## Winter Cover Crop Performance in a Drought Year in the Sacramento Valley Sarah Light

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 UC Cxxension Winter cover crop species were planted using a single row push planter at 3 sites in the Sacramento Valley. Cover crop height was collected at 3 points in each plot. Percent cover (proportion of cover crops, weeds, and bare soil) was collected in three $20 \times 20 \mathrm{~cm}$ quadrats. Some species had no stand establishment at Site 3, thus no data or photos are shown. Site 1: planted 12/1/20; data collected 4/6/21; 12 inches water applied $2 / 25 / 21$ (furrow irrigation) Site 2: planted 11/24/20; data collected 4/6/21; long-term soil health management practices and high starting soil organic matter; 8 inches of water applied 3/27/21 (furrow irrigation)Site 3: planted 12/2/20; data collected 4/6/21; no irrigation

## Legumes: Balansa Clover



Legumes: Subclover Campeda


## Legumes: Rose Clover

Site 1


Average Height: 2 in

Site 2


Legumes: Crimson Clover


Legumes: Berseem Clover


Legumes: Lana Woolypod Vetch


Legumes: Common Vetch


Legumes: Hairy Vetch


## Legumes: Biomaster Peas



Legumes: Yellow Peas


Legumes: Austrian White Peas


Brassicas: Martigena White Mustard

Brassicas: Yellow Mustard


Brassicas: Nemafix Mustard


Average Height: 58 in

Site 2


Average Height: 79 in

Site 3


Average Height: 44 in

## Brassicas: Daikon Radish



Percent Cover Key (average of three quadrants): Gray=Cover Crop. Orange=Weeds. Blue=Bare Soil

Brassicas: Purple Top Turnip


Linum: (Common) Flax


## Grasses: Montezuma Oats



Grasses: Cayuse White Oats



Percent Cover Key (average of three quadrants): Gray=Cover Crop. Orange=Weeds. Blue=Bare Soil

## Observations:

Brassicas were the most effective at outcompeting weeds, followed by grasses. Legumes were much less competitive against weeds. Legumes are less competitive in a drought year without irrigation.

The field with long-term soil health management practices and high soil organic matter (Site 2) had good stand establishment for many cover crop species even though the only irrigation was at the end of March.

For more field observations, a video tour of Site 1 can be found on the Soil Health Connection Youtube Channel, hosted by Agronomy Advisor Sarah Light and the Executive Director of the Colusa RCD, Liz Harper.

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[^0]:    *All seed was donated by Kamprath Seed. Thank you to Tom Johnson and Kamprath Seed for supporting this work.*

