According to U.S. Consumer Products Safety Commission data, approximately 2,700 people received hospital treatment for power drill injuries during 2006. Most injuries involved lacerations and punctures to fingers and hands. Other injuries included corneal abrasions, foreign bodies in the eye, and hand and finger contusions. Most of these drill press injuries were due to operator error or inattention and could have been avoided. For additional information about drill press safety, go to the Clover Safe note at: http://ucanr.org/cloversafe.

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