Southern California Pomology Research Update

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- Update on new SD cultivars Benicia & Mojave
- Timeline for developing a new cultivar
- Management strategies for early-planted San Andreas and Palomar
- Breeding for resistance/tolerance
- Assessing efficacy of various soil fumigation treatments for control of M. phaseolina

Performance of new cultivars in Southern California, 2006-2010

Benicia (C225)
Mojave (C227)



Short-day strawberry breeding objectives

Excellent flavor

Consistent high fruit quality

Early production

Long, stable production cycle

Easy to grow (nursery & fruiting field)

Plant architecture that facilitates harvest efficiency

Disease & environmental tolerance



Benicia



Mojave

Three-year average^x yield performance for high-elevation advanced short-day selections compared with Camarosa & Ventana, 2006-09

<i>Dig/plant</i> 9/26-9/30					Yield performance to 6-8							
9/26-9/30	Yield perform to 3/1							Fruit				
		Mkt	Cull		Mkt	Cull	size	app.	firm.			
Item	G/plt ^y	g/plt ^z	(%)	G/plt	g/plt	(%)	(g)	(1-5)	(1-5)			
Benicia 3.4	396	378		4.6	2227	1791	21.6	34.4	3.1			
Mojave	507	471	6.0	2176 9,792	1888 8,496	13.2	36.6	3.8	3.2			
Ventana	407	345	15.2	1962	1540	21.5	32.5	3.2	3.4			
Camarosa	332	269	19.0	2042	1534	24.9	31.0	2.6	3.4			

Grams per plant x 4.5 = number of 12# crates/acre

^{*} One-year of data for C225 and C226 (2008-09)

y G/plt = total grams per plant; z Mkt g/plt = marketable grams per plant

Three-year average^x yield performance for high-elevation advanced short-day selections compared with Camarosa & Ventana, 2006-09

Dig/plant				<u></u>	Yield performance to 6-8							
Dig/plant 10/3-10/6	Yield perform to 3/1							Fruit				
		Mkt	Cull		Mkt	Cull	size	app.	firm.			
Item	G/plt ^y	g/plt ^z	(%)	G/plt	g/plt	(%)	(g)	(1-5)	(1-5)			
Benicia 3.5	234	221		5.6	1784	1462	18.1	33.3	3.4			
Mojave	259	244		5.8	1803	1570	12.9	35.8	3.7			
3.3				8,114	7,065							
Ventana	273	245	10.3	1856	1415	23.8	32.1	3.4	3.4			
Camarosa	163	119	27.0	1808	1293	28.5	30.9	2.7	3.4			

^{*}Two years of data for C225 and C226 (2007-09)

Grams per plant; Mkt g/plt = marketable grams per plant Grams per plant x 4.5 = number of 12# crates/acre

Three-year average^x yield performance for high-elevation advanced short-day selections compared with Camarosa & Ventana, 2006-09

Dig/plant					Yield performance to 6-8							
Dig/plant 10/15-10/20	Yield p	erforn	n to 3/1					Fruit				
		Mkt	Cull		Mkt	Cull	size	app.				
firm. Item	G/plt ^y	g/plt ^z	(%)	G/plt	g/plt	(%)	(g)	(1-5)	(1-5)			
Benicia 3.5	219	201		8.2	1921	1613	16.0	33.5	3.4			
3.5				8,645	7,260							
Mojave	236	217		8.1	1756	1534	12.6	36.3	3.8			
3.2												
Ventana	252	230	8.7	1910	1559	18.4	33.1	3.4	3.4			
Camarosa * Two yea y G/plt = t		ta for C				•	30.9	2.8 per pla	3.4			

Grams per plant x 4.5 = number of 12# crates/acre

Performance of new SD cultivars compared w/ Ventana, 2009-10 Yield performance to 6-8

	Yield p	erforn	n to 3/1					Fruit	
		Mkt	Cull		Mkt	Cull	size	app.	firm.
Item High elevation pl		g/plt ^z ot 9/28-10/	(%)	G/plt	g/plt	(%)	(g)	(1-5)	(1-5)
Benicia	954	801	16.0	1885	1484	21.3	32.2	3.0	3.5
Mojave	809	729	10.0	1743	1446	17.0	33.8	3.7	3.2
Ventana High elevation pl	1237 ants - dig/plar	904 at 10/15-10	26.9	2133	1530	28.3	29.4	2.8	3.2
Benicia	696	626		10.1	1841	1641	10.1	33.8	3.2
3.3									
Mojaweon pla	ants w <mark>560</mark> ave	es 502 dig	/plant 40/1	1-10 1555	1388	10.7	34.4	3.6	3.2
Ventana	751	595	20.1	2090	1699	18.7	32.5	29	3.3
y G/plt Mojave	= total gr 863	ams pe	r plant; gr åns /pl	^z Mkt g/pl lant = 45	t = marko 1 7755 0 crates/	etable grace acres	rams pe 41.7	er plant 3.5	3.3

Yield performance for new short day cultivars Benicia and Mojave compared with Camarosa & Ventana, 2010-11

HE plants - Dig/plant: 9-28/10-1					Yield performance to 6-8					
	Yield perform to 3/1						Fruit			
		Mkt	Cull		Mkt	Cull	size	app.		
firm. Item	G/plt ^y	g/plt²	(%)	G/plt	g/plt	(%)	(g)	(1-5)	(1-5)	
Benicia 3.5	261	220		16.0	1973	1484	24.8	31.3	3.1	
3.3				8,645	7,260					
Mojave	238	216	9.2	1892	1578	16.6	33.4	3.6	3.1	
Ventana	169	149	11.8	2200	1408	36.0	33.1	3.4	3.4	
Camarosa G/plt = to	182 otal gran	145	20.3 plant: ^z N	1897 ⁄lkt a/plt	1204 := mark	36.5 cetable	28.5 grams	2.3 per pla	3.3 nt	

Grams per plant x 4.5 = number of 12# crates/acre

Timeline for developing a UC cultivar

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2004: crosses
seed
plant seedlings (OS = original stock)
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- 2005: evaluate seedlings keep ~2-3% (200-300 seedlings) clonally propagate runners (original stock)
- 05-06: 1st clonal fruiting trial (LE)
 evaluate **original stock** using LE plants
 propagate **original stock** at LE via runners
- 06-07: 2nd clonal fruiting trial (LE)
 propagate **original stock** at LE & HE via runners
 grower trials w/**original stock** using HE plts
 UC trials w/**original stock** using LE and HE plants

- 07-08: 3rd clonal trail at LE & HE
 propagate **original stock** at LE & HE
 grower trials w/HE plts (**original stock**)
 UC trials w/ **original stock** of LE & HE plts
 produce **meristem plants** from best adv. selections
- 08-09: 4th clonal trial at LE & HE
 propagate original stock at LE/HE
 grower trials w/HE plants (original stock)
 UC trials w/original stock of LE & HE plants
 screenhouse plants propagated from meristem plts
- 09-10: 5th clonal trial at LE & HE
 propagate original stock at LE/HE
 grower trials w/HE plants (original stock)
 UC trials w/original stock LE & HE plants
 foundation plants propagated from screenhouse plts

10-11: 6th clonal trail at LE & HE
propagate original stock at LE & HE
grower trials w/HE plts (original stock)
UC trials w/original stock using LE & HE plts
LE propagation of registered plants

UC and grower trials conducted with original stock sequentially propagated for 6 years without meristemming

11-12: Certified plants of new cultivar available to growers
7th clonal trial at LE
propagate OS at LE/HE
grower and UC trials using certified plants
UC trials w/original stock at LE

We encourage growers to regularly visit UC strawberry research plots and grower cooperator plots on a regular basis to evaluate performance of advanced items

Field Days:

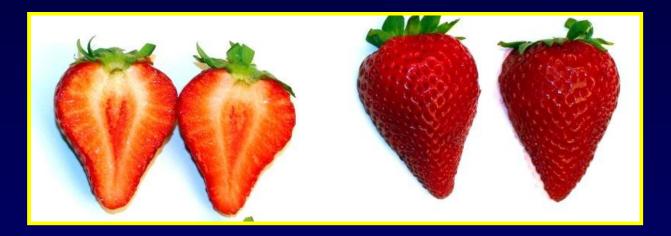
SCFS: last Tuesday in February

Santa Maria: 2nd or 3rd Thursday in April

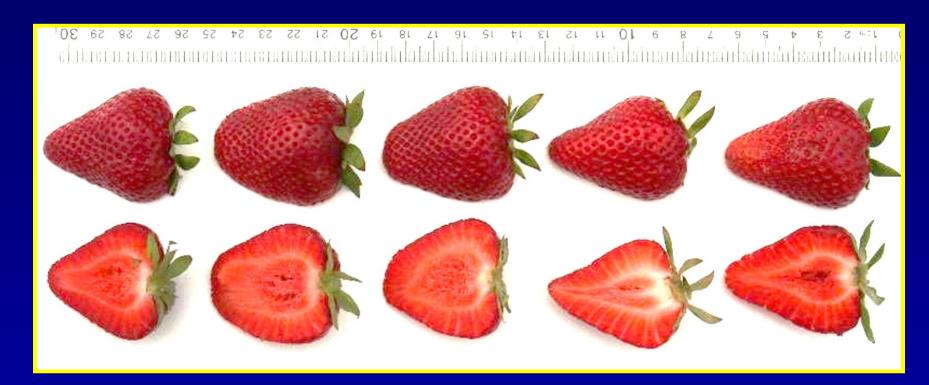
Watsonville: 1st Tuesday in May







Mojave Benicia.



Qualitative Performance Evaluations for Short-day Selections: So. Calif.

	Benicia compared with Ventana	Mojave compared with Ventana
Productivity	0	0
Production pattern	0	+
Fruit size	+	+
Firmness	+	0
Appearance	0	+
Flavor	+	+
Postharvest	+	0
Rain - weather tolerance	0	+
Disease tolerance	0	0
Mite tolerance	0	0
Harvest ease	+	+
Cull rate	+	+

Runners (numbers) performance that is better, equal, or inferior to that of Ventana

Advanced selections: resistance/tolerance to major pathogens

	Resistance score (5 = best)								
Genotype	Phytophthora	Verticillium	Colletotrichum						
Ventana	2.1	2.9	2.7						
Benicia	3.5	2.1	2.6						
Mojave	2.3	3.8	2.7						

Benicia in Southern California

Adapted to early planting

Similar production to Ventana with greater total yield and lower cull rate

Larger fruit than Ventana

Consistently excellent flavor

Vigorous plant w/ open structure - harvest efficiency

Cautions:

Fruit may darken in hot periods – harvest more often Verticillium

Mojave in Southern California

Adapted to very early planting
Earlier fruiting than Ventana with greater total yield
Larger fruit than Ventana with better flavor
Very low cull rate
Consistent fruit shape & color with bright red shine
Open plant structure - harvest efficiency

Cautions:

Not as firm as most UC cultivars

Phytophthora cactorum

Management strategies for early-planted San Andreas in S. Calif.

Plant before October 3, use clear or panda tarp Use plants w/ crown diameters \geq 0.8 cm (\sim 0.3") **Preplant slotted CR fertilizer** Use 13-14 inch in-row plant spacing Foliar feed when plants have 2-3 leaves Cut bloom if plants lack vigor, want 2-3 crowns before initial fruiting Fertilize weekly with 12N-5P-5K for 2-3 months

to build plant structure W/ heavy fruiting, use 4N-10P-10K to maximize

Developing strawberry cultivars with tolerance to pests and diseases

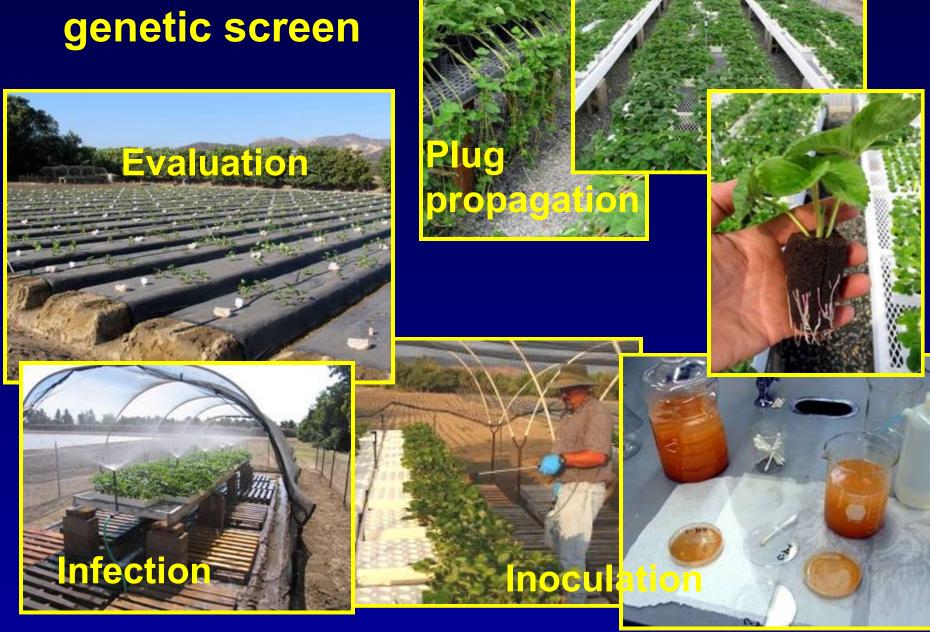
UCD: P. cactorum, V. dahliae, S. macularis, F. oxysporum, T. urticae

UC SCREC: C. acutatum, M. phaseolina

Assess tolerance/susceptibility of cultivars & advanced selections to important pests/pathogens

Identify sources of genetic resistance/tolerance, incorporate into breeding lines

C. acutatum



C. acutatum genetic screen

Evaluate ~50 cultivars & advanced selections annually







Macrophomina plant collapse in So. California an increasingly common problem



Results for 2009-10

- 5 of 44 advanced selections had survival rates of 65-85%
- None of the 10 cultivars had survival rates > 40%
- Monterey, Portola, S. Andreas and Ventana had highest survival rates (35-40%)





Results for 2010-11: Several advanced selections had zero mortality

Efficacy of 3 soil fumigation treatments for control of M. phaseolina in Irvine, 2011-12

Expt'l plot inoculated with MAC in 2 yrs (2010-11)

3 soil trts applied with TIF on Aug. 11, 2011:

MBPic 57:43 @ 350#/A

Pic Telone 60:40 @ 300#/A

Pic @ 300#/A

2 reps each of 5 beds for each soil treatment Plot to be planted with HE plants in October Plant mortality to be observed in June 2012

THANK YOU!

