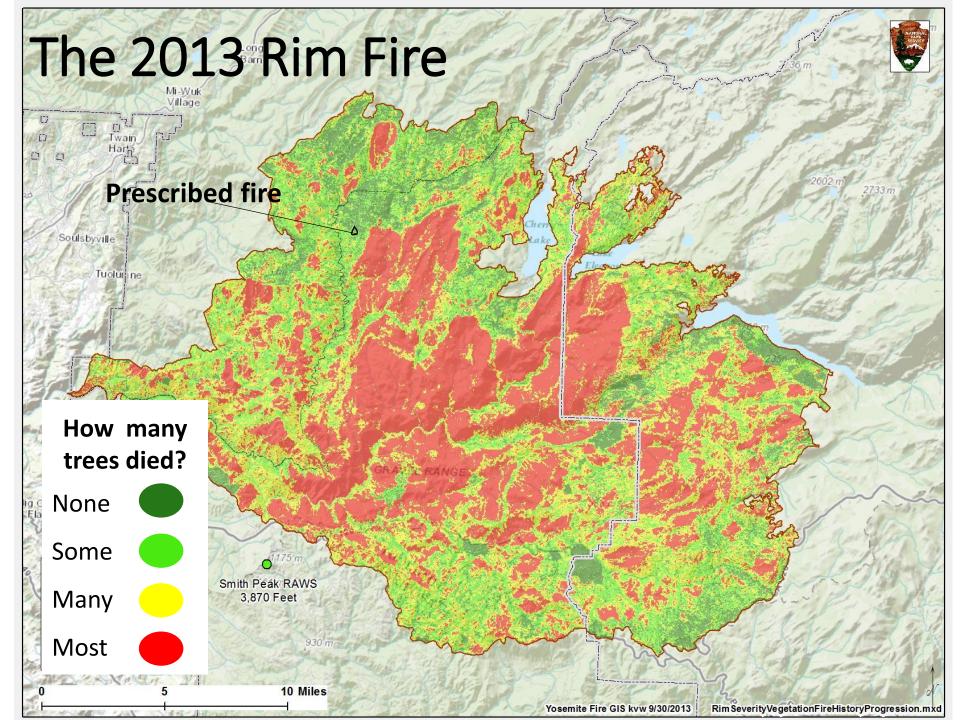
Prescribed fire

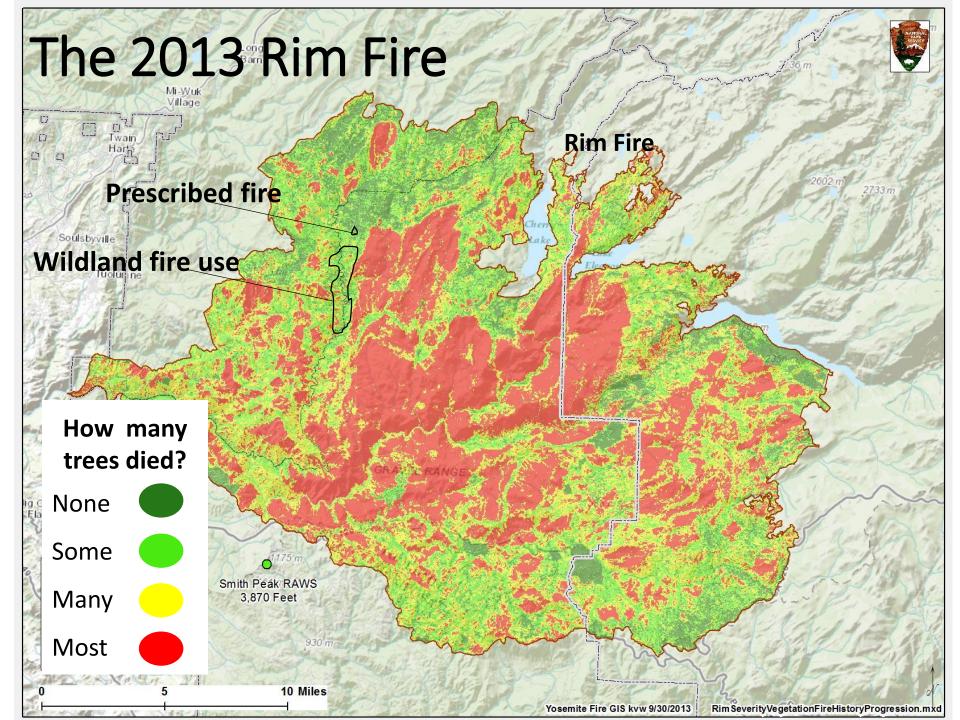


Wildfire fire use





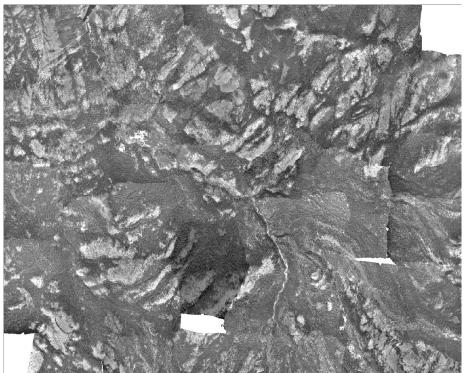




The Natural Benefits of Wildland Fire Use



1969 100 years fire suppression

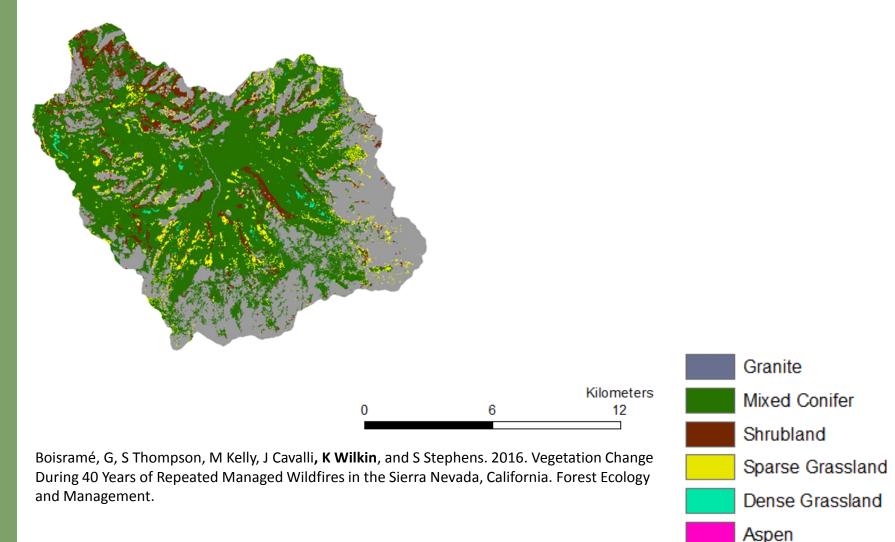


Source: Yosemite archives

Boisramé, G, S Thompson, M Kelly, J Cavalli, K Wilkin, and S Stephens. 2016. Vegetation Change During 40 Years of Repeated Managed Wildfires in the Sierra Nevada, California. In review at Landscape Ecology.

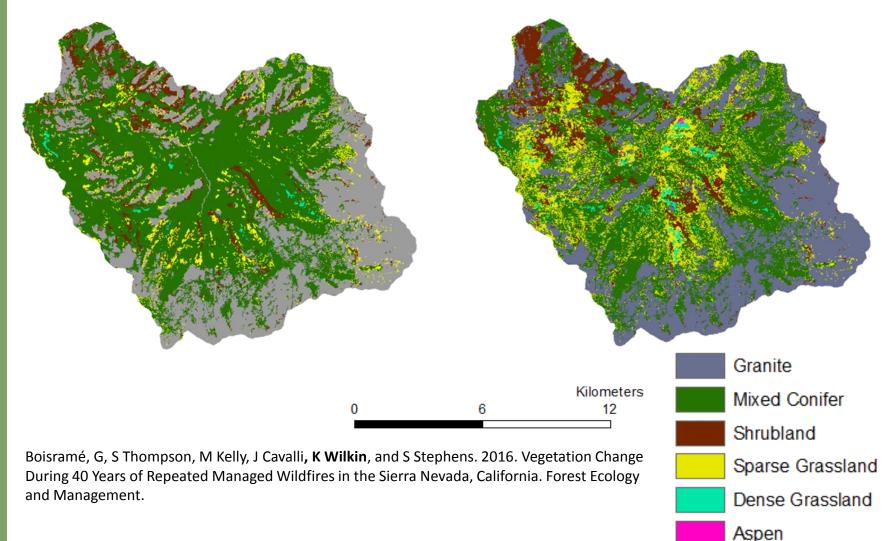
	Kilometers
6	12

1969: 100 years of suppression



1969: 100 years of suppression

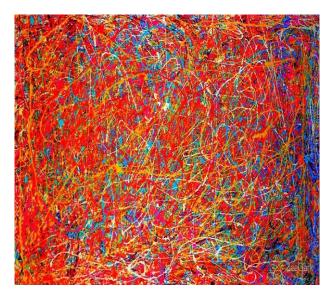
2012: 40 years of burning



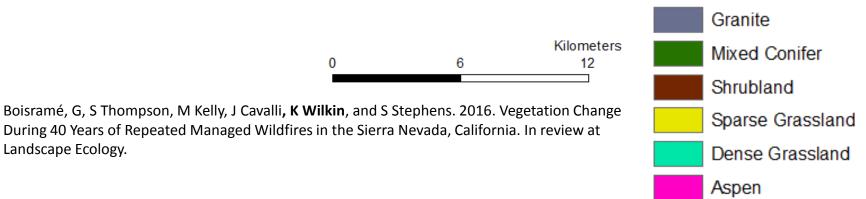
1969: 100 years of suppression

Piet Mondrían

2012: 40 years of burning

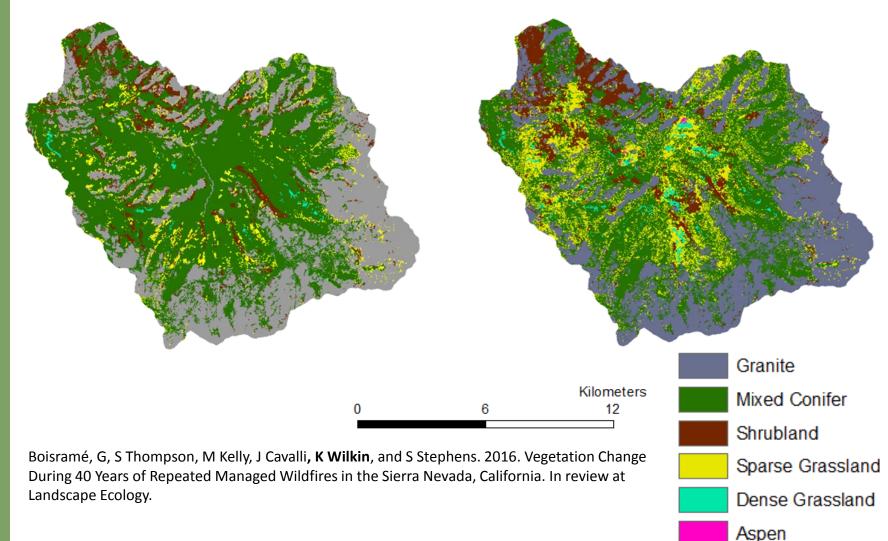


Jackson Pollock, Hot 9



1969: 100 years of suppression

2012: 40 years of burning









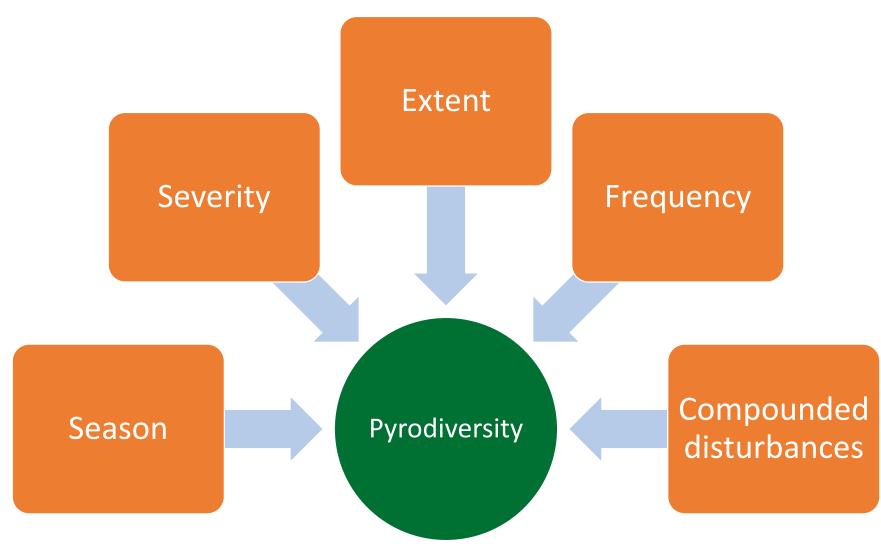


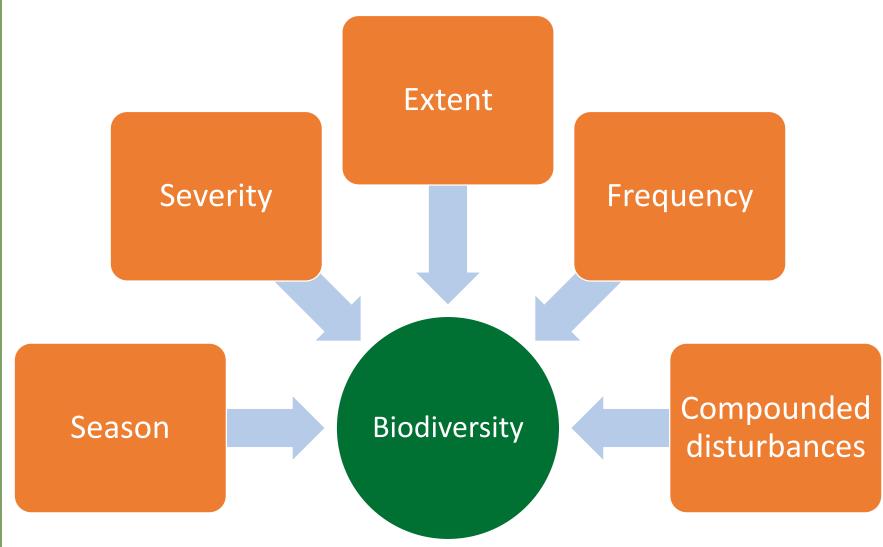


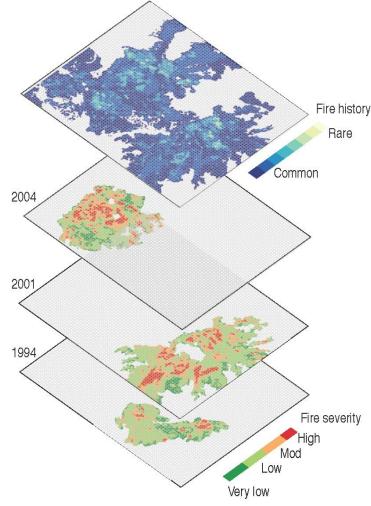
The Natural Benefits of Wildland Fire Use



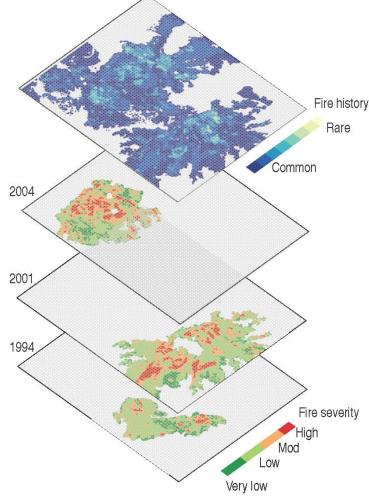






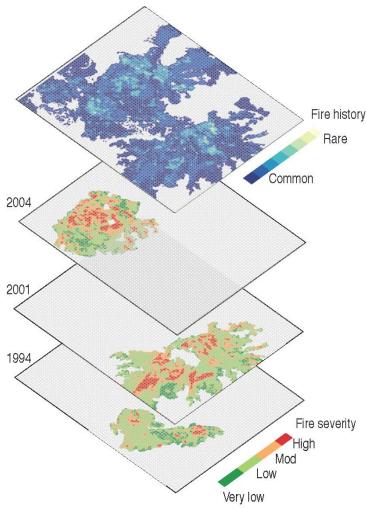


✓ Plants (250 m)

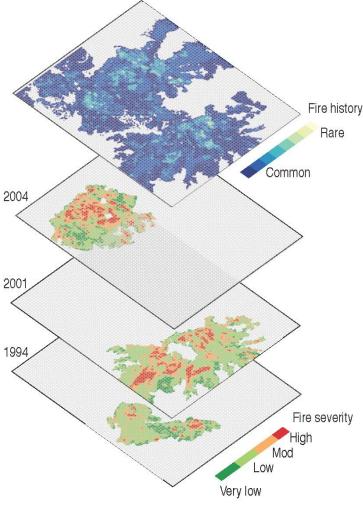


Wildland Fire Use

✓ Plants (250 m)✓ Pollinators (150 m)



- ✓ Plants (250 m)
- ✓ Pollinators (150 m)
- ✓ Plant-Pollinator interactions (150 m)





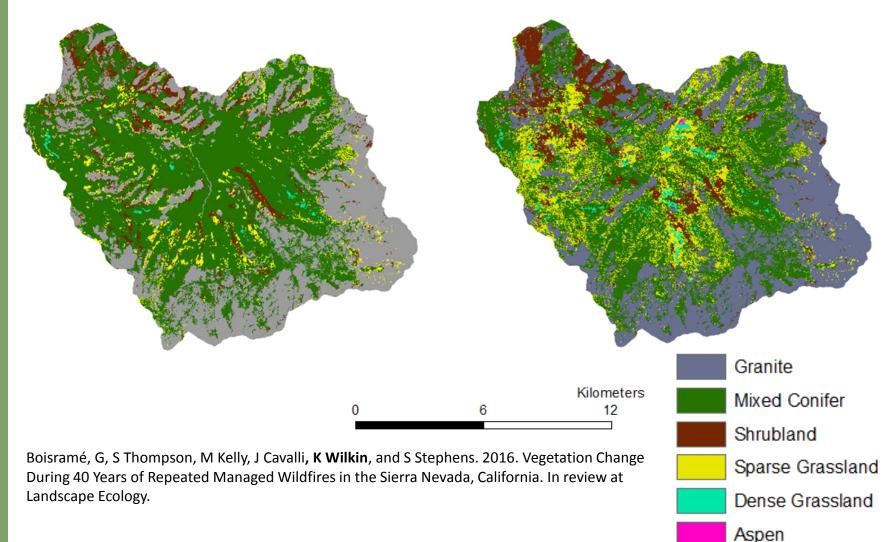
The Natural Benefits of Wildland Fire Use



Wetlands restored

1969: 100 years of suppression

2012: 40 years of burning



The Natural Benefits of Wildland Fire Use



The Natural Benefits of Wildland Fire Use



Wildland Fire Use Surrogates





Questions, comments?

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Forestry, Fire Science, and Natural Resource Advisor University of California Cooperative Extension

