Introduction of the Short Course Basics of Nitrogen in Plant and Soil and Topics Covered and Not Covered by Todays' Seminar

Organic Soil Fertility for Vegetables and Strawberries University of California Short Course. Feb. 12, 2019, Salinas, CA

> Joji Muramoto UC Santa Cruz

N in plants; A key to crop production

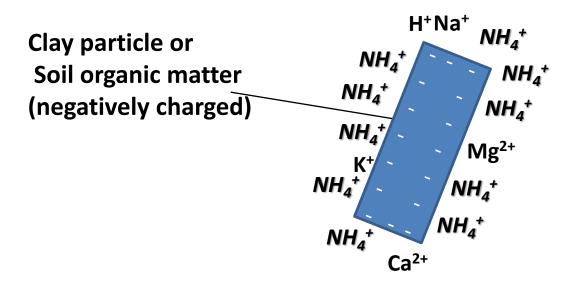
- Primary nutrient affecting plant growth
 - photosynthesis (chlorophyll)
 - biomass structure (protein)
 - metabolism (enzyme)
 - energy production (ATP)
 - reproduction (DNA, RNA)
- N deficiency
 - Yellowish green leaves, smaller plants, lower yield
- N excess
 - Dark green leaves, large plants, susceptive to diseases

N Forms in Soil and Plant Availability Soil N - $\begin{bmatrix} Organic N ~98\% & [Plant Unavailable*] \\ \hline Mineralization** \\ Inorganic N ~2\% & [Plant Available] \\ \hline Ammonium N (NH \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification** \\ Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification** \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline Mitrification \\ \hline Nitrate N (NO \ N) \\ \hline N \\$

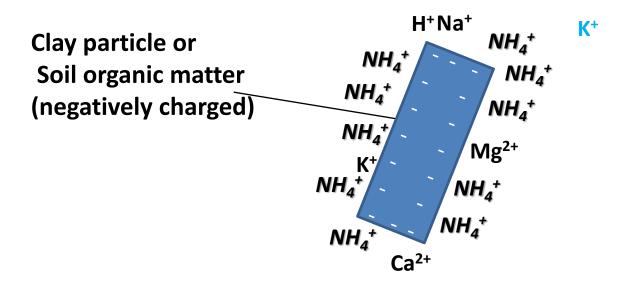
* Plants can absorb small amounts of organic N and some crop plants can do more than others

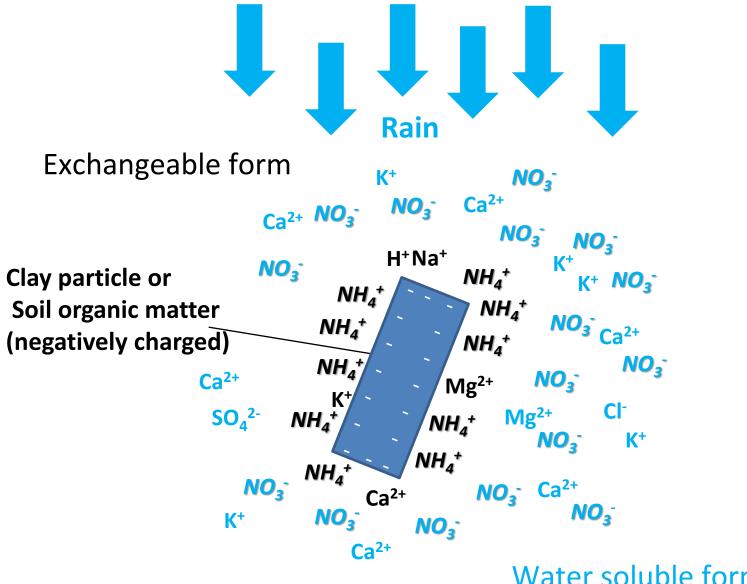
** <u>Biological processes</u> affected by *environmental factors* such as *soil temperature. moisture, pH, oxygen content etc.*

Exchangeable form

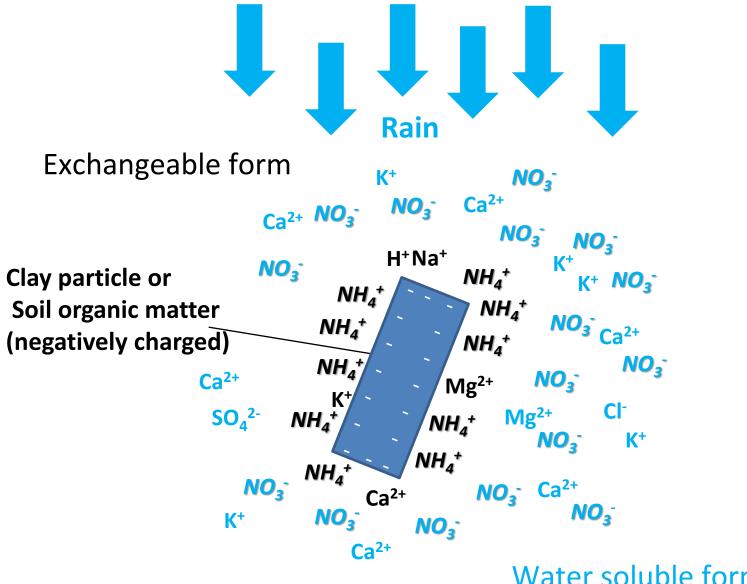


Exchangeable form



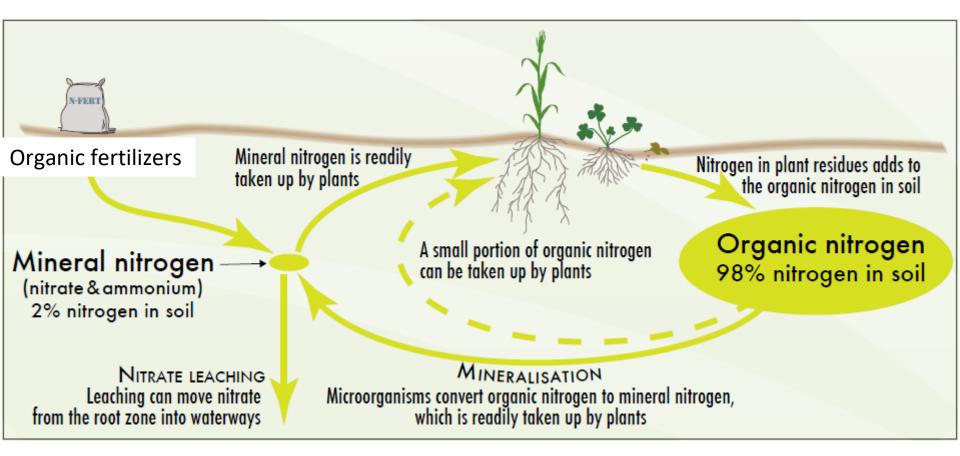


Water soluble form



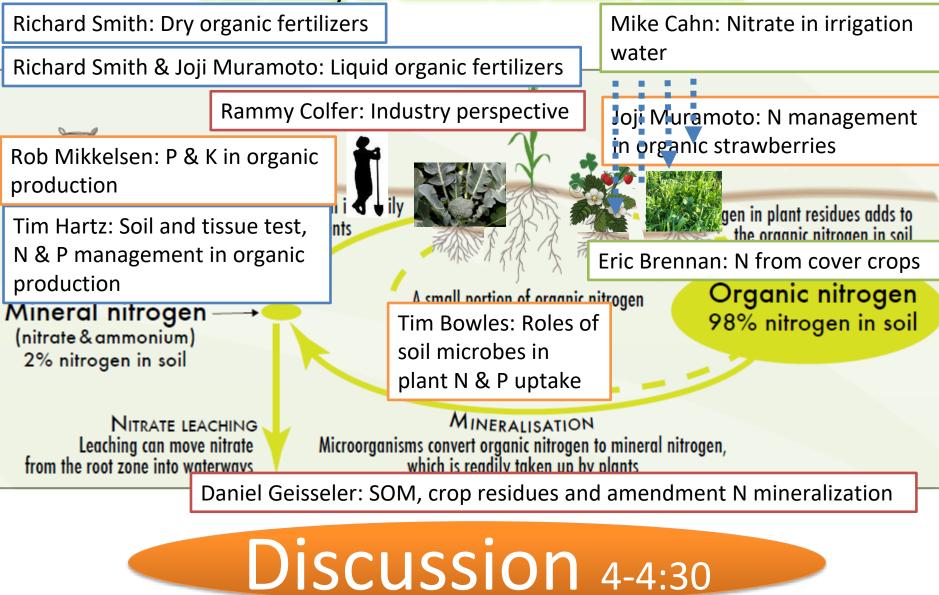
Water soluble form

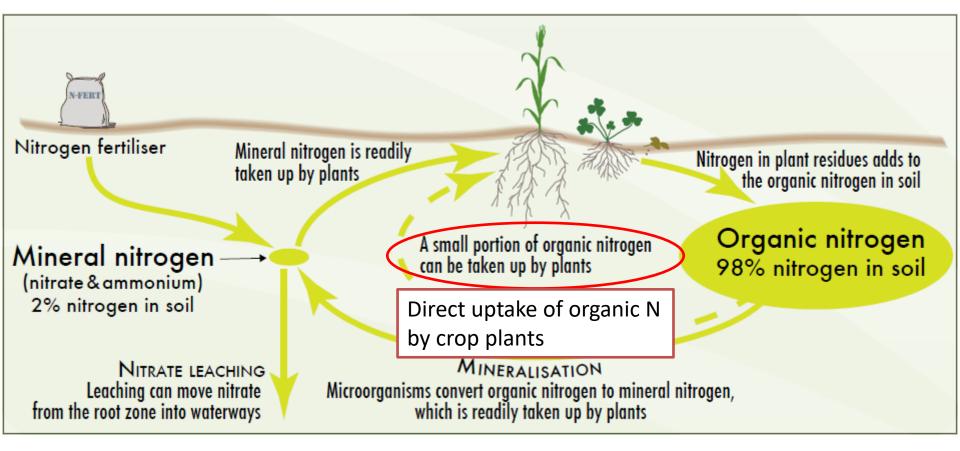
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(Soil Quality Pty Ltd. 2019. http://soilquality.org.au/factsheets/soil-nitrogen-supply)

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PERGAMON

Soil Biology & Biochemistry 32 (2000) 1301-1310

Soil Biology & Biochemistry

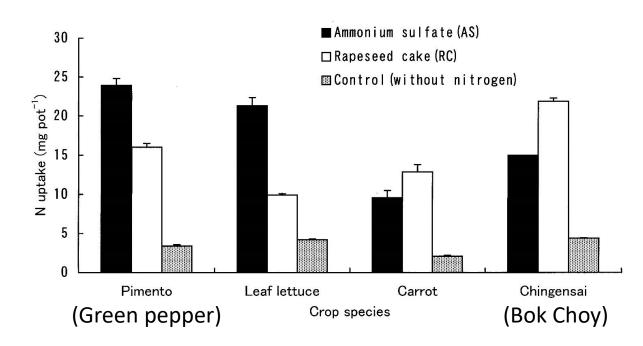
www.elsevier.com/locate/soilbio

Possible direct uptake of organic nitrogen from soil by chingensai (Brassica campestris L.) and carrot (Daucus carota L.)

Shingo Matsumoto^{a,*}, Noriharu Ae^b, Makoto Yamagata^c

^aShimane Agricultural Experiment Station, Izumo 693-0035, Japan ^bNational Institute of Agro-Environmental Sciences, Tsukuba 305-8604, Japan ^cHokkaido National Agricultural Experiment Station, Memuro 082-0071, Japan

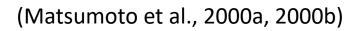
Received 8 April 1999; received in revised form 8 September 1999; accepted 16 February 2000

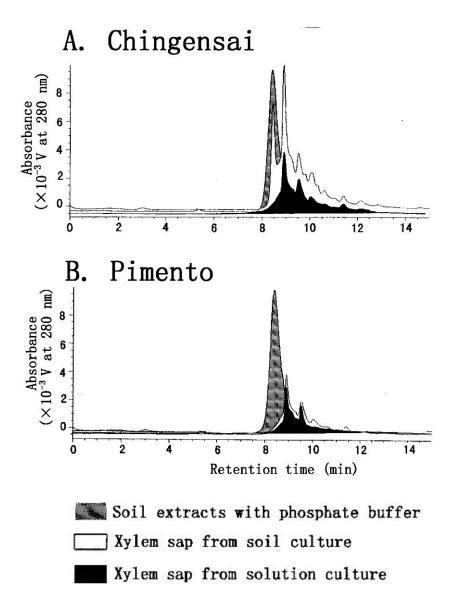


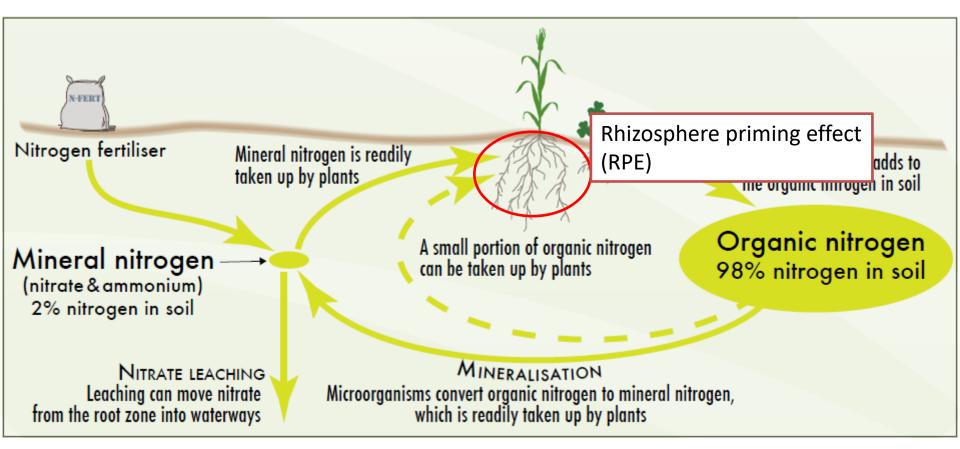
Spinach also showed a similar trend with Chingensai (= Bok Choy)

PEON: <u>phosphate buffer-extractable organic N</u>

- Extract with 1/15 M phosphate buffer
- MW: 8,000-9,000 Da
- Bacterial cell wall absorbed to Fe or Al in soil?
- Found in xylem sap in chingensai and spinach
- <u>Non-mycorrhizal plants</u>;
 Amaranthaceae, *Brasiccaceae*
- Qualitative evidence only
- Contribution to overall N uptake unknown



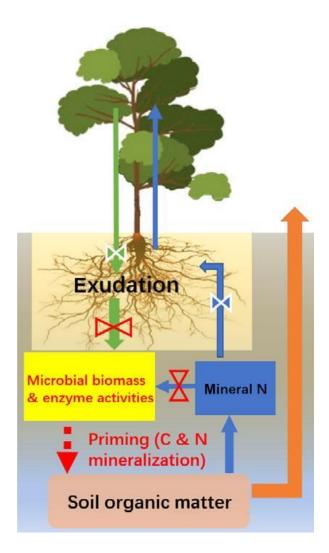




(Soil Quality Pty Ltd. 2019. http://soilquality.org.au/factsheets/soilnitrogen-supply)

Rhizosphere Priming Effect (RPE)

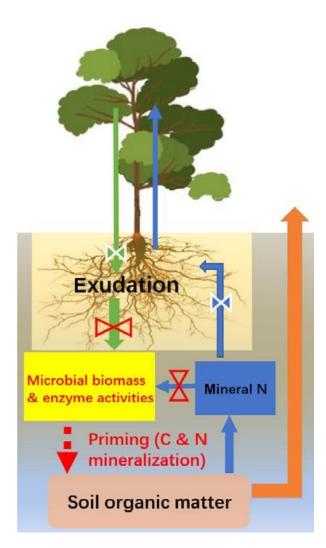
The stimulation or suppression of soil organic matter (SOM) decomposition by live roots and associated rhizosphere organisms when compared to SOM decomposition from rootless soils under the same environmental conditions (Cheng et al., 2013)



(Yin et al., 2018)

Rhizosphere Priming Effect (RPE)

- Highly variable;
 - For C, -50% to +350%
 - For N, 36-52% (soybean and sunflower) (Zhu et al., 2014)
 depending on climate,
 plant, and soil variables
- No studies on RPE of vegetable crops and strawberries just yet



(Yin et al., 2018)

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