DON’T GET BURNED TWICE

Consumer Fraud Protection Alert

URGENT CONSUMER CHECKLIST

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- Charity Fraud
- Phony “Officials”
- Advance Fee Loans
- Telemarking Rip-offs
- Insurance Adjusters
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Home Repair Fraud
One of the most pressing needs after a fire is the repair of homes and other damaged buildings. Many such repairs will require the services of professional contractors. But professional con artists will also be out in force, perhaps overcharging, perhaps taking money in advance but not completing the work or doing the work haphazardly. These tips can help you avoid being scammed:

• Be wary of door-to-door solicitors; many home repair con artists are transients who move into the area of a disaster, collect as much money as they can, and then move on. California contractors must be licensed. Ask to see their wallet-sized license and call the Contractors State License Board’s toll-free line at 1-800-321-CSLB (2752) or visit their web site at www.cslb.ca.gov to verify the license status and to obtain educational information, free of charge.
• Shop around for the best deal. Get written estimates from several contractors. Don’t allow a sales person to rush you into a deal. Check out at least three local references.
• Get all terms of the contract in writing, and get a copy of the signed contract. Under state law, for home repairs over $500, a contractor cannot collect a down payment more than $1,000 or 10% of the contract price, whichever is less. Never make full payment until all work is completed to your satisfaction. Also, be aware that you have the right to cancel within three business days after signing the agreement. In the absence of a true emergency, no work can be started on your property during the three-day cancellation period.

Charity Fraud
There are many worthy disaster relief organizations providing food, shelter, clothing and other assistance to victims. But con artists will prey upon the generosity of others to collect money—supposedly in the name of fire victims, but in reality benefiting no one but the fraudulent solicitor. Keep these points in mind:

• All groups soliciting for charitable donations in the state are required to register with the State attorney General’s Office.
• Be alert to the possibility of a “sound-alike” name, one that is similar to the name of a well-known relief organization.
• Verify the identity of a solicitor. Don’t assume that a solicitor who claims to represent a well-known charity actually works for that organization. Ask for identification and call the charity to verify.
• Ask how the money will be used. Charities and solicitors must disclose what percentage of money they collect is used for actual services and what is used for administration, fund raising costs, etc.—but only if you ask for the information.
• Obtain specific information about where the charity is located, a phone number where you can contract the organization, and what programs it provides, and think twice about donating to that particular group if the answers are vague or unsatisfactory.

Phony “Officials”
Always ask for identification from anyone coming to your door claiming to be operating in an official capacity (building inspector, telephone or utility repair person, etc.). Do not admit anyone into your home unless they can present authentic identification; don’t hesitate to call their employer to verify if you feel uncertain. Only an impostor will mind the wait.

Advance Fee Loans
Many consumers may find themselves in need of loans or deferment of existing debts while they recover from the effects of a disaster. But many schemes offering “fast” or “guaranteed” loans or extensions of credit may be nothing more than scams. Some con artists may represent themselves as brokers who, for a “processing” fee can obtain FEMA checks for you.

• Avoid “advance-fee” loans in which a company “guarantees” that you will receive a loan, but requires that you pay money upfront to obtain it. Such “guaranteed” loans rarely exist. A state or federally-regulated lending institution can tell you if you qualify for a loan.
• Do not give your credit card number, checking account or social security number over the phone or internet unless you are familiar with the company seeking the information.
• Be wary of ads that give you a 1-900 number to call for “free” loan information.

Telemarketing
Basic rules to keep in mind when solicited for any goods or services by phone, after a fire or at any time:

• Don’t let yourself be pushed into a purchase by a high-pressure salesperson.
• Ask the solicitor if you can return the phone call, and obtain a number where the company can be reached. You can check with the Attorney General’s Office at 1-800-952-5225 or online at ag.ca.gov, or contact your local Better Business Bureau to see if there are complaints against the company.
• Don’t hesitate to hang up when an uninvited solicitor calls.

Insurance Adjusters
If your home has sustained damage, you may be approached by a public adjuster who, for a fee, will offer to act on your behalf to settle your insurance claim. After you talk to your insurance company’s adjuster, you may decide you want the assistance of a public adjuster. But before you agree to use a public adjuster:

• Ask what the adjuster is going to do and how much it will cost. Remember, fees are negotiable.
• Get all the agreements in writing. The contract must include a 3-day right to cancel notice.
• Contact the Department of Insurance for more information at 1-800-927-4357 or www.insurance.ca.gov.

Housing Refunds
If your rental unit has been declared uninhabitable, you are entitled to a refund of your security deposit and last month’s rent, less legally allowed deductions.

• The landlord has three weeks to refund this money.
• If you paid rent for the month and your housing is uninhabitable, you may be able to get a refund for the remaining portion of the month’s rent.

For additional information on landlord/tenant issues, call the Department of Consumer Affairs at 1-800-952-5210.


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