# Fresh Produce Marketing Trends: Implications for Blueberries 

## DR. ROBERTA COOK

 Dept. of Ag and Resource Economics University of California Davis May 2008U.S. Fresh Blueberries: Production, Imports \& Exports, 1,000 Pounds


Source: USDA, ERS,

## US Per Capita Utilization of Fresh Blueberries and Strawberries, 1980-2006

Pounds


## Estimated trends in N. American greenhouse tomato area, hectares



## Mexico* <br> Canada US**

*Excludes most shade house until 2005 **Major producers only until 1998

Sources: ITC, AMPHI, Stat Canada, and Calvin and Cook

## US Average Annual FOB Greenhouse Tomato Prices, 1990-2005, Dollars per Pound



Sources: Greenhouse shippers' internal records

## US Food System: $\$ 998.25$ Billion Retail Sales

 Equivalent, 2006, and Channel Shares
## Dollar Sales <br> Quantity Sold

Retail

$$
49.8 \%
$$

$50.2 \%$

Foodservice

Foodservice


Retail

Fresh produce not getting its "fair" share of the rapidly growing foodservice channels

- USDA estimated that only around $10 \%$ of fresh fruit and $20 \%$ of veggies are purchased in foodservice channels (lettuce, tomatoes and potatoes are big exceptions).
- Seasonality, perishability, supplier size are obstacles.
- Now is the right time for all segments of the foodservice industry to increase fresh produce use, CSR propels action and consumer health and wellness trends support it.
- Everyone must differentiate to successfully compete, fresh produce is a great way - color, "new" products, low plate cost, great flavor.

Fresh produce not getting its "fair" share of the rapidly growing foodservice channels

- Race to innovate!: including for retailers who are developing foodservice as HMR option (HEB, Publix, Wegman's).
- Foodservice distributors play a leading role in supplying the foodservice industry (over 800,000 outlets) so intermediaries play a much larger role than in retail channels.
- But more fresh produce offerings on menus expands total demand, regardless of whether shippers are serving restaurant chains directly or not.


## Top 25 US Fast Casual Chain Restaurants, 2006

## Chain

## Panera / St. L Panda Express

Chipotle
Boston Market
El Pollo Loco
Zaxby's
Fuddruckers
Baja Fresh Mexican Grill Einstein Bros. Bagels Fazoli's

Sales (million \$) Rank

| $\$ 1,911.6$ | 1 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 894.5 | 2 |
| $* 837.0$ | 3 |
| $* 685.0$ | 4 |
| $* 530.0$ | 5 |
| $* 415.0$ | 6 |
| $* 373.0$ | 7 |
| $* 335.0$ | 8 |
| $* 328.5$ | 9 |
| $* 318.0$ | 10 |1

2
3
4
5
6

Source: The Food Institute's Food Industry Review, 2007

* = estimate


## Top 25 US Fast Casual Chain Restaurants, 2006

## Chain

Moe's Southwest Grill
Qdoba Mexican Grill McAlister's Deli
Taco Cabana
Schlotzsky's Deli
Au Bon Pain
Pollo Tropical
Pei Wei Asian Diner
Corner Bakery Café Donatos Pizza

## Sales (million \$) Rank

$273.0 \quad 11$
*266.0 12
$255.1 \quad 13$
*232.8
*220.0
*203.0
*197.1
180.4
*180.0
175.0

14
15
16
17
18
19
20

## Top 25 US Fast Casual Chain Restaurants, 2006

Chain Sales (million \$) Rank

Taco Bueno Atlantic Bread Company

Bakery Café
Rubio's Fresh Mexican Grill Wingstop
Noodles \& Company
173.2

21

## TOTAL

$$
\text { * }=\text { estimate }
$$

**But still only 6\% of LSR segment.
Source: The Food Institute's Food Industry Review, 2007

## Unusual Salad Offerings: LSR Chains

## Panera Bread/St. Louis Bread Co.

Fuji Apple Chicken* \$5.69 all-natural citrus-herb chicken, field greens, Romaine lettuce, tomatoes, onions, pecans, Gorgonzola, and apple chips with white balsamic Fuji apple vinaigrette

Source: 2007: The Salad Category Report, Technomic Info. Services, 2007.

## Unusual Salad Offerings: LSR Chains

## Cosi

Signature Salad
\$6.59 Gorgonzola, grapes, pears, pistachios, dried cranberries, and mixed greens with roasted shallot sherry vinaigrette

## Fuddruckers

Chicken Florentine tomatoes, and choice of dressing

Source: 2007: The Salad Category Report, Technomic Info. Services, 2007.

## Shipper Fresh Produce Strategies:

- Making the investment required to hire foodservice experts (often outsourced) to work "long term"
- Overcome obstacles, consistency in grading, quality, pricing, packs; in some cases marketing incentives for a menu mention of their brand
- Attempt to understand specific account needs, and what's required to sell to them in windows, subwindows, or limited time offers - takes into account seasonality and makes it a plus, creating excitement for consumers
- Ensuring that their product offering is aligned with operations and marketing considerations for the chain in question - can it be executed?!


## Crispers

## Drenched Blueberry Cake

A moist cake drenched in three sweet milks, layered with blueberries, blueberry mousse and topped with delicious cream. Sprinkled with fresh blueberries this cake offers you a little something special from south of the border.


## Sunshine Blue Chicken Salad Conewich

It's our own homemade chunky chicken salad drizzled with blueberry shallot dressing surrounded by fresh blueberry fruit salad and topped with toasted almonds. We layer it all into a blueberry conewich for a chicken salad creation like youve never had before.

## Green Tea Blueberry Pomegranate Blast

## Blueberry Pomegranate Yogurt Shake

- Fresh blueberries blended with Publix's new Low fat Blueberry Pomegranate" frozen yogurt, mixed with our blend of blueberry and pomegranate juices. It's one berry good shake!

A bold and refreshing frosty treat bursting with antioxidant rich blueberry and pomegranate juices, fresh blueberries and ice all blended together

Total US Food Service $\$ 513.186$ Billion, Forecast, July 2007, share of dollar sales

Bars \& Restaurants \$328.982B

Limited Service


## Other B\$184.204

Travel, Bus. \& Ind.
Leisure

| $12 \%$ | Educ. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $19 \%$ | $11 \%$ |

Remainder

## U.S. Consumer Store Shopping Habits



Grocery Mass March

## Drug <br> Super- Dollar center Stores

Source: ACNielsen

## U.S. Consumer Store Shopping Habits, by Household



Source: ACNielsen

## U.S. Consumer Store Shopping Habits, by Household

- Looking back even further, in 1995 consumers made 92 trips/year to a grocery store (supermarket) vs. 59 in 2007.
- But the decline for supermarkets is not the whole story.
- Total shopping trips/year, across all formats, are down from 152 in 2001 to 138 in 2007.
- Conventional grocery retailers are fighting back, (e.g., Safeway lifestyle stores, Ingredients for Life Campaign: Hannaford Guiding Stars), all benefiting fresh produce

Source: ACNielsen

## Trends in US Store Format Market Shares, and 2006 Grocery Sales* and Store Numbers

2006 Sales 2006 \# 2006 \$ 2011 \$<br>\$Million Stores \% Share \% Share

| Traditional | $\$ 427,567$ | 40,552 | 49.8 | 43.5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Nontraditional | $\$ 292,409$ | 48,340 | 34.0 | 40.3 |
| Total C-Stores | $\$ 138,876$ | 144,130 | 16.2 | 16.2 |
| GRAND TOTAL | $\$ 858,851$ | 233,023 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

-Grocery sales only, excludes electronics, prescription drugs, toys, jewelry, sporting goods, gas, clothing, footwear, knickknacks, and hardlines.
Source: The Future of Food Retailing, Willard Bishop, June 2007

US Grocery Sales and Store Numbers by Key Format, 2006, Excluding Membership Clubs, C-Stores, and Grocery Stores with Sales < $\$ 2 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{Yr}$.

| Format of | \# of <br> Stores | Sales, <br> Total Stores | $\%$ <br> Million |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | Total Sales |
| :---: |

Total
$33,405 \quad 100.0 \% \quad \$ 492,951 \quad 100.0 \%$
Conventional supermkt $27,006 \quad 80.8 \% \quad \$ 345,459 \quad 70.1 \%$
Supercenter*
2,758
$8.3 \% \quad \$ 124,041$ 25.2\%

Combined Itd assort
and natural/gourmet $3,641 \quad 10.9 \% \quad \$ 23,449 \quad 4.7 \%$ supermarkets
*Supermarket-type items only.
Source: Based on Progressive Grocer's $74^{\text {th }}$ Annual Report of the Grocery Industry, as cited in The Food Institute's Food Industry Review, 2007.

## Size of Leading Natural and Limited Assortment Supermarket Retailers

- As of Sept. 30, 2007 Whole Foods operated 276 stores* with $\$ 6.6$ billion in FY 2007 sales, including Wild Oats; Whole Foods is about $\frac{2}{2}$ the size of HEB
- Trader Joe's sales are estimated at over $\$ 5$ billion, with 262 stores in 2006 (owned by the Albrecht family of Germany)
- Conventional supermarket operators are still the primary customers for fresh produce suppliers, and the good news is, most are changing their formats to emphasize freshness, including increased attention to produce departments, however, they are mega-retailers with buying power
*Includes 6 stores in the UK and 7 in Canada; \$5.6B in FY 2006 sales.
Sources: Whole Foods Annual Reports and 10-K filings; The Food Institute.

2006 Grocery Sales* and Store Numbers; and NonTraditional Grocery Channel Share of Total US Grocery Sales, 2006 vs. 2011

2006 Sales 2006 \# 2006 \$ 2011 \$ \$Million Stores \% Share \% Share
Total Nontraditional
Wholesale Club
Supercenter
Dollar Store

| $\$ 292,409$ | 48,340 | 34.0 | 40.3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 63,504$ | 1,240 | 7.4 | 8.2 |
| $\$ 124,675$ | 2,696 | 14.5 | 20.3 |
| $\$ 14,852$ | 20,543 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| $\$ 42,240$ | 19,864 | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| $\$ 43,011$ | 3,826 | 5.0 | 4.6 |
| $\$ 4,126$ | 172 | .5 | .4 |

-Grocery sales only, excludes gas, hardlines, clothing, electronics, prescription drugs, knickknacks, footwear, sporting goods, toys, and jewelry.

## Private Label Sales in Supermarkets, 2006:

 Top 10 Private Label Categories by Dollar Volume: Fresh Produce Becoming Important

## Other Food Marketing Channels

4. Amazon.com starts marketing food, including dried fruits and nuts.
$\leftrightarrows$ Vending machines, $\$ 22.54$ billion in 2006 sales, but only $\$ 37.9$ million was perishables, of all types, and that declined 7\% over 2005.

4 Starbuck's begins to offer prepared salads and may be adding more fresh produce. Starbucks has 15,000 stores worldwide with $\$ 9.4$ billion in sales.

## Conclusions

The stars are aligned to increase fresh produce sales through most food marketing channels!!

But.......

## Threats and Opportunities

4 On the one hand, intensified competition among retailers provides opportunities for fresh produce suppliers - since the fresh produce department is a key point of differentiation for retailers.
4) And other new channels selling fresh produce can create new demand that does not cannibalize retail produce sales.

4 On the other hand, mega-retailers are likely to exert even more price pressure on suppliers.

4 Private labels are becoming more important to retailers both as a differentiation tool with innovative rather than just "me-too" products, and as a way to offer value to consumers.
$\leftrightarrows$ Private labels can represent an opportunity to fresh produce suppliers by generating predictable demand for those items, on the other hand, margins are likely to be thin.

## Cost-Price Squeezes are Supply Chain-Wide

$\leftrightarrow$ The growth in new store formats and marketing channels selling fresh food means more pressure on retail margins.
$\stackrel{4}{4}$ In addition, food price inflation is increasing.
$\leftrightarrows$ Whereas in the past, retailers could more readily pass on price increases from suppliers to consumers, the more competitive retail environment constrains retailers.
$\leftrightarrow$ This likely means more difficulty for fresh produce suppliers/shippers to achieve higher prices as their costs escalate (fertilizer, energy, food safety, labor, etc.).
$\leftrightarrow$ As costs increase, in this fierce competitive environment, suppliers will need to use information technology/business intelligence to increase efficiency: increasing shipper size.

